

# **DS9208-1D** **DIGITAL SCANNER** **PRODUCT REFERENCE** **GUIDE**





# **DS9208-1D**

## **PRODUCT REFERENCE GUIDE**

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## Warranty

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## Revision History

Changes to the original guide are listed below:

Change	Date	Description
-01 Rev A	5/2012	Initial release
-02 Rev A	1/2014	Updated description/functionality for Illumination Always On, added Illumination Control Timer parameter, updated defaults for following parameters: Presentation Mode Field of View, Timeout Between Decodes, Same Symbol, USB Polling Interval, USB Fast HID, I 2 of 5 Lengths, GS1 Databar Limited
-03 Rev A	10/28/14	Zebra Rebranding
-03 Rev A	3/2015	Zebra Rebranding



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# ABOUT THIS GUIDE

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## Introduction

The *DS9208-1D Product Reference Guide* provides general instructions for setting up, operating, maintaining, and troubleshooting the DS9208-1D digital scanner.

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## Configurations

This guide includes the following DS9208-1D digital scanner configurations:

- DS9208-1D00004NNWW - DS9208-1D Digital Scanner, Standard Range, Black
- DS9208-1D00004CNWW - DS9208-1D Digital Scanner, Standard Range, Black, Checkpoint EAS
- DS9208-1D0000WNNWW - DS9208-1D Digital Scanner, Standard Range, White
- DS9208-1D0000WCNWW - DS9208-1D Digital Scanner, Standard Range, White, Checkpoint EAS

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## Chapter Descriptions

Topics covered in this guide are as follows:

- [Chapter 1, Getting Started](#) provides a product overview, unpacking instructions, cable connection, and mounting information.
- [Chapter 2, Data Capture](#) describes parts of the digital scanner, beeper and LED definitions, and how to use the scanner in hand-held and hands-free (presentation) modes.
- [Chapter 3, Maintenance & Technical Specifications](#) provides information on how to care for the digital scanner, troubleshooting, and technical specifications.
- [Chapter 4, User Preferences & Miscellaneous Options](#) describes features frequently used to customize how data transmits to the host device and programming bar codes for selecting user preference features for the digital scanner.
- [Chapter 5, USB Interface](#) describes how to set up the digital scanner with a USB host.
- [Chapter 6, RS-232 Interface](#) describes how to set up the digital scanner with an RS-232 host, such as point-of-sale devices, host computers, or other devices with an available RS-232 port.
- [Chapter 7, IBM 468X / 469X Interface](#) describes how to set up the digital scanner with IBM 468X/469X POS systems.
- [Chapter 8, Keyboard Wedge Interface](#) describes how to set up a Keyboard Wedge interface with the digital scanner.
- [Chapter 9, Symbologies](#) describes all symbology features and provides programming bar codes for selecting these features for the digital scanner.
- [Chapter 10, 123Scan2](#) describes this PC-based scanner configuration tool which enables rapid and easy customized setup of Symbol scanners.
- [Chapter 11, Advanced Data Formatting](#) briefly describes ADF, a means of customizing data before transmission to the host device, and includes a reference to the *ADF Programmer Guide*.
- [Appendix A, Standard Default Parameters](#) provides a table of all host devices and miscellaneous scanner defaults.
- [Appendix B, Programming Reference](#) provides a table of AIM code identifiers, ASCII character conversions, and keyboard maps.
- [Appendix C, Sample Bar Codes](#) includes sample bar codes of various code types.
- [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#) includes the numeric bar codes to scan for parameters requiring specific numeric values.
- [Appendix E, ASCII Character Sets](#) provides ASCII character value tables.

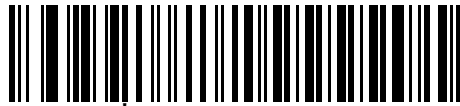


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## Notational Conventions

The following conventions are used in this document:

- *Italics* are used to highlight the following:
  - Chapters and sections in this and related documents
  - Dialog box, window and screen names
  - Drop-down list and list box names
  - Check box and radio button names
- **Bold** text is used to highlight the following:
  - Key names on a keypad
  - Button names on a screen.
- bullets (•) indicate:
  - Action items
  - Lists of alternatives
  - Lists of required steps that are not necessarily sequential
- Sequential lists (e.g., those that describe step-by-step procedures) appear as numbered lists.
- Throughout the programming bar code menus, asterisks (\*) are used to denote default parameter settings.



\* Indicates Default — \* Baud Rate 9600 — Feature/Option

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## Related Documents

- *DS9208 Quick Start Guide*, p/n 72-140088-xx - provides general information for getting started with the DS9208 digital scanner, and includes basic set up and operation instructions.
- *Advanced Data Formatting Programmer Guide*, p/n 72E-69680-xx - provides information on ADF, a means of customizing data before transmission to a host.

For the latest version of this guide and all Zebra guides, go to: <http://www.zebra.com/support>.

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## Service Information

If you have a problem using the equipment, contact your facility's technical or systems support. If there is a problem with the equipment, they will contact the Zebra Global Customer Support Center at: <http://www.zebra.com/support>.

When contacting Zebra support, please have the following information available:

- Serial number of the unit
- Model number or product name
- Software type and version number

Zebra responds to calls by e-mail, telephone or fax within the time limits set forth in service agreements.

If your problem cannot be solved by Zebra support, you may need to return your equipment for servicing and will be given specific directions. Zebra is not responsible for any damages incurred during shipment if the approved shipping container is not used. Shipping the units improperly can possibly void the warranty.

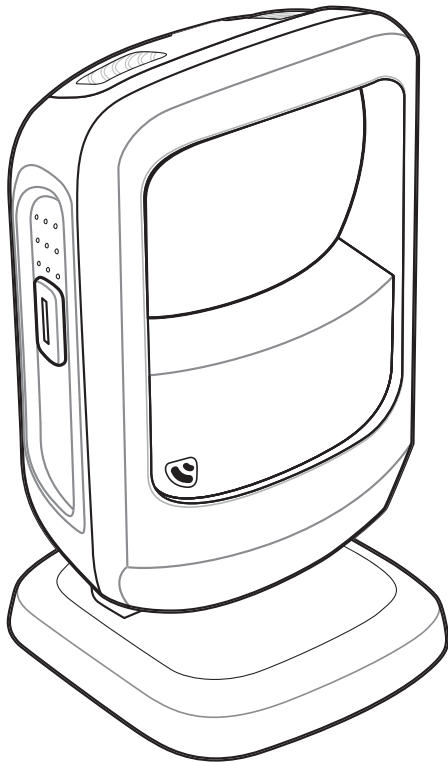
If you purchased your business product from a Zebra business partner, please contact that business partner for support.

# CHAPTER 1 GETTING STARTED

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## Introduction

The DS9208-1D combines superior 1D omnidirectional bar code scanning and advanced feature set in a compact design. The digital scanner's built-in stand seamlessly accommodates both counter-top and hand-held use. Whether in presentation or trigger mode, the digital scanner ensures comfort and ease of use for extended periods of time.



**Figure 1-1** *DS9208-1D Digital Scanner*

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## Interfaces

The DS9208-1D digital scanner supports:

- USB connection to a host. The digital scanner autodetects a USB host and defaults to the HID keyboard interface type. Select other USB interface types by scanning programming bar code menus. This interface supports the following international keyboards (for Windows® environment): North America, German, French, French Canadian, Spanish, Italian, Swedish, UK English, Portuguese-Brazilian, and Japanese.
- Standard RS-232 connection to a host. Scan bar code menus to set up communication of the digital scanner with the host.
- RS-485 connection to IBM 468X/469X hosts. Scan bar code menus to set up communication of the digital scanner with the IBM terminal.
- Keyboard Wedge connection to a host. The host interprets scanned data as keystrokes. Scan bar code menus to set up communication of the digital scanner with the host. This interface supports the following international keyboards (for Windows® environment): North America, German, French, French Canadian, French Belgian, Spanish, Italian, Swedish, UK English, Portuguese-Brazilian, and Japanese.

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## Unpacking

Remove the digital scanner from its packing and inspect it for damage. If the scanner was damaged in transit, contact Zebra Global Customer Support Center. See [page xvi](#) for contact information. **KEEP THE PACKING.** It is the approved shipping container; use this to return the equipment for servicing.

## Setting Up the Digital Scanner

### Installing the Interface Cable

1. Insert the interface cable modular connector into the interface cable port on the rear of the digital scanner until you hear a click. The green LED lights and low/medium/high beeps sound, indicating that the scanner is operational.

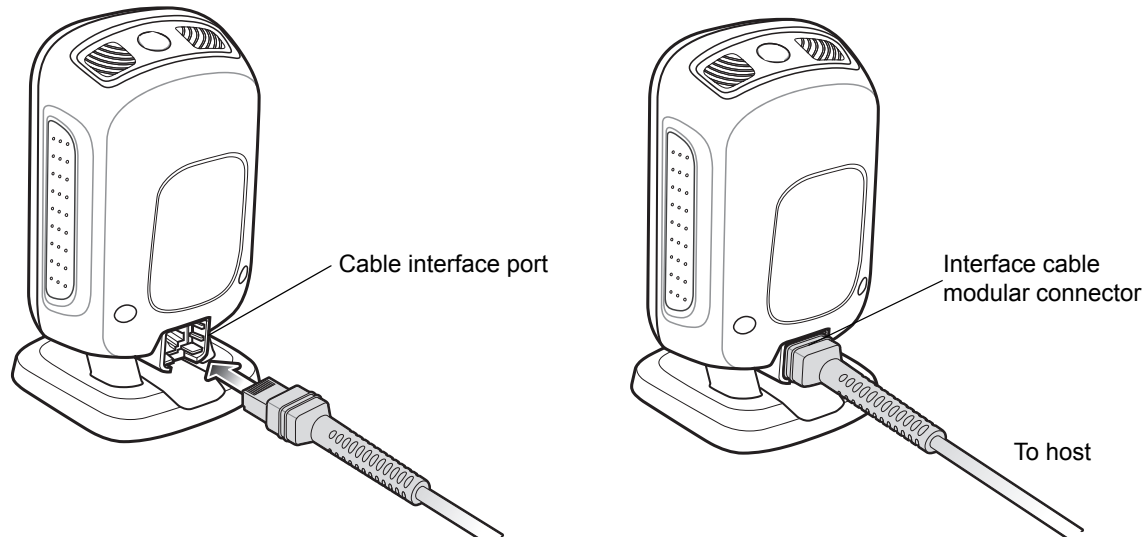


Figure 1-2 *Installing the Cable*

- ✓ **NOTE** Different hosts require different cables. The connectors illustrated in each host chapter are examples only. Connectors vary from those illustrated, but the steps to connect the digital scanner are the same.

2. Gently tug the cable to ensure the connector is secure.
3. Connect the other end of the interface cable to the host (see the specific host chapter for information on host connections).

### Removing the Interface Cable

1. Tilt the scanner fully forward.
2. Using the tip of a small screwdriver, depress the cable's modular connector clip and carefully slide out the cable.

### Connecting Power (if required)

If the host does not provide power to the digital scanner, connect an external power supply.

1. Plug the power supply into the power jack on the interface cable.
2. Plug the other end of the power supply into an AC outlet.

## Configuring the Digital Scanner

To configure the digital scanner use the bar codes included in this manual, or use the 123Scan<sup>2</sup> configuration program. See [Chapter 4, User Preferences & Miscellaneous Options](#) and [Chapter 9, Symbologies](#) for information about programming the digital scanner using bar code menus. See [Chapter 10, 123Scan2](#) for information on using this configuration program. Also see each host-specific chapter to set up connection to a specific host type.

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## Mounting the Digital Scanner

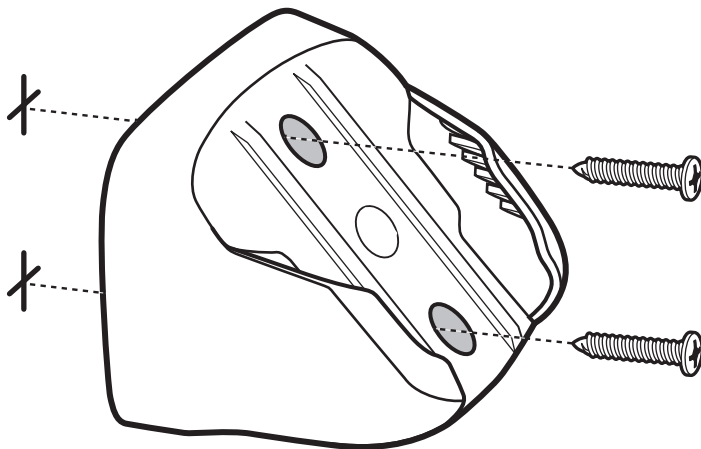
### Wall Mount Bracket

An optional wall mount bracket is available for mounting the scanner to a wall or other vertical surface. For a template that facilitates screw placement, see [Mounting Templates on page 1-8](#).

To mount the DS9208-1D:

1. Place the bracket in its desired location on the wall, and insert two #8 screws through each screw hole in the bracket.

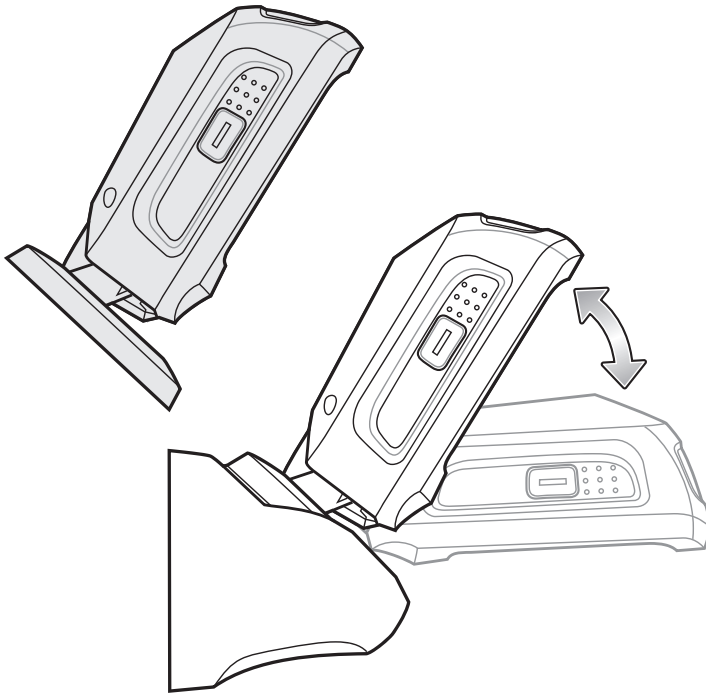
✓ **NOTE** Select a screw type and length appropriate for the wall material.



**Figure 1-3** *Installing the Wall Mount Bracket*

2. Tighten the screws to secure the bracket to the wall.

- Slide the base of the digital scanner into the bracket, oriented so the scan window faces down.



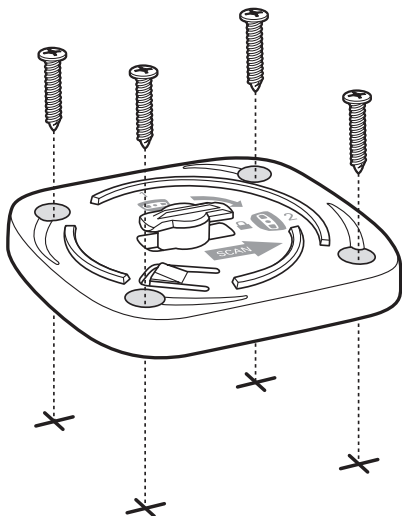
**Figure 1-4** Inserting the DS9208-1D into the Wall Mount Bracket

## Locking Mount Bracket

An optional locking mount bracket is available for "locking" the scanner into position on a horizontal (or vertical) surface. This option is recommended for applications where it is desirable to affix the scanner to a counter or desktop. For a template that facilitates screw placement, see [Mounting Templates on page 1-8](#).

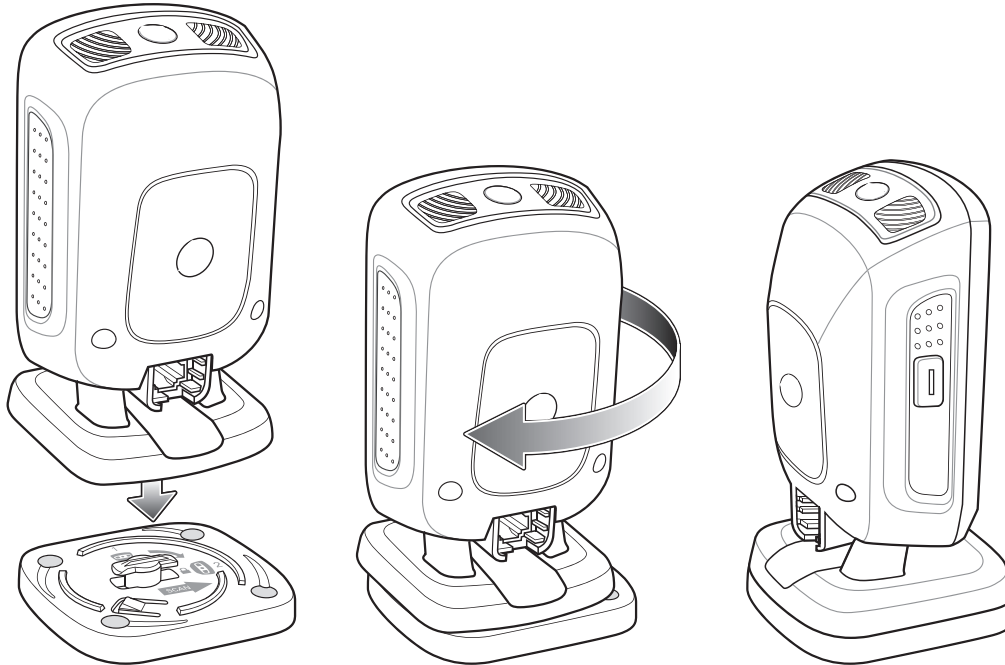
To mount the DS9208-1D:

- Place the bracket in its desired location on the counter or desktop. Make sure that the indicator on the bracket is consistent with the direction that the scanner will face. Insert four #8 screws through each screw hole in the bracket.



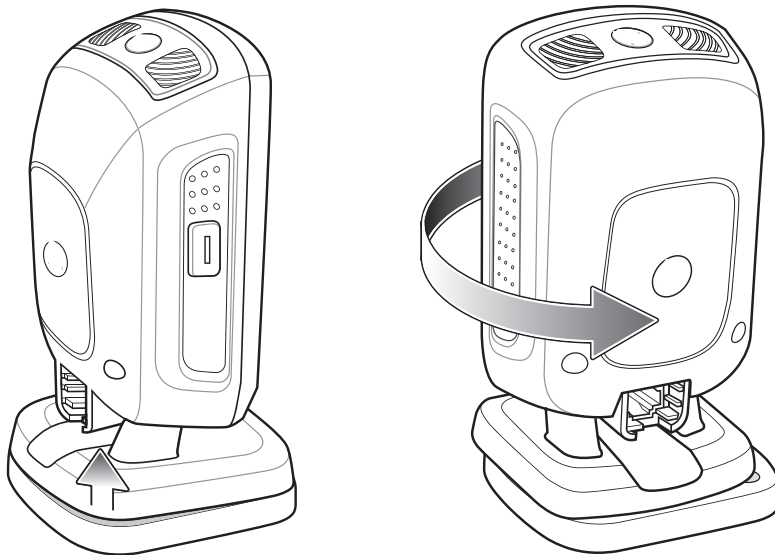
**Figure 1-5** Figure 1-4 Installing the Locking Mount Bracket

2. Tighten the screws to secure the bracket to the counter or desktop.
3. To insert the scanner into the Locking Mount Bracket, place the scanner onto the bracket and turn it 1/4 revolution clockwise until you hear a click and the scanner faces its final position.



**Figure 1-6** *Inserting the DS9208-1D into the Locking Mount Bracket*

4. To remove the scanner from the Locking Mount Bracket, lift the scanner, pull up slightly on the scanner with particular emphasis on the right rear corner (where the locking mechanism is) and turn counter-clockwise until the scanner is released.



**Figure 1-7** *Removing the DS9208-1D from the Locking Mount Bracket*



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## Accessories

### Required Accessories

The digital scanner ships with the *DS9208 Quick Start Guide*. Also order an interface cable for the appropriate interface, and a universal power supply if the interface requires this. For additional items, contact a local Zebra representative or business partner.

### Optional Accessories

Contact Zebra to purchase the following accessories for the DS9208-1D:

- Wall Mount Bracket (see [Wall Mount Bracket on page 1-4](#) for installation instructions)
- Locking Mount Bracket (see [Locking Mount Bracket on page 1-5](#) for installation instructions)

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## Electronic Article Surveillance (EAS) (Optional)

Because there are several Checkpoint EAS systems available, your local Checkpoint representative should connect the digital scanner to the Checkpoint EAS system and tune the system. To contact your local Checkpoint representative inside the U.S. call 800-257-5540, ext. 4300. Outside the U.S., call (609) 848-1800, ext. 4300.

## Mounting Templates

Use the following templates to facilitate the proper placement of brackets and screws.

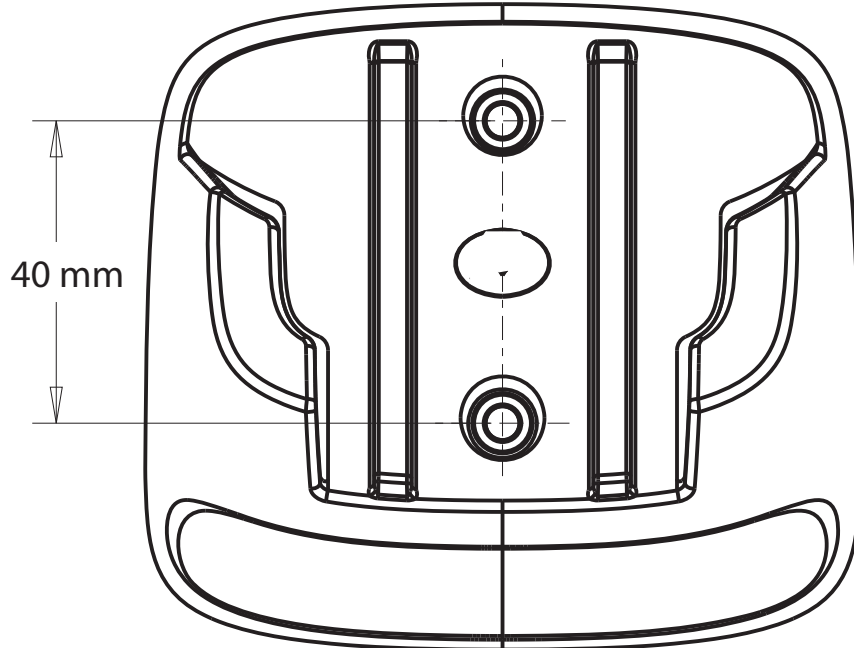


Figure 1-8 Wall Mount Bracket Template

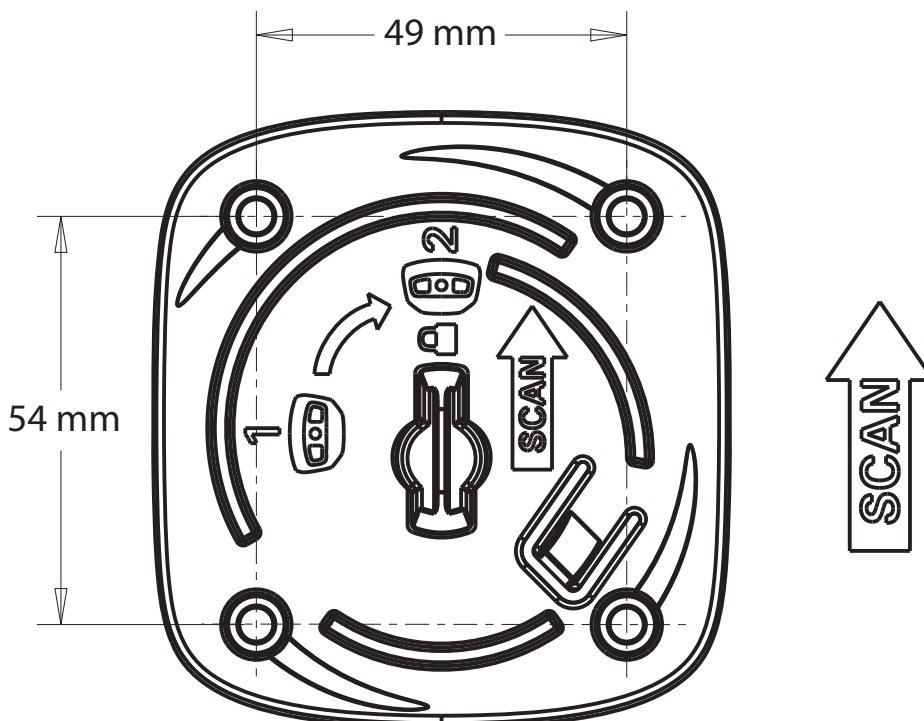


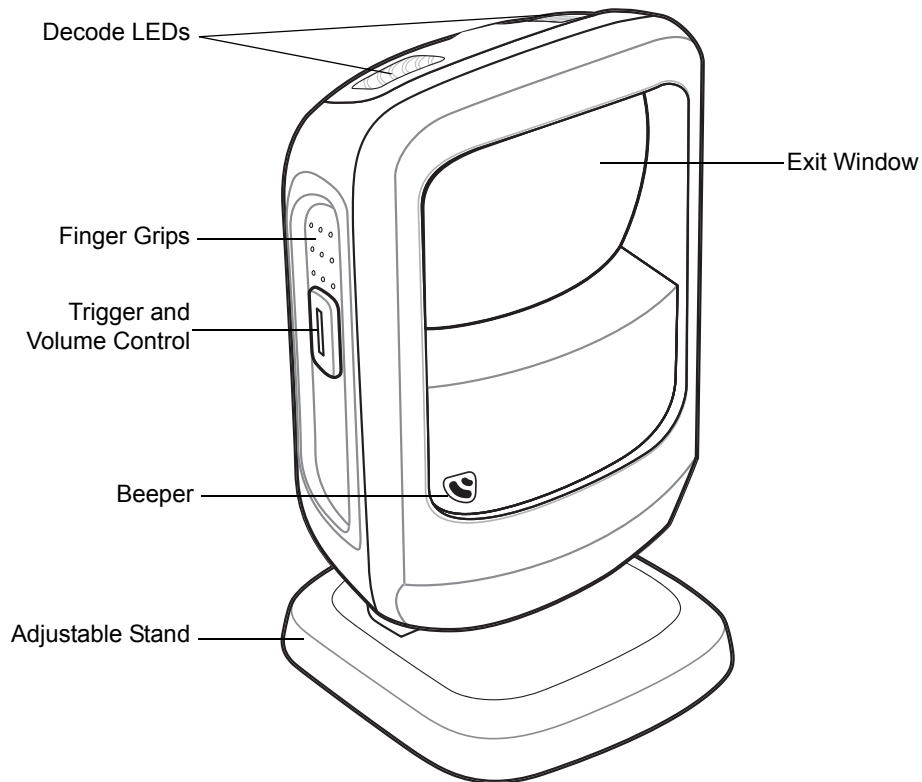
Figure 1-9 Locking Mount Bracket Template

# CHAPTER 2 DATA CAPTURE

---

## Introduction

This chapter provides beeper and LED definitions, techniques involved in capturing bar codes, general instructions and tips about scanning, and decode range information.



**Figure 2-1** *Parts*

## Beeper Definitions

The digital scanner issues different beep sequences and patterns to indicate status. [Table 2-1](#) defines beep sequences that occur during both normal scanning and while programming the digital scanner.

**Table 2-1** *Beeper Definitions*

Beeper Sequence	Indication
<b>Standard Use</b>	
Low/medium/high beeps	Power up.
Short beep (tone programmable)	A bar code symbol was decoded (if decode beeper is enabled).
4 low beeps	Transmission error.
5 low beeps	Conversion or format error.
Low/low/low/extra low beeps	RS-232 receive error.
High beep	The digital scanner detected a <BEL> character over RS-232.
<b>Parameter Menu Scanning</b>	
High/low beeps	Input error; incorrect bar code, programming sequence, or <b>Cancel</b> scanned.
Low/low beeps	Keyboard parameter selected. Enter value using numeric bar codes.
High/low/high/low beeps	Successful program exit with change in parameter setting.
<b>ADF Programming</b>	
High/low beeps	Enter another digit. Add leading zeros to the front if necessary.
Low/low beeps	Enter another alphabetic character or scan the End of Message bar code.
High/high beeps	ADF criteria or action is expected. Enter another criterion or action, or scan the Save Rule bar code.
High/low/high/low beeps	Rule saved. Rule entry mode exited.
High/low/low beeps	All criteria or actions cleared for current rule, continue entering rule.
Low beep	Delete last saved rule. The current rule is left intact.
Low/high/high beeps	All rules are deleted.
Low/high/low/high beeps	Out of rule memory. Erase some existing rules, then try to save rule again.
Low/high/low beeps	Cancel rule entry. Rule entry mode exited because of an error or the user asked to exit rule entry.
Low/high beeps	Entry error, wrong bar code scanned, or criteria/action list is too long for a rule. Re-enter criterion or action.

**Table 2-1** *Beeper Definitions (Continued)*

<b>Beeper Sequence</b>	<b>Indication</b>
<b>Code 39 Buffering</b>	
High/low beeps	New Code 39 data was entered into the buffer.
3 long high beeps	Code 39 buffer is full.
High/low/high beeps	The Code 39 buffer was erased.
Low/high/low beeps	The Code 39 buffer was erased or there was an attempt to clear or transmit an empty buffer.
Low/high beeps	A successful transmission of buffered data.
<b>Host Specific</b>	
<b>USB only</b>	
Low/medium/high beeps upon scanning a USB device type	Communication with the host must be established before the digital scanner can operate at the highest power level.
Low/medium/high beeps occur more than once	The USB host can put the digital scanner in a state where power to the scanner is cycled on and off more than once. This is normal and usually happens when the PC cold boots.
<b>RS-232 only</b>	
1 short high beep	A <BEL> character is received and Beep on <BEL> is enabled.

## Selecting Beeper Volume using Trigger

The digital scanner emits a short beep when it successfully reads a bar code. To change the volume of the beep either scan the appropriate bar code in [Beeper Volume on page 4-7](#), or use the trigger as follows:

1. Press and hold the trigger for an extended period of time (5 seconds by default - see [Volume Adjustment Trigger Timeout on page 4-8](#) to change this). The digital scanner cycles through three settings (High, Medium, Low) emitting a 2-beep tone at each setting.
2. To select a particular setting, release the trigger after you hear the desired 2-beep tone.

## LED Definitions

In addition to beep sequences, the digital scanner uses a two-color LED to indicate status. [Table 2-2](#) defines LED colors that display during scanning.

**Table 2-2** Standard LED Definitions

LED	Indication
<b>Presentation Mode</b>	
Green	The scanner is on and ready to scan.
Momentarily Off	A bar code was successfully decoded.
Red	Transmission error, conversion or format error, or RS-232 receive error.
Off	No power is applied to the digital scanner, or the scanner is in low power mode.
<b>Trigger Mode</b>	
Green	A bar code was successfully decoded.
Red	Transmission error, conversion or format error, or RS-232 receive error.
Off	No power is applied to the digital scanner, or the scanner is on and ready to scan.
<b>Parameter Programming</b>	
Green	Number expected. Enter value using numeric bar codes. Successful program exit with change in parameter setting.
Red	Input error: incorrect bar code, programming sequence, or Cancel scanned.
<b>ADF Programming</b>	
Green	Enter another digit. Add leading zeros to the front if necessary. Enter another alphabetic character or scan the <b>End of Message</b> bar code. All criteria or actions cleared for current rule, continue entering rule. Delete last saved rule. The current rule is left intact. All rules deleted.
Blinking Green	Enter another criterion or action, or scan the <b>Save Rule</b> bar code.
Green after Blinking	Rule saved. Rule entry mode exited. Cancel rule entry. Rule entry mode exited because of an error or the user asked to exit rule entry.

**Table 2-2** Standard LED Definitions

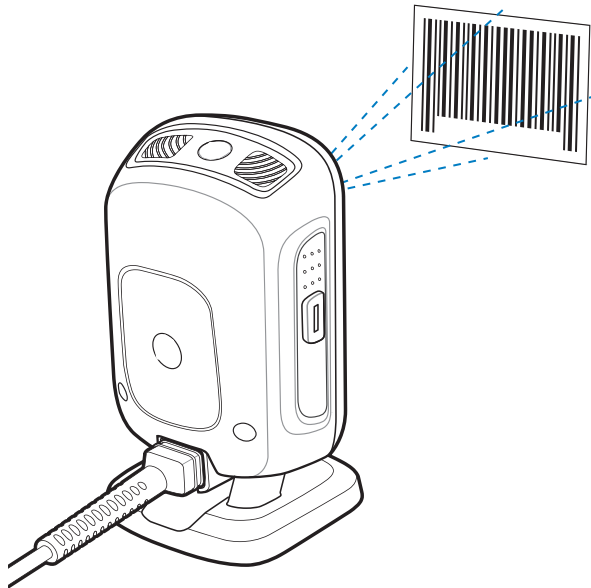
LED	Indication
Red	Out of rule memory. Erase some existing rules, then try to save rule again. Entry error, wrong bar code scanned, or criteria/action list is too long for a rule. Re-enter criterion or action.
<b>Firmware update</b>	
Red, alternating between solid and fast blinking	Firmware download is completing. Wait for this indicator to complete before using the scanner. This indicator is followed by a low/medium/high power up beep.

## Scanning

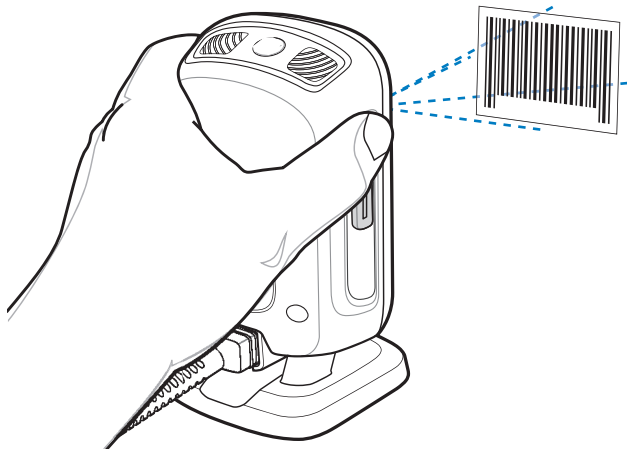
The DS9208 has an integrated, adjustable stand to easily accommodate both presentation and triggered scanning.

### Presentation Mode Scanning

For standard operation, the digital scanner is in presentation mode and automatically decodes bar codes that are presented in its field of view.

**Figure 2-2** Scanning in Presentation Mode, Hands-Free

To scan in hand-held presentation mode, pick up the digital scanner. It remains in presentation mode and decodes bar codes that are in its field of view.

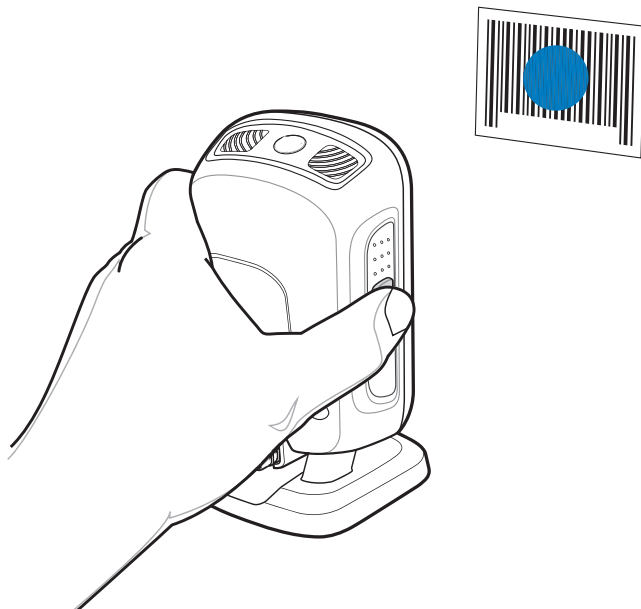


**Figure 2-3** Scanning in Presentation Mode, Hand-Held

## Momentary Trigger Mode Scanning

To operate the digital scanner in trigger mode:

1. Pick up the digital scanner. Press and release the trigger. The aiming dot displays.



**Figure 2-4** Scanning in Momentary Trigger Mode

2. Ensure the aiming dot is centered on the bar code. See [Aiming in Momentary Trigger Mode](#).
3. Press and hold the trigger until either:
  - a. The digital scanner reads the bar code. The digital scanner beeps and the “good decode” LEDs flash.
  - b. The digital scanner does not read the bar code and illumination turns off.
4. Release the trigger. The aiming dot reappears. To read another bar code, repeat steps 2 and 3.



After a programmable time period (see [Momentary Trigger Mode Timeout on page 4-16](#)), the aiming dot turns off and the digital scanner returns to presentation mode, ready to read bar codes without use of the trigger. For beeper definitions, see [Table 2-1](#).

### Aiming in Momentary Trigger Mode

When scanning, the digital scanner projects a red aiming dot which allows positioning the bar code within its field of view. See [Decode Ranges on page 2-8](#) for the proper distance to achieve between the digital scanner and a symbol.



**Figure 2-5** Imager Aiming Dot

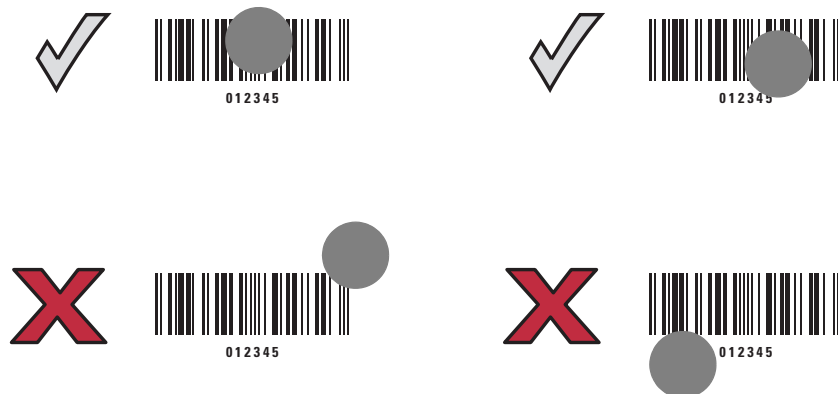
If necessary, the digital scanner turns on its red LEDs to illuminate the target symbol.

To scan a symbol, center the aiming dot on the symbol, in any orientation.



**Figure 2-6** Scanning Orientation with Imager Aiming Dot

The digital scanner can also decode with the aiming dot on a symbol but not centered. The top examples in [Figure 2-7](#) show acceptable aiming options, while the bottom examples may not be decoded.



**Figure 2-7** Acceptable and Incorrect Aiming

The aiming dot is smaller when the digital scanner is closer to the symbol and larger when it is farther from the symbol. Scan symbols with smaller bars or elements (mil size) closer to the digital scanner, and those with larger bars or elements (mil size) farther from the digital scanner.

The digital scanner beeps to indicate that it successfully decoded the symbol. For more information on beeper and LED definitions, see [Table 2-1](#) and [Table 2-2](#).

## Decode Ranges

**Table 2-3** Decode Ranges

Symbol Density	Bar Code Type	Typical Working Ranges	
		Near	Far
5.0 mil	Code 39	0 in / 0 cm	4.5 in / 11.4 cm
10 mil	80% UPCEAN	0 in / 0 cm	8.5 in / 21.6 cm
13 mil	100% UPC	0 in / 0 cm	10.5 in / 26.7 cm

## Integrated Electronic Article Surveillance (EAS)

### Deactivation Antenna for Checkpoint EAS Systems

The digital scanner's optional EAS deactivation feature includes an integrated RF antenna which, when attached to a Checkpoint EAS deactivation system, supports deactivation of EAS security labels while scanning a product at the Point-of-Sale. This allows removing the merchandise from the store without activating the security alarm.



**NOTE** Contact your local Checkpoint representative to help connect the EAS deactivation system to insure proper operation.

### EAS Deactivation Range

There are several adjustments that can be made on the Checkpoint Deactivation System side. Contact Checkpoint Systems, Inc. for details.

### DS9208 Host Interface Cables and EAS

The digital scanner requires a special EAS scanner cable to connect to the Checkpoint EAS deactivation system. These cables are available for a variety of hosts types (e.g., USB, RS-232, RS-485).

### Checkpoint Contact Information

Checkpoint Headquarters (New Jersey): 800-257-5540.

Outside the United States: +1-856-848-1800.

# CHAPTER 3 MAINTENANCE & TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

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## Introduction

This chapter provides suggested digital scanner maintenance, troubleshooting, technical specifications, and signal descriptions (pinouts).

---

## Maintenance

Cleaning the scan window is the only maintenance required. A dirty window can affect scanning accuracy.

- Do not allow abrasive material to touch the window.
- Remove any dirt particles with a damp cloth.
- Wipe the window using a dust-free soft cloth moistened with isopropyl alcohol-based cleaner. Do not let liquid pool around the window or any other area on the scanner.
- Do not spray water or other cleaning liquids directly into the window.

## Troubleshooting

**Table 3-1** *Troubleshooting*

Problem	Possible Causes	Possible Solutions
The aiming dot does not appear when pressing the trigger.	No power to the digital scanner.	If the configuration requires a power supply, re-connect the power supply.
	Incorrect host interface cable is used.	Connect the correct host interface cable.
	Interface/power cables are loose.	Re-connect cables.
	Digital scanner is disabled.	For IBM 468x and USB IBM hand-held, IBM table top, and OPOS modes, enable the digital scanner via the host interface. Otherwise, see the technical person in charge of scanning.
	If using RS-232 Nixdorf B mode, CTS is not asserted.	Assert CTS line.
	Aiming dot is disabled.	Enable the aiming dot. See <a href="#">Trigger Aiming Pattern on page 4-14</a> .
Digital scanner emits short low/short medium/short high beep sequence (power-up beep sequence) more than once.	The USB bus may put the digital scanner in a state where power to the scanner is cycled on and off more than once.	Normal during host reset.
Digital scanner emits aiming dot, but does not decode the bar code.	Digital scanner is not programmed for that bar code type.	Program the digital scanner to read that type of bar code. See <a href="#">Chapter 9, Symbologies</a> .
	Bar code symbol is unreadable.	Scan test symbols of the same bar code type to determine if the bar code is defaced.
	The aiming dot is not centered on the symbol.	Center the aiming dot on the symbol. See <a href="#">Aiming in Momentary Trigger Mode on page 2-7</a> .
	Picklist mode is preventing the digital scanner from decoding all bar codes in the field of view.	Disable Picklist mode. See <a href="#">Picklist Mode on page 4-23</a> .

**Table 3-1** Troubleshooting (Continued)

Problem	Possible Causes	Possible Solutions
Digital scanner decodes bar code, but does not transmit the data to the host.	Digital scanner is not programmed for the correct host type.	Scan the appropriate host type programming bar code. See the chapter corresponding to the host type.
	Interface cable is loose.	Re-connect the cable.
	If the digital scanner emits 4 long low beeps, a transmission error occurred.	Set the scanner's communication parameters to match the host's setting.
	If the digital scanner emits 5 low beeps, a conversion or format error occurred.	Configure the digital scanner's conversion parameters properly.
	If the digital scanner emits low/high/low beeps, it detected an invalid ADF rule.	Program the correct ADF rules. Refer to the <i>Advanced Data Formatting Programmer Guide</i> .
	If the digital scanner emits high/low beeps, the scanner is buffering Code 39 data.	Normal scanning a Code 39 bar code and the Code 39 Buffering option is enabled.
Host displays scanned data incorrectly.	Digital scanner is not programmed to work with the host.	Scan the appropriate host type programming bar code.
		For RS-232, set the digital scanner's communication parameters to match the host's settings.
		For a Keyboard Wedge configuration, program the system for the correct keyboard type, and turn off the CAPS LOCK key.
		Program the proper editing options (e.g., UPC-E to UPC-A Conversion).
Digital scanner emits low/low/low/extra low beeps when not in use.	RS-232 receive error.	Normal during host reset. Otherwise, set the digital scanner's RS-232 parity to match the host setting.
Digital scanner emits low/high beeps during programming.	Input error or <b>Cancel</b> bar code was scanned.	Scan the correct numeric bar codes within range for the parameter programmed.
Digital scanner emits low/high/low/high beeps during programming.	Out of ADF parameter storage space.	Erase all rules and re-program with shorter rules.

**Table 3-1** *Troubleshooting (Continued)*

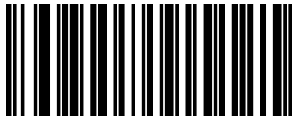
Problem	Possible Causes	Possible Solutions
Digital scanner emits low/high/low beeps.	Clearing Code 39 buffer.	Normal when scanning the Code 39 Buffering <b>Clear Buffer</b> bar code or upon attempt to transmit an empty Code 39 buffer.
Digital scanner emits a power-up beep after changing USB host type.	The USB bus re-established power to the digital scanner.	Normal when changing USB host type.
Digital scanner emits one high beep when not in use.	In RS-232 mode, a <BEL> character was received and Beep on <BEL> option is enabled.	Normal when <b>Beep on &lt;BEL&gt;</b> is enabled and the digital scanner is in RS-232 mode.



**NOTE** If after performing these checks the digital scanner still experiences problems, contact the distributor or Zebra support. See [page xvi](#) for contact information.

## Report Software Version Bar Code

When contacting Zebra support, a support representative may ask you to scan the bar code below to determine the version of software installed in the digital scanner.



Report Software Version

## Technical Specifications

**Table 3-2** *Technical Specifications*

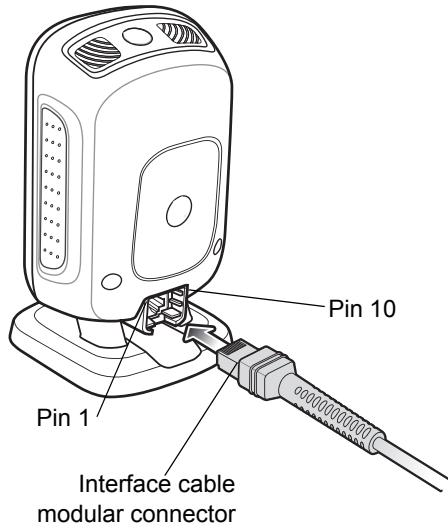
Item	Description
<b>Physical Characteristics</b>	
Dimensions	5.512 in H x 3.232 in W x 3.150 in D 14.0 cm H x 8.21 cm W x 8.0 cm D
Weight	9.5 oz (269.3 g)
Voltage and Current	Idle: 5 +/-10% VDC @ 150 ma average Scanning: 5 +/-10% VDC @ 230 ma average
<b>Performance Characteristics</b>	
Light Source	Aiming dot: 625 nm LED Illumination: 630 nm LEDs
Imager Field of View (Horizontal x Vertical)	46° H x 29.5° V
Roll	360°
Pitch	+/- 65°
Yaw	+/- 60°
Swipe Speed	Up to 90 in (2.3 m) per second
<b>Symbology Decode Capability</b>	
1D	UPC/EAN (UPC-A/UPC-E/UPC-E1/EAN-8/EAN-13/JAN-8/JAN-13 plus supplementals, ISBN (Bookland), ISSN, Coupon Code), Code 39 (Standard, Full ASCII, Trioptic, Code 32 (Italian Pharmacode)), Code 128 (Standard, Full ASCII, UCC/EAN-128, ISBT-128 Concatenated), Code 93, Codabar/NW7, 2 of 5 (Interleaved 2 of 5, Discrete 2 of 5, IATA, Chinese 2 of 5, Matrix 2 of 5, Code 11), MSI Plessey, GS1 DataBar (Omnidirectional, Truncated, Stacked, Stacked Omnidirectional, Limited, Expanded, Expanded Stacked)
Minimum Resolution	Code 39 – 4 mil, UPC – 7.8 mil (60%)
Typical Working Distance	See <a href="#">Decode Ranges on page 2-8</a> .
<b>Interfaces Supported</b>	USB, RS-232, RS-485 (IBM 46xx protocols), keyboard wedge
<b>User Environment</b>	
Operating Temperature	32° F to 104° F (0° C to 40° C)
Humidity	5% to 85% RH, non-condensing
Drop Specifications	Withstands multiple 5 ft. (1.5 m) drops to concrete
Sealing	IP50

**Table 3-2** *Technical Specifications (Continued)*

Item	Description
Ambient Light Immunity	Immune to natural and artificial ambient light (i.e., sunlight, incandescent, fluorescent, mercury vapor, sodium vapor)
<b>Options</b>	
Electronic Article Surveillance (EAS)	Compatible with Checkpoint EAS deactivation systems
Mounting Options	Wall mount bracket, locking mount bracket



## Digital Scanner Signal Descriptions



**Figure 3-1** Digital Scanner Cable Pinouts

The signal descriptions in [Table 3-3](#) apply to the connectors on the DS9208 digital scanner and are for reference only.

**Table 3-3** DS9208 Digital Scanner Signal Pin-outs

Pin	IBM	RS-232	Keyboard Wedge	USB
1	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Jump to Pin 6
2	Power	Power	Power	Power
3	Ground	Ground	Ground	Ground
4	IBM_A(+)	TxD	KeyClock	Reserved
5	Reserved	RxD	TermData	D +
6	IBM_B(-)	RTS	KeyData	Jump to Pin 1
7	Reserved	CTS	TermClock	D -
8	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
9	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
10	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved



# CHAPTER 4 USER PREFERENCES & MISCELLANEOUS OPTIONS

## Introduction

You can program the digital scanner to perform various functions, or activate different features. This chapter describes each user preference feature and provides programming bar codes for selecting these features.

The digital scanner ships with the settings shown in [Table 4-1 on page 4-2](#) (also see [Appendix A, Standard Default Parameters](#) for all host device and miscellaneous defaults). If the default values suit requirements, programming is not necessary.

To set feature values, scan a single bar code or a short bar code sequence. The settings are stored in non-volatile memory and are preserved even when the digital scanner is powered down.

✓ **NOTE** Most computer monitors allow scanning the bar codes directly on the screen (when using the imaging engine). When scanning from the screen, be sure to set the document magnification to a level where you can see the bar code clearly, and bars and/or spaces are not merging.

If not using a USB cable, select a host type (see each host chapter for specific host information) after the power-up beeps sound. This is only necessary upon the first power-up when connected to a new host.

To return all features to default values, scan the [Set Default Parameter on page 4-4](#). Throughout the programming bar code menus, asterisks indicate (\*) default values.



\* Indicates Default — \*High Volume — Feature/Option  
(00h) — Option Hex Value

## Scanning Sequence Examples

In most cases, scanning one bar code sets the parameter value. For example, to set the beeper tone to high, scan the **High Frequency** (beeper tone) bar code listed under *Beeper Tone on page 4-6*. The digital scanner issues a fast warble beep and the LED turns green, signifying a successful parameter entry.

Other parameters, such as **Serial Response Timeout** or **Data Transmission Formats**, require scanning several bar codes. See these parameter descriptions for this procedure.

## Errors While Scanning

Unless otherwise specified, to correct an error during a scanning sequence, just re-scan the correct parameter.

## User Preferences/Miscellaneous Options Parameter Defaults

*Table 4-1* lists defaults for user preferences parameters. To change the default values, scan the appropriate bar codes in this guide. These new values replace the standard default values in memory. To recall the default parameter values, scan the *Set Default Parameter on page 4-4*.

✓ **NOTE** See *Appendix A, Standard Default Parameters* for all user preferences, hosts, symbologies, and miscellaneous default parameters.

**Table 4-1** User Preferences Parameter Defaults

Parameter	Parameter Number	Default	Page Number
<b>User Preferences</b>			
Set Default Parameter		Set Defaults	<a href="#">4-4</a>
Parameter Bar Code Scanning	ECh	Enable	<a href="#">4-5</a>
Beep After Good Decode	38h	Enable	<a href="#">4-5</a>
Beeper Tone	91h	Medium	<a href="#">4-6</a>
Beeper Volume	8Ch	High	<a href="#">4-7</a>
Volume Adjustment Trigger Timeout	F0h 93h	5.0 Sec	<a href="#">4-8</a>
Beeper Duration	F1h 74h	Medium	<a href="#">4-9</a>
Suppress Power-up Beeps	F1h D1h	Do not suppress	<a href="#">4-9</a>
Low Power Mode	80h	Disable	<a href="#">4-10</a>
Time Delay to Low Power Mode	92h	1 Hour	<a href="#">4-11</a>
Trigger Mode	8Ah	Presentation	<a href="#">4-13</a>
Trigger Aiming Pattern	F0h 32h	Enable	<a href="#">4-14</a>
Presentation Aiming Pattern	F1h 4Eh	Disable	<a href="#">4-15</a>
Momentary Trigger Mode Timeout	EDh	5 sec	<a href="#">4-16</a>
Motion Detect Range	F2h 3Bh	Full	<a href="#">4-17</a>

**Table 4-1** *User Preferences Parameter Defaults (Continued)*

Parameter	Parameter Number	Default	Page Number
Decoding Illumination (Hand-Held Mode Only)	F0h, 2Ah	Enable	<a href="#">4-18</a>
Post Decode Illumination	F2h 29h	Always Off	<a href="#">4-18</a>
Illumination Always On (Presentation Mode Only)	F2h 59h	Illumination Automatically Controlled	<a href="#">4-19</a>
Illumination Control Timer (Dim Mode)	F1h 97h	1 minute	<a href="#">4-20</a>
Presentation Mode Field of View	F1h 61h	Small	<a href="#">4-22</a>
Picklist Mode	F0h 92h	Enabled in Trigger Mode	<a href="#">4-23</a>
Continuous Bar Code Read	F1h 89h	Disable	<a href="#">4-24</a>
Unique Bar Code Reporting	F1h D31h	Disable	<a href="#">4-24</a>
Decode Session Timeout	88h	9.9 Sec	<a href="#">4-25</a>
Timeout Between Decodes, Same Symbol	89h	0.4 Sec	<a href="#">4-25</a>
Timeout Between Decodes, Different Symbols	90h	0.2 Sec	<a href="#">4-26</a>
Fuzzy 1D Processing	F1h 02h	Enable	<a href="#">4-26</a>
Motion Tolerance (Hand-Held Trigger Modes Only)	F2h 5Ah	Less Motion Tolerance	<a href="#">4-27</a>
<b>Miscellaneous Options</b>			
Transmit Code ID Character	2Dh	None	<a href="#">4-28</a>
Prefix Value	63h, 69h	7013 <CR><LF>	<a href="#">4-29</a>
Suffix 1 Value Suffix 2 Value	62h 68h 64h 6Ah	7013 <CR><LF>	<a href="#">4-29</a>
Scan Data Transmission Format	EBh	Data as is	<a href="#">4-30</a>
FN1 Substitution Values	67h 6Dh	Set	<a href="#">4-31</a>
Transmit "No Read" Message	5Eh	Disable	<a href="#">4-32</a>

---

## User Preferences

### Set Default Parameter

You can reset the digital scanner to two types of defaults: factory defaults or custom defaults. Scan the appropriate bar code below to reset the digital scanner to its default settings and/or set its current settings as custom defaults.

- **Set Defaults** - Scan this bar code to reset all default parameters as follows.
  - If you previously set custom defaults by scanning **Write to Custom Defaults**, scan **Set Defaults** to retrieve and restore the digital scanner's custom default settings.
  - If you did not set custom defaults, scan **Set Defaults** to restore the factory default values listed in [Table A-1](#).
- **Set Factory Defaults** - Scan this bar code to restore the factory default values listed in [Table A-1](#). This deletes any custom defaults set.
- **Write to Custom Defaults** - Scan this bar code to set the current digital scanner settings as custom defaults. Once set, you can recover custom default settings by scanning **Set Defaults**.



**\*Set Defaults**



**Set Factory Defaults**



**Write to Custom Defaults**

## Parameter Bar Code Scanning

### Parameter # ECh

To disable the decoding of parameter bar codes, including the **Set Defaults** parameter bar codes, scan the **Disable Parameter Scanning** bar code below. To enable decoding of parameter bar codes, scan **Enable Parameter Scanning**.



\*Enable Parameter Bar Code Scanning  
(01h)



Disable Parameter Bar Code Scanning  
(00h)

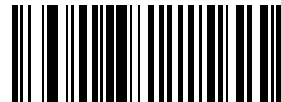
## Beep After Good Decode

### Parameter # 38h

Scan a bar code below to select whether or not the digital scanner beeps after a good decode. If selecting **Do Not Beep After Good Decode**, the beeper still operates during parameter menu scanning and to indicate error conditions.



\*Beep After Good Decode  
(Enable)  
(01h)

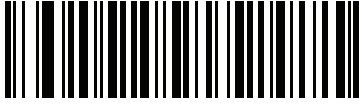


Do Not Beep After Good Decode  
(Disable)  
(00h)

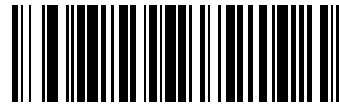
## Beeper Tone

### Parameter # 91h

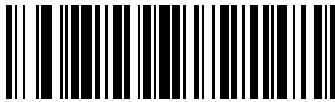
To select a decode beep frequency (tone), scan one of the following bar codes.



Off  
(03h)



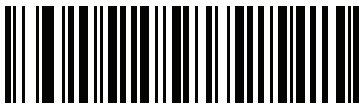
Low Tone  
(02h)



\*Medium Tone  
(01h)



High Tone  
(00h)



Medium to High Tone (2-tone)  
(04h)



## Beeper Volume

### Parameter # 8Ch

To select a beeper volume, scan the **Low Volume**, **Medium Volume**, or **High Volume** bar code.



**Low Volume**  
(02h)



**Medium Volume**  
(01h)

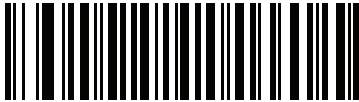


**\*High Volume**  
(00h)

## Volume Adjustment Trigger Timeout

### Parameter # F0h 93h

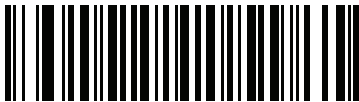
Use this parameter to set the length of time needed to hold the trigger to adjust the volume. The scanner changes volume and beeps with the new volume.



Volume Adjustment Trigger Timeout 3 sec  
(1Eh)



\*Volume Adjustment Trigger Timeout 5 sec  
(32h)



Volume Adjustment Trigger Timeout 7 sec  
(46h)

## Beeper Duration

### Parameter # F1h 74h

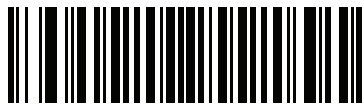
To select the duration for the beeper, scan one of the following bar codes.



Short  
(00h)



\* Medium  
(01h)



Long  
(02h)

## Suppress Power-up Beeps

### Parameter # F1h D1h

Select whether or not to suppress the digital scanner's power-up beeps.



\* Do Not Suppress Power-up Beeps  
(00h)



Suppress Power-up Beeps  
(01h)

## Low Power Mode

### Parameter # 80h

This parameter determines whether or not the digital scanner enters low power mode after a decode attempt. If disabled, power remains on after each decode attempt.



**\*Disable Low Power Mode  
(00h)**



**Enable Low Power Mode  
(01h)**

## Time Delay to Low Power Mode

### Parameter # 92h

✓ **NOTE** This parameter only applies when Low Power Mode is enabled.

This parameter sets the time the digital scanner remains active before entering low power mode. The digital scanner wakes upon trigger pull or when the host attempts to communicate with the digital scanner.



**1 Second**  
(11h)



**10 Seconds**  
(1Ah)



**1 Minute**  
(21h)

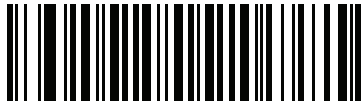


**5 Minutes**  
(25h)

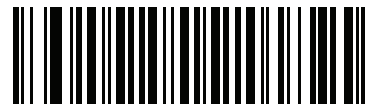


**15 Minutes**  
(2Bh)

### Time Delay to Low Power Mode (continued)



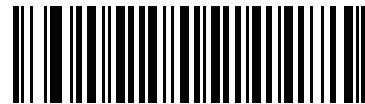
**30 Minutes  
(2Dh)**



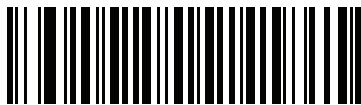
**45 Minutes  
(2Eh)**



**\*1 Hour  
(31h)**



**3 Hours  
(33h)**



**6 Hours  
(36h)**



**9 Hours  
(39h)**

## Trigger Mode

### Parameter # 8Ah

Select one of the following trigger modes for the digital scanner:

- **Standard (Level)** - A trigger pull activates decode processing. Decode processing continues until the bar code decodes, you release the trigger, or the Decode Session Timeout occurs.
- **Presentation** - The digital scanner activates decode processing when it detects a bar code in its field of view. After a period of non-use, the digital scanner enters a low power mode, in which the LEDs turn off until the digital scanner senses motion.
- **Auto Aim** - This trigger mode turns on the LED aiming dot when you lift the digital scanner. A trigger pull activates decode processing. After 2 seconds of inactivity the aiming dot shuts off.



**Standard (Level)**  
(00h)



**\*Presentation**  
(07h)



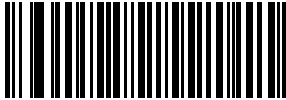
**Auto Aim**  
(09h)

## Trigger Aiming Pattern

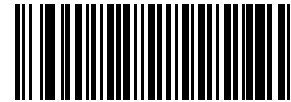
### Parameter # F0h, 32h

Select **Enable Trigger Aiming Pattern** to project the aiming pattern during bar code capture in trigger mode, or **Disable Trigger Aiming Pattern** to turn the aiming pattern off.

✓ **NOTE** With *Picklist Mode on page 4-23* enabled, the decode aiming pattern flashes even when the **Decode Aiming Pattern** is disabled.



\*Enable Trigger Aiming Pattern  
(02h)



Disable Trigger Aiming Pattern  
(00h)



## Presentation Aiming Pattern

### Parameter # F1h, 4Eh

Select **Enable Presentation Aiming Pattern** to project the aiming pattern during bar code capture in presentation mode or **Disable Presentation Aiming Pattern** to turn the aiming pattern off.

✓ **NOTE** With *Picklist Mode on page 4-23* enabled, the decode aiming pattern flashes even when the **Decode Aiming Pattern** is disabled.



Enable Presentation Aiming Pattern  
(01h)



\*Disable Presentation Aiming Pattern  
(00h)

## Momentary Trigger Mode Timeout

### Parameter # EDh

In momentary trigger mode, the aiming dot appears upon pressing the trigger. Once in this mode, upon each trigger press the scanner attempts to decode the bar code in front of it. After a period of inactivity while the trigger is not pressed, the scanner reverts to presentation mode where there is no illumination until an item is presented.

This parameter controls the length of the period of inactivity in momentary trigger mode before the scanner reverts to presentation mode.



**Momentary Trigger Mode Timeout - 2 Seconds**  
(14h)



**Momentary Trigger Mode Timeout - 3 Seconds**  
(1Eh)



**Momentary Trigger Mode Timeout - 4 Seconds**  
(28h)



**\*Momentary Trigger Mode Timeout - 5 Seconds**  
(32h)

## Motion Detect Range

### Parameter # F2h 3Bh

This parameter controls the distance, or range, at which the scanner detects object motion and then triggers while in Presentation Mode.



\*Full Range  
(01h)



Medium Range  
(03h)



Short Range  
(08h)

## Decoding Illumination (Hand-Held Mode Only)

### Parameter # F0h, 2Ah

When in hand-held mode, selecting **Enable Decoding Illumination** causes the digital scanner to flash illumination to aid decoding. Select **Disable Decoding Illumination** to prevent the digital scanner from using decoding illumination.

Enabling illumination usually results in superior images. The effectiveness of the illumination decreases as the distance to the target increases.



\*Enable Decoding Illumination  
(01h)

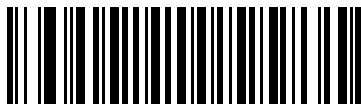


Disable Decoding Illumination  
(00h)

## Post Decode Illumination

### Parameter # F2h 29h

This parameter controls illumination after decode. Select **Always Off** to turn off illumination immediately after decode. Select **Always On** to keep illumination on after decode so the scanner is ready for next decode, or to keep illumination on until timeout.



Always On  
(00h)



\*Always Off  
(01h)

## Illumination Always On (Presentation Mode Only)

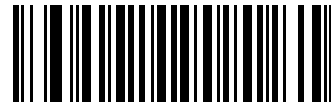
### Parameter # F2h 59h

Select **Illumination Always On** to keep the illumination LEDs on all the time. In this mode, the scanner bypasses IR detection and aggressively decodes the bar code presented in its field of view.

✓ **NOTE** If you select **Illumination Always On** and the **Post Decode Illumination** is disabled, **Illumination Always On** takes precedence.



\*Illumination Automatically Controlled  
(00h)



Illumination Always On  
(01h)

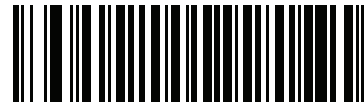
## Illumination Control Timer (Dim Mode)

### Parameter # F1h 97h

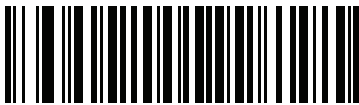
When *Illumination Always On (Presentation Mode Only)* is enabled, this parameter sets the time the scanner remains active before lowering illumination to dim mode until the next bar code is presented.



**Disable  
(00h)**



**1 Second  
(01h)**



**10 Seconds  
(0Ah)**



**\*1 Minute  
(11h)**



**5 Minutes  
(15h)**



**15 Minutes  
(1Bh)**

**Illumination Control (continued)**



**30 Minutes  
(1Dh)**



**45 Minutes  
(1Eh)**



**1 Hour  
(21h)**



**3 Hours  
(23h)**



**6 Hours  
(26h)**



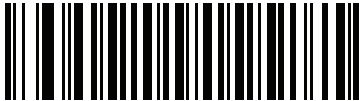
**9 Hours  
(29h)**

## Presentation Mode Field of View

### Parameter # F1h 61h

In presentation mode, by default the digital scanner searches the larger area of the aiming pattern (**Full Field of View**).

To search for a bar code in a smaller region around the aiming pattern's center cross in order to speed search time, select **Small Field of View** or **Medium Field of View**.



**\*Small Field of View  
(00h)**



**Medium Field of View  
(01h)**



**Full Field of View  
(02h)**



## Picklist Mode

### Parameter # F0h 92h

Picklist mode enables the digital scanner to decode only the bar code targeted by the aiming dot. Select one of the following picklist modes for the digital scanner:

- **Disabled** - Picklist mode is always disabled.
- **Enabled in Trigger Mode** - Picklist mode is enabled when the digital scanner is out of trigger mode and disabled when the digital scanner is in presentation mode.
- **Enabled Always** - Picklist mode is always enabled.

✓ **NOTE** Picklist mode functions optimally when bar codes are vertically spaced a minimum of 15 mm edge to edge.



**Disabled**  
**(00h)**



**\*Enabled in Trigger Mode**  
**(01h)**



**Enabled Always**  
**(02h)**

## Continuous Bar Code Read

### Parameter # F1h 89h

Enable this to report every bar code while the trigger is pressed.

- ✓ **NOTE** Zebra strongly recommends enabling *Picklist Mode* with this feature. Disabling Picklist Mode can cause accidental decodes when more than one bar code is in the imaging engine's field of view.



\*Disable Continuous Bar Code Read  
(00h)



Enable Continuous Bar Code Read  
(01h)

## Unique Bar Code Reporting

### Parameter # F1h D3h

Enable this to report only unique bar codes while the trigger is pressed. This option only applies when **Continuous Bar Code Read** is enabled.



\*Disable Continuous Bar Code Read Uniqueness  
(00h)



Enable Continuous Bar Code Read Uniqueness  
(01h)

## Decode Session Timeout

### Parameter # 88h

This parameter sets the maximum time decode processing continues during a scan attempt. It is programmable in 0.1 second increments from 0.5 to 9.9 seconds. The default timeout is 9.9 seconds.

To set a Decode Session Timeout, scan the bar code below. Next, scan two numeric bar codes from [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#) that correspond to the desired on time. Enter a leading zero for single digit numbers. For example, to set a Decode Session Timeout of 0.5 seconds, scan the bar code below, then scan the **0** and **5** bar codes. To correct an error or change the selection, scan **Cancel** on [page D-2](#).

- ✓ **NOTE** The Decode Session Timeout **cannot** be less than or equal to either [Timeout Between Decodes, Same Symbol](#) or [Timeout Between Decodes, Different Symbols](#).



Decode Session Timeout

## Timeout Between Decodes, Same Symbol

### Parameter # 89h

Use this option in presentation mode and Continuous Bar Code Read to prevent the beeper from continuously beeping when a symbol is left in the digital scanner's field of view. It is programmable in 0.1 second increments from 0.0 to 9.9 seconds. The default interval is 0.4 seconds.

To select the timeout between decodes for the same symbol, scan the bar code below, then scan two numeric bar codes from [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#) that correspond to the desired interval, in 0.1 second increments.

- ✓ **NOTE** The Timeout between Decodes, Same Symbol **cannot** be greater than or equal to the [Decode Session Timeout](#).



Timeout Between Decodes, Same Symbol

## Timeout Between Decodes, Different Symbols

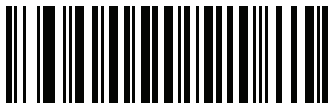
### Parameter # 90h

Use this option in presentation mode and Continuous Bar Code Read to control the time the scanner is inactive between decoding different symbols. It is programmable in 0.1 second increments from 0.1 to 9.9 seconds. The default is 0.2 seconds.

To select the timeout between decodes for different symbols, scan the bar code below, then scan two numeric bar codes from [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#) that correspond to the desired interval, in 0.1 second increments.



**NOTE** The Timeout between Decodes, Different Symbols **cannot** be greater than or equal to the [Decode Session Timeout](#).



Timeout Between Decodes, Different Symbols

## Fuzzy 1D Processing

### Parameter # F1h 02h

This option is enabled by default to optimize decode performance on 1D bar codes, including damaged and poor quality symbols. Disable this only if you experience time delays when detecting a no decode.



\*Enable Fuzzy 1D Processing  
(01h)



Disable Fuzzy 1D Processing  
(00h)

## Motion Tolerance (Hand-Held Trigger Modes Only)

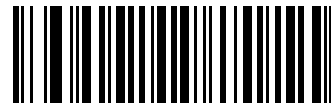
### Parameter # F2h 5Ah

**Less Motion Tolerance** provides optimal decoding performance on 1D bar codes.

To increase motion tolerance and speed decoding when scanning a series of 1D bar codes in rapid progression, scan **More Motion Tolerance**.



**\*Less Motion Tolerance  
(00h)**



**More Motion Tolerance  
(01h)**

---

## Miscellaneous Scanner Parameters

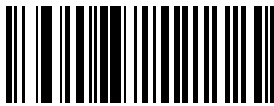
### Transmit Code ID Character

#### Parameter # 2Dh

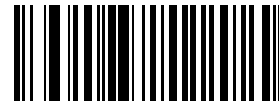
A Code ID character identifies the code type of a scanned bar code. This is useful when decoding more than one code type. In addition to any single character prefix already selected, the Code ID character is inserted between the prefix and the decoded symbol.

Select no Code ID character, a Symbol Code ID character, or an AIM Code ID character. For Code ID Characters, see [Symbol Code Identifiers on page B-1](#) and [AIM Code Identifiers on page B-2](#).

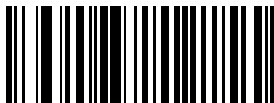
✓ **NOTE** If you enable Symbol Code ID Character or AIM Code ID Character, and enable [Transmit "No Read" Message on page 4-32](#), the digital scanner appends the code ID for Code 39 to the NR message.



Symbol Code ID Character  
(02h)



AIM Code ID Character  
(01h)



\*None  
(00h)

## Prefix/Suffix Values

**Key Category Parameter # P = 63h, S1 = 62h, S2 = 64h**

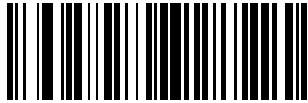
**Decimal Value Parameter # P = 69h, S1 = 68h, S2 = 6Ah**

You can append a prefix and/or one or two suffixes to scan data for use in data editing. To set a value for a prefix or suffix, scan a four-digit number (i.e., four bar codes from [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#)) that corresponds to that value. See [Table E-1 on page E-1](#) for the four-digit codes.

When using host commands to set the prefix or suffix, set the key category parameter to 1, then set the 3-digit decimal value. See [Table E-1 on page E-1](#) for the four-digit codes.

To correct an error or change a selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).

✓ **NOTE** To use Prefix/Suffix values, first set the [Scan Data Transmission Format on page 4-30](#).



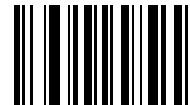
**Scan Prefix  
(07h)**



**Scan Suffix 1  
(06h)**



**Scan Suffix 2  
(08h)**



**Data Format Cancel**

## Scan Data Transmission Format

### Parameter # EBh

To set the scan data format, scan one of the following bar codes.

✓ **NOTE** If using this parameter do not use ADF rules to set the prefix/suffix.

To set values for the prefix and/or suffix, see [Prefix/Suffix Values on page 4-29](#).



\*Data As Is  
(00h)



<DATA> <SUFFIX 1>  
(01h)



<DATA> <SUFFIX 2>  
(02h)



<DATA> <SUFFIX 1> <SUFFIX 2>  
(03h)



<PREFIX> <DATA >  
(04h)



## Scan Data Transmission Format (continued)



<PREFIX> <DATA> <SUFFIX 1>  
(05h)



<PREFIX> <DATA> <SUFFIX 2>  
(06h)



<PREFIX> <DATA> <SUFFIX 1> <SUFFIX 2>  
(07h)

## FN1 Substitution Values

### Key Category Parameter # 67h

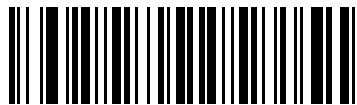
### Decimal Value Parameter # 6Dh

The wedge and USB HID keyboard hosts support a FN1 Substitution feature. Enabling this substitutes any FN1 character (0x1b) in an EAN128 bar code with a value. This value defaults to 7013 (Enter key).

When using host commands to set the FN1 substitution value, set the key category parameter to 1, then set the 3-digit keystroke value. See the ASCII character set table for the current host interface for the desired value.

To select a FN1 substitution value via bar code menus:

1. Scan the bar code below.



Set FN1 Substitution Value

2. Locate the keystroke desired for FN1 substitution in the ASCII character set table in the appropriate host interface chapter. Enter the 4-digit ASCII value by scanning each digit in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#).

To correct an error or change the selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).

See [USB Keyboard FN 1 Substitution on page 5-13](#) to enable FN1 substitution for the USB HID keyboard.

## Transmit “No Read” Message

### Parameter # 5Eh

Scan a bar code below to select whether or not to transmit a No Read message. Enable this to transmit the characters NR when a successful decode does not occur before trigger release or the **Decode Session Timeout** expires. See [Decode Session Timeout on page 4-25](#). Disable this to send nothing to the host if a symbol does not decode.



**NOTE** If you enable **Transmit No Read**, and also enable Symbol Code ID Character or AIM Code ID Character for [Transmit Code ID Character on page 4-28](#), the digital scanner appends the code ID for Code 39 to the NR message.



**Enable No Read  
(01h)**



**\*Disable No Read  
(00h)**

# CHAPTER 5 USB INTERFACE

---

## Introduction

This chapter describes how to set up the digital scanner with a USB host. The digital scanner connects directly to a USB host, or a powered USB hub, which powers it. No additional power supply is required.

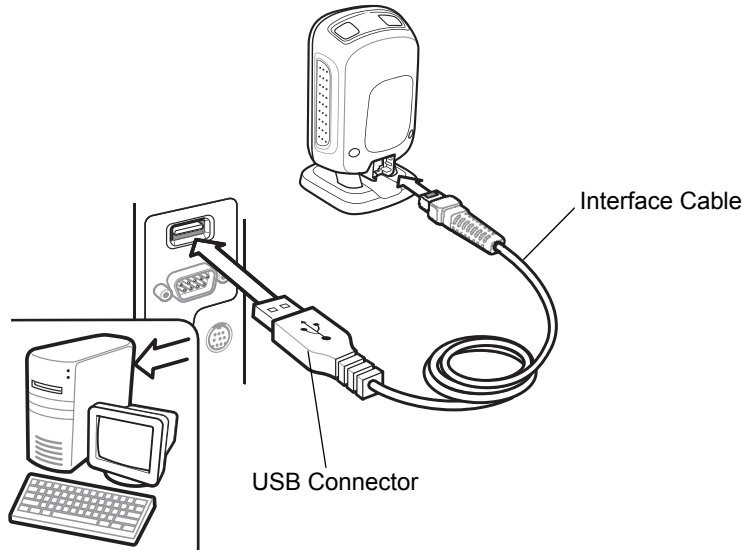
Throughout the programming bar code menus, asterisks (\*) indicate default values.



\*Indicates Default — \*North American Standard USB Keyboard — Feature/Option

- ✓ **NOTE** Most computer monitors allow scanning the bar codes directly on the screen. When scanning from the screen, be sure to set the document magnification to a level where you can see the bar code clearly, and bars and/or spaces are not merging.

## Connecting a USB Interface



**Figure 5-1** USB Connection

The digital scanner connects with USB-capable hosts including:

- Desktop PCs and notebooks
  - Apple™ iMac, G4, iBooks (North America only)
  - IBM SurePOS terminals
- Sun, IBM, and other network computers that support more than one keyboard.

The following operating systems support the digital scanner through USB:

- Windows® 98, 2000, ME, XP
- MacOS 8.5 and higher
- IBM 4690 OS.

The digital scanner also interfaces with other USB hosts which support USB Human Interface Devices (HID).

To set up the digital scanner:

- ✓ **NOTE** Interface cables vary depending on configuration. The connectors illustrated in [Figure 5-1](#) are examples only. The connectors may be different than those illustrated, but the steps to connect the digital scanner are the same.

For digital scanners with the optional RFID module, connection requires a power supply.

1. Connect the modular connector of the USB interface cable to the cable interface port on the digital scanner (see [Installing the Interface Cable on page 1-3](#)).
2. Plug the series A connector in the USB host or hub, or plug the Plus Power connector in an available port of the IBM SurePOS terminal.
3. Select the USB device type by scanning the appropriate bar code from [USB Device Type on page 5-4](#).

4. On first installation when using Windows, the software prompts to select or install the Human Interface Device driver. To install this driver, provided by Windows, click **Next** through all the choices and click **Finished** on the last choice. The digital scanner powers up during this installation.
5. To modify any other parameter options, scan the appropriate bar codes in this chapter.

If problems occur with the system, see [Troubleshooting on page 3-2](#).

## USB Parameter Defaults

[Table 5-1](#) lists the defaults for USB host parameters. To change any option, scan the appropriate bar code(s) provided in the Parameter Descriptions section beginning on page [5-4](#).

✓ **NOTE** See [Appendix A, Standard Default Parameters](#) for all user preferences, hosts, symbologies, and miscellaneous default parameters.

**Table 5-1** USB Interface Parameter Defaults

Parameter	Default	Page Number
<b>USB Host Parameters</b>		
USB Device Type	HID Keyboard Emulation	<a href="#">5-4</a>
Symbol Native API (SNAPI) Status Handshaking	Enable	<a href="#">5-5</a>
USB Country Keyboard Types (Country Codes)	North American	<a href="#">5-6</a>
USB Keystroke Delay	No Delay	<a href="#">5-8</a>
Simulated Caps Lock	Disable	<a href="#">5-9</a>
USB CAPS Lock Override	Disable	<a href="#">5-9</a>
USB Ignore Unknown Characters	Enable	<a href="#">5-10</a>
USB Convert Unknown to Code 39	Disable	<a href="#">5-10</a>
USB Ignore Beep Directive	Honor	<a href="#">5-11</a>
USB Ignore Type Directive	Honor	<a href="#">5-11</a>
Emulate Keypad	Disable	<a href="#">5-12</a>
Emulate Keypad with Leading Zero	Disable	<a href="#">5-12</a>
USB FN1 Substitution	Disable	<a href="#">5-13</a>
Function Key Mapping	Disable	<a href="#">5-13</a>
Convert Case	None	<a href="#">5-14</a>
USB Static CDC	Enable	<a href="#">5-14</a>
USB Polling Interval	3 msec	<a href="#">5-15</a>
Quick Keypad Emulation	Disable	<a href="#">5-17</a>
Fast HID Keyboard Emulation	Enable	<a href="#">5-17</a>
IBM Specification Version	Original Specification	<a href="#">5-18</a>

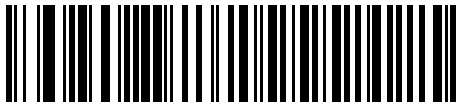
---

## USB Host Parameters

### USB Device Type

Select the desired USB device type.

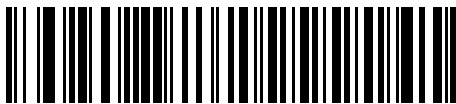
- ✓ **NOTE** When changing USB Device Types, the digital scanner automatically resets and issues the standard startup beep sequences.
  
- ✓ **NOTE** Before selecting **USB CDC Host**, install the CDC INF file on the host to ensure the scanner does not stall during power up (due to a failure to enumerate USB). If the scanner stalls, to recover it:
  - 1) Install the CDC INF file  
or
  - 2) After power-up, hold the trigger for 10 seconds, which allows the scanner to power up using an alternate USB configuration. Upon power-up, scan another **USB Device Type**.



\*HID Keyboard Emulation



IBM Table Top USB



IBM Hand-Held USB



USB OPOS Hand-Held

## USB Device Type (continued)



Simple COM Port Emulation



USB CDC Host



Symbol Native API (SNAPI)

## Symbol Native API (SNAPI) Status Handshaking

After selecting a SNAPI interface as the USB device type, select whether to enable or disable status handshaking.



\*Enable SNAPI Status Handshaking

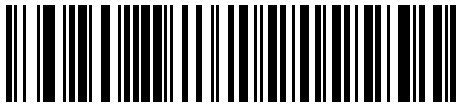


Disable SNAPI Status Handshaking

## USB Country Keyboard Types - Country Codes

Scan the bar code corresponding to the keyboard type. This setting applies only to the USB HID Keyboard Emulation device.

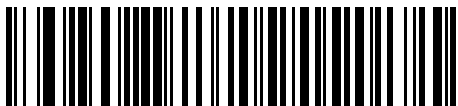
✓ **NOTE** When changing USB country keyboard types the digital scanner automatically resets and issues the standard startup beep sequences.



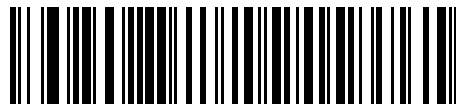
\*North American Standard USB Keyboard



German Windows



French Windows



French Canadian Windows 95/98



French Canadian Windows 2000/XP



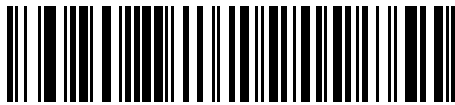
## USB Country Keyboard Types - Country Codes (continued)



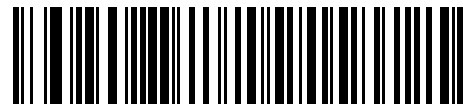
French Belgian Windows



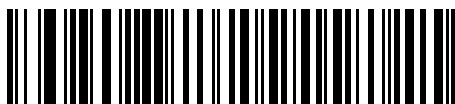
Spanish Windows



Italian Windows



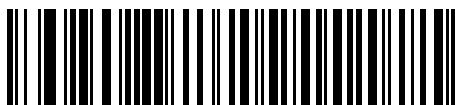
Swedish Windows



UK English Windows



Japanese Windows (ASCII)



Portuguese-Brazilian Windows

## USB Keystroke Delay

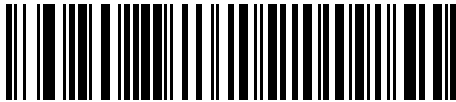
This parameter sets the delay, in milliseconds, between emulated keystrokes. Scan a bar code below to increase the delay when hosts require a slower transmission of data.



\*No Delay



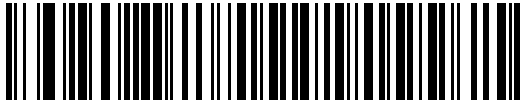
Medium Delay (20 msec)



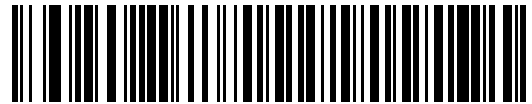
Long Delay (40 msec)

## Simulated Caps Lock

Enable this to invert upper and lower case characters on the bar code as if the Caps Lock state is enabled on the keyboard. This inversion occurs regardless of the keyboard's **Caps Lock** state. Note that this only applies to alpha characters.



\*Disable Simulated Caps Lock



Enable Simulated Caps Lock

## USB CAPS Lock Override

This option applies only to the HID Keyboard Emulation device. Enable this to preserve the case of the data regardless of the state of the **Caps Lock** key. This setting is always enabled for the Japanese, Windows (ASCII) keyboard type and can not be disabled.



Override Caps Lock Key  
(Enable)



\*Do Not Override Caps Lock Key  
(Disable)

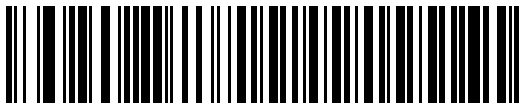


**NOTE** If both Simulated Caps Lock and Caps Lock Override are enabled, Caps Lock Override takes precedence.

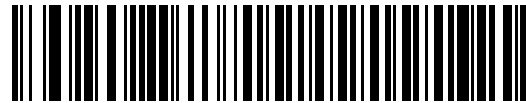
## USB Ignore Unknown Characters

This option applies only to the HID Keyboard Emulation device and IBM device. Unknown characters are characters the host does not recognize. Select **Send Bar Codes With Unknown Characters** to send all bar code data except for unknown characters. The digital scanner issues no error beeps.

Select **Do Not Send Bar Codes With Unknown Characters**, for IBM devices, to prevent sending bar codes containing at least one unknown character to the host, or for HID Keyboard Emulation devices, this sends the bar code characters up to the unknown character. The digital scanner issues an error beep.



**\*Send Bar Codes with Unknown Characters  
(Transmit)**



**Do Not Send Bar Codes with Unknown Characters  
(Disable)**

## USB Convert Unknown to Code 39

This option applies only to the IBM hand-held, IBM tabletop, and OPOS devices. Scan a bar code below to enable or disable converting unknown bar code type data to Code 39.



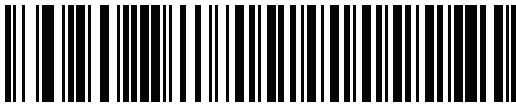
**\*Disable Convert Unknown to Code 39**



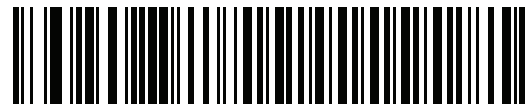
**Enable Convert Unknown to Code 39**

## USB Ignore Beep Directive

This applies only to IBM hand-held, IBM tabletop, and OPOS devices. Scan one of the following bar codes to honor or ignore a beep directive. All directives are still acknowledged as if they were processed.



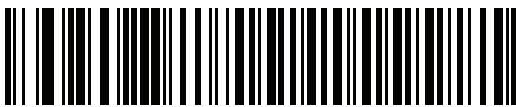
**\*Honor USB Beep Directive**



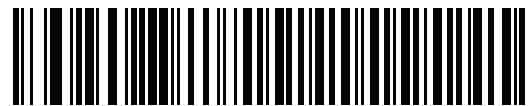
**Ignore USB Beep Directive**

## USB Ignore Type Directive

This applies only to IBM hand-held, IBM tabletop, and OPOS devices. Scan one of the following bar codes to honor or ignore a code type enable/disable directive. All directives are still acknowledged as if they were processed.



**\*Honor USB Ignore Type Directive**



**Ignore USB Ignore Type Directive**

## Emulate Keypad

Enable this to send all characters as ASCII sequences over the numeric keypad. For example ASCII A transmits as “ALT make” 0 6 5 “ALT Break”.



**\*Disable Keypad Emulation**



**Enable Keypad Emulation**

## Emulate Keypad with Leading Zero

Enable this to send character sequences sent over the numeric keypad as ISO characters which have a leading zero. For example ASCII A transmits as “ALT MAKE” 0 0 6 5 “ALT BREAK”.



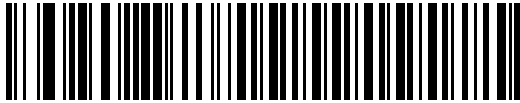
**\*Disable Keypad Emulation with Leading Zero**



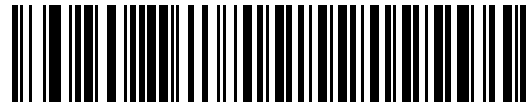
**Enable Keypad Emulation with Leading Zero**

## USB Keyboard FN 1 Substitution

This option applies only to the USB HID Keyboard Emulation device. Enable this to replace any FN 1 characters in an EAN 128 bar code with a user-selected Key Category and value (see [FN1 Substitution Values on page 4-31](#) to set the Key Category and Key Value).



Enable



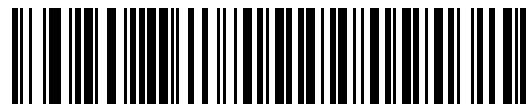
\*Disable

## Function Key Mapping

ASCII values under 32 are normally sent as a control-key sequences (see [Table 5-2 on page 5-19](#)). Enable this parameter to send the keys in bold in place of the standard key mapping. Table entries that do not have a bold entry remain the same whether or not you enable this parameter.



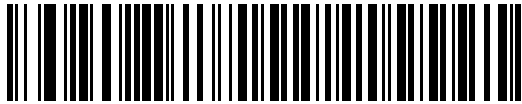
\*Disable Function Key Mapping



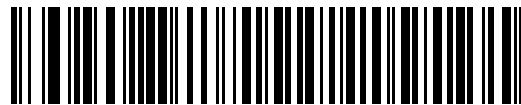
Enable Function Key Mapping

## Convert Case

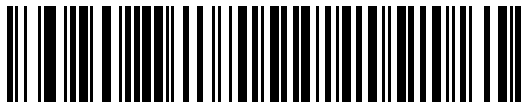
Enable this to convert all bar code data to the selected case.



**\*No Case Conversion**



**Convert All to Upper Case**



**Convert All to Lower Case**

## USB Static CDC

When disabled, each device connected consumes another COM port (first device = COM1, second device = COM2, third device = COM3, etc.)

When enabled, each device connects to the same COM port.



**\*Enable USB Static CDC**



**Disable USB Static CDC**



## USB Transmission Speed Parameters

Use the following parameters to speed USB data transmission:

- *USB Polling Interval* - When using more current USB systems, use this parameter to set a lower interval in order to increase data transmission speed.
- *Fast HID Keyboard* - When configured as a USB HID keyboard device, use this parameter to increase the data transmission speed of printable (7-bit) ASCII characters.
- *Quick Keypad Emulation* - When configured as a USB HID keyboard device, use this parameter to increase the data transmission speed of a mix of both printable (7-bit) and full (8-bit) ASCII characters.

✓ **NOTE** Enabling *Emulate Keypad on page 5-12* or *Quick Keypad Emulation on page 5-17* overrides *Fast HID Keyboard*.

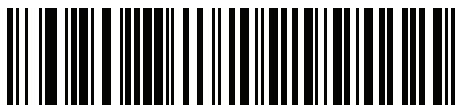
### USB Polling Interval

This option speeds data transmission for all USB devices except CDC. Scan a bar code below to set the polling interval. The polling interval determines the rate at which data can be sent between the scanner and the host computer. A lower number indicates a faster data rate. The default value is 3 msec.

Changing the polling interval re-initializes the scanner.



**CAUTION** Ensure the host can handle the selected data rate. Selecting a data rate that is too fast for the host can result in lost data.



1 msec



2 msec

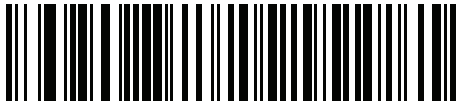
**USB Polling Interval (continued)**



**\*3 msec**



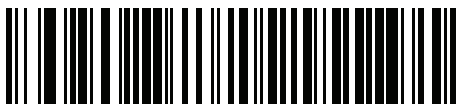
**4 msec**



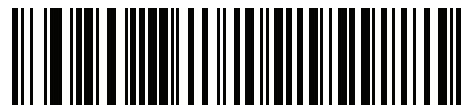
**5 msec**



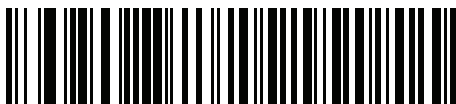
**6 msec**



**7 msec**



**8 msec**

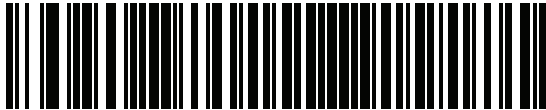


**9 msec**

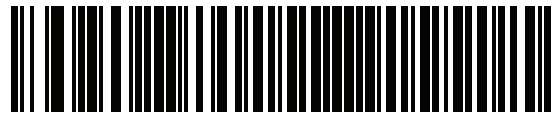
### Fast HID Keyboard

This option transmits USB HID keyboard data at a faster rate.

✓ **NOTE** Enabling [Emulate Keypad on page 5-12](#) or [Quick Keypad Emulation](#) overrides [Fast HID Keyboard](#).



\*Enable



Disable

### Quick Keypad Emulation

This option applies only to the HID keyboard emulation device when [Emulate Keypad on page 5-12](#) is enabled. This parameter enables a quicker method of emulation utilizing the numeric keypad. The default value is **Disable**.

✓ **NOTE** Enabling [Emulate Keypad on page 5-12](#) or [Quick Keypad Emulation](#) overrides [Fast HID Keyboard](#).



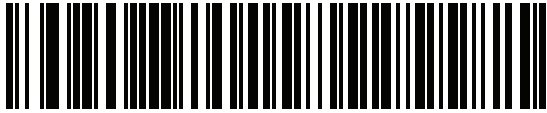
Enable



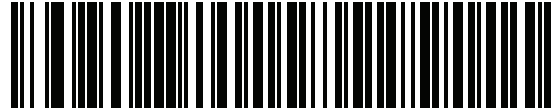
\*Disable

## IBM Specification Version

The IBM USB interface specification version selected defines how code types are reported over the IBM USB interface.



**\*Original Specification**



**Version 2.2**

## ASCII Character Set for USB

**Table 5-2** USB Prefix/Suffix Values

Prefix/ Suffix Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character	Keystroke
1000	%U	CTRL 2
1001	\$A	CTRL A
1002	\$B	CTRL B
1003	\$C	CTRL C
1004	\$D	CTRL D
1005	\$E	CTRL E
1006	\$F	CTRL F
1007	\$G	CTRL G
1008	\$H	CTRL H/ <b>BACKSPACE</b> <sup>1</sup>
1009	\$I	CTRL I/ <b>HORIZONTAL TAB</b> <sup>1</sup>
1010	\$J	CTRL J
1011	\$K	CTRL K
1012	\$L	CTRL L
1013	\$M	CTRL M/ <b>ENTER</b> <sup>1</sup>
1014	\$N	CTRL N
1015	\$O	CTRL O
1016	\$P	CTRL P
1017	\$Q	CTRL Q
1018	\$R	CTRL R
1019	\$S	CTRL S
1020	\$T	CTRL T
1021	\$U	CTRL U
1022	\$V	CTRL V
1023	\$W	CTRL W
1024	\$X	CTRL X
1025	\$Y	CTRL Y

<sup>1</sup>The keystroke in bold transmits only if you enable *Function Key Mapping* on page 5-13. Otherwise, the unbolded keystroke transmits.

**Table 5-2** USB Prefix/Suffix Values (Continued)

Prefix/ Suffix Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character	Keystroke
1026	\$Z	CTRL Z
1027	%A	CTRL [ <b>/ESC</b> <sup>1</sup>
1028	%B	CTRL \
1029	%C	CTRL ]
1030	%D	CTRL 6
1031	%E	CTRL -
1032	Space	Space
1033	/A	!
1034	/B	"
1035	/C	#
1036	/D	\$
1037	/E	%
1038	/F	&
1039	/G	'
1040	/H	(
1041	/I	)
1042	/J	*
1043	/K	+
1044	/L	,
1045	-	-
1046	.	.
1047	/O	/
1048	0	0
1049	1	1
1050	2	2
1051	3	3
1052	4	4
1053	5	5
1054	6	6

<sup>1</sup>The keystroke in bold transmits only if you enable *Function Key Mapping* on page 5-13. Otherwise, the unbolded keystroke transmits.

**Table 5-2** USB Prefix/Suffix Values (Continued)

Prefix/ Suffix Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character	Keystroke
1055	7	7
1056	8	8
1057	9	9
1058	/Z	:
1059	%F	;
1060	%G	<
1061	%H	=
1062	%I	>
1063	%J	?
1064	%V	@
1065	A	A
1066	B	B
1067	C	C
1068	D	D
1069	E	E
1070	F	F
1071	G	G
1072	H	H
1073	I	I
1074	J	J
1075	K	K
1076	L	L
1077	M	M
1078	N	N
1079	O	O
1080	P	P
1081	Q	Q
1082	R	R
1083	S	S

<sup>1</sup>The keystroke in bold transmits only if you enable *Function Key Mapping* on page 5-13. Otherwise, the unbolded keystroke transmits.

**Table 5-2** USB Prefix/Suffix Values (Continued)

Prefix/ Suffix Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character	Keystroke
1084	T	T
1085	U	U
1086	V	V
1087	W	W
1088	X	X
1089	Y	Y
1090	Z	Z
1091	%K	[
1092	%L	\
1093	%M	]
1094	%N	^
1095	%O	_
1096	%W	`
1097	+A	<b>a</b>
1098	+B	<b>b</b>
1099	+C	<b>c</b>
1100	+D	<b>d</b>
1101	+E	<b>e</b>
1102	+F	<b>f</b>
1103	+G	<b>g</b>
1104	+H	<b>h</b>
1105	+I	<b>i</b>
1106	+J	<b>j</b>
1107	+K	<b>k</b>
1108	+L	<b>l</b>
1109	+M	<b>m</b>
1110	+N	<b>n</b>
1111	+O	<b>o</b>
1112	+P	<b>p</b>

<sup>1</sup>The keystroke in bold transmits only if you enable *Function Key Mapping* on page 5-13. Otherwise, the unbolded keystroke transmits.



**Table 5-2** USB Prefix/Suffix Values (Continued)

Prefix/ Suffix Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character	Keystroke
1113	+Q	q
1114	+R	r
1115	+S	s
1116	+T	t
1117	+U	u
1118	+V	v
1119	+W	w
1120	+X	x
1121	+Y	y
1122	+Z	z
1123	%P	{
1124	%Q	
1125	%R	}
1126	%S	~

<sup>1</sup>The keystroke in bold transmits only if you enable *Function Key Mapping* on page 5-13. Otherwise, the unbolded keystroke transmits.

**Table 5-3** *USB ALT Key Character Set*

ALT Keys	Keystroke
2064	ALT 2
2065	ALT A
2066	ALT B
2067	ALT C
2068	ALT D
2069	ALT E
2070	ALT F
2071	ALT G
2072	ALT H
2073	ALT I
2074	ALT J
2075	ALT K
2076	ALT L
2077	ALT M
2078	ALT N
2079	ALT O
2080	ALT P
2081	ALT Q
2082	ALT R
2083	ALT S
2084	ALT T
2085	ALT U
2086	ALT V
2087	ALT W
2088	ALT X
2089	ALT Y
2090	ALT Z

**Table 5-4** *USB GUI Key Character Set*

GUI Key	Keystroke
3000	Right Control Key
3048	GUI 0
3049	GUI 1
3050	GUI 2
3051	GUI 3
3052	GUI 4
3053	GUI 5
3054	GUI 6
3055	GUI 7
3056	GUI 8
3057	GUI 9
3065	GUI A
3066	GUI B
3067	GUI C
3068	GUI D
3069	GUI E
3070	GUI F
3071	GUI G
3072	GUI H
3073	GUI I
3074	GUI J
3075	GUI K
3076	GUI L
3077	GUI M
3078	GUI N
3079	GUI O
3080	GUI P
3081	GUI Q

**Note: GUI Shift Keys - The Apple™ iMac keyboard has an apple key on either side of the space bar. Windows-based systems have a GUI key to the left of the left ALT key, and to the right of the right ALT key.**

**Table 5-4** *USB GUI Key Character Set (Continued)*

GUI Key	Keystroke
3082	GUI R
3083	GUI S
3084	GUI T
3085	GUI U
3086	GUI V
3087	GUI W
3088	GUI X
3089	GUI Y
3090	GUI Z

**Note: GUI Shift Keys - The Apple™ iMac keyboard has an apple key on either side of the space bar. Windows-based systems have a GUI key to the left of the left ALT key, and to the right of the right ALT key.**

**Table 5-5** *USB F Key Character Set*

<b>F Keys</b>	<b>Keystroke</b>
5001	F1
5002	F2
5003	F3
5004	F4
5005	F5
5006	F6
5007	F7
5008	F8
5009	F9
5010	F10
5011	F11
5012	F12
5013	F13
5014	F14
5015	F15
5016	F16
5017	F17
5018	F18
5019	F19
5020	F20
5021	F21
5022	F22
5023	F23
5024	F24

**Table 5-6** *USB Numeric Keypad Character Set*

<b>Numeric Keypad</b>	<b>Keystroke</b>
6042	*
6043	+
6044	undefined
6045	-
6046	.
6047	/
6048	0
6049	1
6050	2
6051	3
6052	4
6053	5
6054	6
6055	7
6056	8
6057	9
6058	Enter
6059	Num Lock

**Table 5-7** *USB Extended Keypad Character Set*

<b>Extended Keypad</b>	<b>Keystroke</b>
7001	Break
7002	Delete
7003	PgUp
7004	End
7005	Pg Dn
7006	Pause
7007	Scroll Lock
7008	Backspace
7009	Tab
7010	Print Screen
7011	Insert
7012	Home
7013	Enter
7014	Escape
7015	Up Arrow
7016	Down Arrow
7017	Left Arrow
7018	Right Arrow





# CHAPTER 6 RS-232 INTERFACE

---

## Introduction

This chapter describes how to set up the digital scanner with an RS-232 host. Use the RS-232 interface to connect the digital scanner to point-of-sale devices, host computers, or other devices with an available RS-232 port (e.g., com port).

If your host does not appear in [Table 6-2](#), refer to the documentation for the host device to set communication parameters to match the host.

- ✓ **NOTE** The digital scanner uses TTL RS-232 signal levels, which interface with most system architectures. For system architectures requiring RS-232C signal levels, Zebra offers different cables providing TTL-to-RS-232C conversion. Contact Zebra Support for more information.

Throughout the programming bar code menus, asterisks (\*) indicate default values.

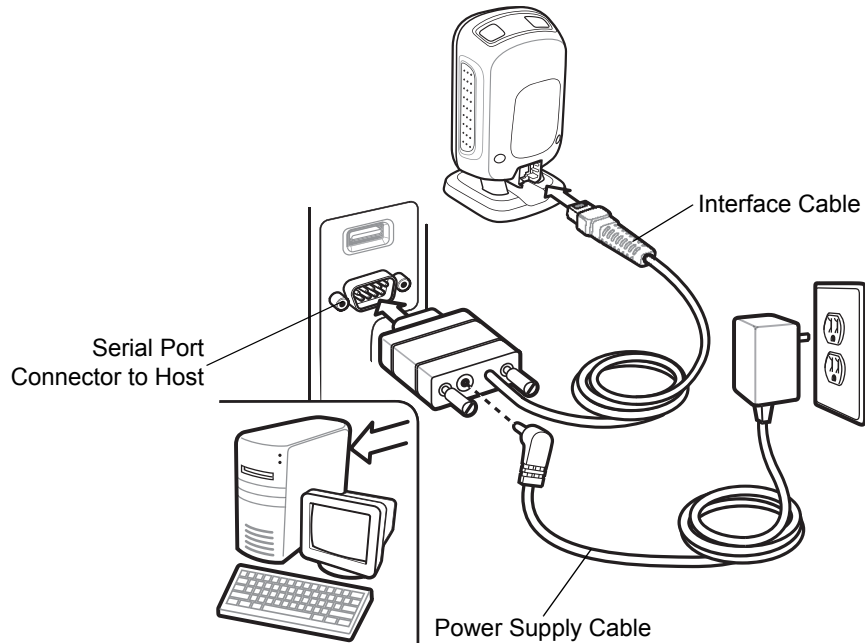


\* Indicates Default — \*Baud Rate 57,600 — Feature/Option

- ✓ **NOTE** Most computer monitors allow scanning the bar codes directly on the screen. When scanning from the screen, be sure to set the document magnification to a level where you can see the bar code clearly, and bars and/or spaces are not merging.

## Connecting an RS-232 Interface

Connect the digital scanner directly to the host computer.



**Figure 6-1** RS-232 Direct Connection

✓ **NOTE** Interface cables vary depending on configuration. The connectors illustrated in [Figure 6-1](#) are examples only. The connectors may be different than those illustrated, but the steps to connect the digital scanner are the same.

1. Attach the modular connector of the RS-232 interface cable to the cable interface port on the digital scanner (see [Installing the Interface Cable on page 1-3](#)).
2. Connect the other end of the RS-232 interface cable to the serial port on the host.
3. Connect the power supply to the serial connector end of the RS-232 interface cable. Plug the power supply into an appropriate outlet.
4. Select the RS-232 host type by scanning the appropriate bar code from [RS-232 Host Types on page 6-6](#).
5. To modify any other parameter options, scan the appropriate bar codes in this chapter.

## RS-232 Parameter Defaults

[Table 6-1](#) lists the defaults for RS-232 host parameters. To change any option, scan the appropriate bar code(s) provided in the RS-232 Host Parameters section beginning on page [6-4](#).

✓ **NOTE** See [Appendix A, Standard Default Parameters](#) for all user preferences, hosts, symbologies, and miscellaneous default parameters.

**Table 6-1** RS-232 Host Default Table

Parameter	Default	Page Number
<b>RS-232 Host Parameters</b>		
RS-232 Host Types	Standard	<a href="#">6-6</a>
Baud Rate	9600	<a href="#">6-8</a>
Parity Type	None	<a href="#">6-9</a>
Stop Bits	1	<a href="#">6-10</a>
Data Bits	8-bit	<a href="#">6-10</a>
Check Receive Errors	Enable	<a href="#">6-11</a>
Hardware Handshaking	None	<a href="#">6-11</a>
Software Handshaking	None	<a href="#">6-13</a>
Host Serial Response Timeout	2 Sec	<a href="#">6-15</a>
RTS Line State	Low RTS	<a href="#">6-16</a>
Beep on <BEL>	Disable	<a href="#">6-16</a>
Intercharacter Delay	0 msec	<a href="#">6-17</a>
Nixdorf Beep/LED Options	Normal Operation	<a href="#">6-18</a>
Ignore Unknown Characters	Send Bar Code	<a href="#">6-18</a>

**Note: The DS9208 supports one stop bit only.**

## RS-232 Host Parameters

Various RS-232 hosts use their own parameter default settings. Selecting standard, ICL, Fujitsu, Wincor-Nixdorf Mode A, Wincor-Nixdorf Mode B, OPOS/JPOS, Olivetti, Omron, or Common Use Terminal Equipment (CUTE-LP/LG bar code readers) sets the defaults listed in [Table 6-2](#).

**Table 6-2** Terminal Specific RS-232

Parameter	ICL	Fujitsu	Wincor-Nixdorf Mode A	Wincor-Nixdorf Mode B/OPOS/JPOS	Olivetti	Omron	CUTE
Baud Rate	9600	9600	9600	9600	9600	9600	9600
Parity	Even	None	Odd	Odd	Even	None	Even
Stop Bit Select	One	One	One	One	One	One	One
ASCII Format	8-Bit	8-Bit	8-Bit	8-Bit	7-Bit	8-Bit	7-Bit
Hardware Handshaking	RTS/CTS Option 3	None	RTS/CTS Option 3	RTS/CTS Option 3	None	None	None
Software Handshaking	None	None	None	None	ACK/NAK	None	None
Serial Response Timeout	9.9 Sec.	2 Sec.	None	None	9.9 Sec.	9.9 Sec.	9.9 Sec.
RTS Line State	High	Low	Low	Low = No data to send	Low	High	High
Beep On <BEL>	Disable	Disable	Disable	Disable	Disable	Disable	Disable
Transmit Code ID	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Data Transmission Format	Data/Suffix	Data/Suffix	Data/Suffix	Data/Suffix	Prefix/Data/Suffix	Data/Suffix	Prefix/Data/Suffix
Prefix	None	None	None	None	STX (1002)	None	STX (1002)
Suffix	CR (1013)	CR (1013)	CR (1013)	CR (1013)	ETX (1003)	CR (1013)	CR (1013) ETX (1003)

**In the Nixdorf Mode B, if CTS is low, scanning is disabled. When CTS is high, scanning is enabled. If you scan Nixdorf Mode B without connecting the digital scanner to the proper host, it may appear unable to scan. If this happens, scan a different RS-232 host type within 5 seconds of cycling power to the digital scanner. The CUTE host disables all parameter scanning, including Set Defaults. If you inadvertently select CUTE, scan \*Enable Parameter Bar Code Scanning (01h) on page 4-5, then change the host selection.**

## RS-232 Host Parameters (continued)

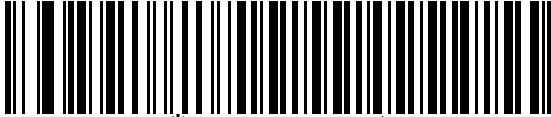
Selecting ICL, Fujitsu, Wincor-Nixdorf Mode A, Wincor-Nixdorf Mode B, OPOS/JPOS, Olivetti, Omron, or Common Use Terminal Equipment (CUTE-LP/LG bar code readers) enables the transmission of code ID characters listed in [Table 6-3](#). These code ID characters are not programmable and are separate from the Transmit Code ID feature. Do not enable the Transmit Code ID feature for these terminals.

**Table 6-3** Terminal Specific Code ID Characters

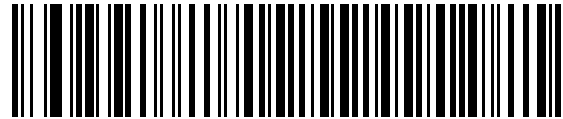
Code Type	ICL	Fujitsu	Wincor-Nixdorf Mode A	Wincor-Nixdorf Mode B/ OPOS/JPOS	Olivetti	Omron	CUTE
UPC-A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
UPC-E	E	E	C	C	C	E	None
EAN-8/JAN-8	FF	FF	B	B	B	FF	None
EAN-13/JAN-13	F	F	A	A	A	F	A
Bookland EAN	F	F	A	A	A	F	None
Code 39	C <len>	None	M	M	M <len>	C <len>	3
Code 39 Full ASCII	None	None	M	M	None	None	3
Trioptic	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
Code 32	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
Codabar	N <len>	None	N	N	N <len>	N <len>	None
Code 128	L <len>	None	K	K	K <len>	L <len>	5
GS1-128	L <len>	None	P	P	P <len>	L <len>	5
Code 93	None	None	L	L	L <len>	None	None
I 2 of 5	I <len>	None	I	I	I <len>	I <len>	1
D 2 of 5	H <len>	None	H	H	H <len>	H <len>	2
MSI	None	None	O	O	O <len>	None	None
Code 11	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
IATA	H<len>	None	H	H	H<len>	H<len>	2
GS1 Databar Variants	None	None	E	E	None	None	None

## RS-232 Host Types

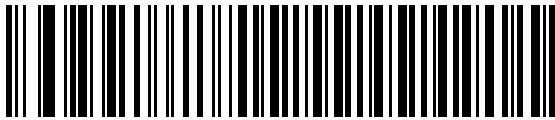
To select an RS-232 host interface, scan one of the following bar codes.



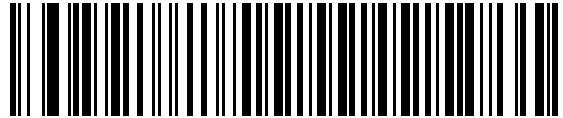
\*Standard RS-232<sup>1</sup>



ICL RS-232



Wincor-Nixdorf RS-232 Mode A



Wincor-Nixdorf RS-232 Mode B



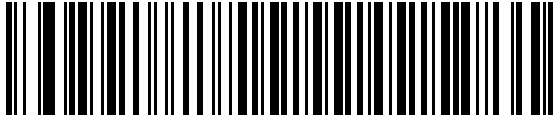
Olivetti ORS4500



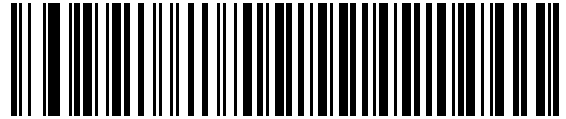
Omron

<sup>1</sup>Scanning **Standard RS-232** activates the RS-232 driver, but does not change port settings (e.g., parity, data bits, handshaking). Selecting another RS-232 host type bar code changes these settings.

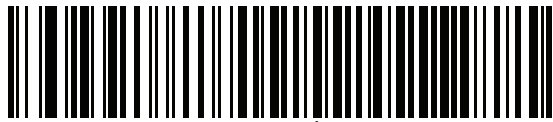
## RS-232 Host Types (continued)



OPOS/JPOS



Fujitsu RS-232



CUTE <sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>The CUTE host disables all parameter scanning, including Set Defaults. If you inadvertently select CUTE, scan *\*Enable Parameter Bar Code Scanning (01h) on page 4-5*, then change the host selection.

## Baud Rate

Baud rate is the number of bits of data transmitted per second. Set the digital scanner's baud rate to match the baud rate setting of the host device. Otherwise, data may not reach the host device or may reach it in distorted form.

✓ **NOTE** The digital scanner does not support baud rates below 9600.



\*Baud Rate 9600



Baud Rate 19,200



Baud Rate 38,400



Baud Rate 57,600



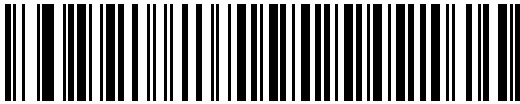
Baud Rate 115,200



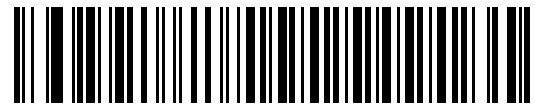
## Parity

A parity check bit is the most significant bit of each ASCII coded character. Select the parity type according to host device requirements.

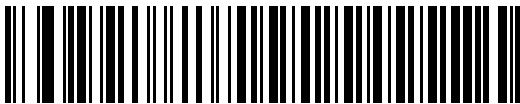
- Select **Odd** parity to set the parity bit value to 0 or 1, based on data, to ensure that the coded character contains an odd number of 1 bits.
- Select **Even** parity to set the parity bit value is set to 0 or 1, based on data, to ensure that the coded character contains an even number of 1 bits.
- Select **None** when no parity bit is required.



Odd



Even



\*None

## Stop Bits

The stop bit(s) at the end of each transmitted character marks the end of transmission of one character and prepares the receiving device for the next character in the serial data stream. Select the number of stop bits (one or two) based on the number the receiving terminal is programmed to accommodate. Set the number of stop bits to match host device requirements.



\*1 Stop Bit



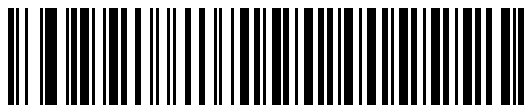
2 Stop Bits

## Data Bits

This parameter allows the digital scanner to interface with devices requiring a 7-bit or 8-bit ASCII protocol.



7-Bit



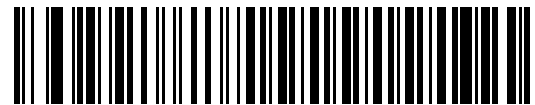
\*8-Bit

## Check Receive Errors

Select whether or not to check the parity, framing, and overrun of received characters. The parity value of received characters is verified against the parity parameter selected above.



\*Check For Received Errors



Do Not Check For Received Errors

## Hardware Handshaking

The data interface consists of an RS-232 port designed to operate either with or without the hardware handshaking lines, *Request to Send* (RTS), and *Clear to Send* (CTS).

Disable Standard RTS/CTS handshaking to transmit scan data as it becomes available. Select Standard RTS/CTS handshaking to transmit scan data according to the following sequence:

- The digital scanner reads the CTS line for activity. If CTS is asserted, the scanner waits up to Host Serial Response Timeout for the host to de-assert the CTS line. If, after Host Serial Response Timeout (default), the CTS line is still asserted, the scanner sounds a transmit error, and discards any scanned data.
- When the CTS line is de-asserted, the digital scanner asserts the RTS line and waits up to Host Serial Response Timeout for the host to assert CTS. When the host asserts CTS, the scanner transmits data. If, after Host Serial Response Timeout (default), the CTS line is not asserted, the scanner sounds a transmit error, and discards the data.
- When data transmission completes, the digital scanner de-asserts RTS 10 msec after sending the last character.
- The host should respond by negating CTS. The digital scanner checks for a de-asserted CTS upon the next transmission of data.

During the transmission of data, the CTS line should be asserted. If CTS is deasserted for more than 50 ms between characters, the digital scanner aborts transmission, sounds a transmission error, and discards the data.

If this communication sequence fails, the digital scanner issues an error indication. In this case, the data is lost and must be rescanned.

If hardware handshaking and software handshaking are both enabled, hardware handshaking takes precedence.

✓ **NOTE** The DTR signal is jumpered to the active state.

## Hardware Handshaking (continued)

- **None:** Scan this bar code to disable hardware handshaking.
- **Standard RTS/CTS:** Scan this bar code to select Standard RTS/CTS Hardware Handshaking.
- **RTS/CTS Option 1:** If you select RTS/CTS Option 1, the digital scanner asserts RTS before transmitting and ignores the state of CTS. The scanner de-asserts RTS when the transmission completes.
- **RTS/CTS Option 2:** If you select Option 2, RTS is always high or low (user-programmed logic level). However, the digital scanner waits for CTS to be asserted before transmitting data. If CTS is not asserted within Host Serial Response Timeout (default), the scanner issues an error indication and discards the data.
- **RTS/CTS Option 3:** If you select Option 3, the digital scanner asserts RTS prior to any data transmission, regardless of the state of CTS. The scanner waits up to Host Serial Response Timeout (default) for CTS to be asserted. If CTS is not asserted during this time, the scanner issues an error indication and discards the data. The digital scanner de-asserts RTS when transmission is complete.



\*None



Standard RTS/CTS



RTS/CTS Option 1



RTS/CTS Option 2



RTS/CTS Option 3

## Software Handshaking

This parameter offers control of the data transmission process in addition to, or instead of, that offered by hardware handshaking. There are five options.

If software handshaking and hardware handshaking are both enabled, hardware handshaking takes precedence.

- **None:** Select this to transmit data immediately. The digital scanner expects no response from the host.
- **ACK/NAK:** If you select this option, after transmitting data, the digital scanner expects either an ACK or NAK response from the host. When it receives a NAK, the scanner transmits the same data again and waits for either an ACK or NAK. After three unsuccessful attempts to send data after receiving NAKs, the digital scanner issues an error indication and discards the data.

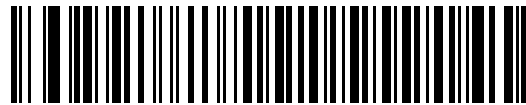
The digital scanner waits up to the programmable Host Serial Response Timeout to receive an ACK or NAK. If the scanner does not get a response in this time, it issues an error indication and discards the data. There are no retries when a timeout occurs.

- **ENQ:** If you select this option, the digital scanner waits for an ENQ character from the host before transmitting data. If it does not receive an ENQ within the Host Serial Response Timeout, the digital scanner issues an error indication and discards the data. The host must transmit an ENQ character at least every Host Serial Response Timeout to prevent transmission errors.
- **ACK/NAK with ENQ:** This combines the two previous options. For re-transmissions of data, due to a NAK from the host, an additional ENQ is not required.
- **XON/XOFF:** An XOFF character turns the digital scanner transmission off until the scanner receives an XON character. There are two situations for XON/XOFF:
  - The digital scanner receives an XOFF before has data to send. When the scanner has data to send, it waits up to Host Serial Response Timeout for an XON character before transmission. If it does not receive the XON within this time, the digital scanner issues an error indication and discards the data.
  - The digital scanner receives an XOFF during a transmission. Data transmission then stops after sending the current byte. When the digital scanner receives an XON character, it sends the rest of the data message. The digital scanner waits indefinitely for the XON.

## Software Handshaking (continued)



\*None



ACK/NAK



ENQ



ACK/NAK with ENQ



XON/XOFF

## Host Serial Response Timeout

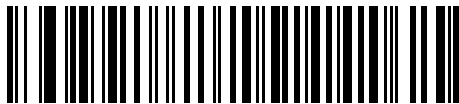
This parameter specifies how long the digital scanner waits for an ACK, NAK, or CTS before determining that a transmission error occurred. This only applies when in one of the ACK/NAK software handshaking modes, or RTS/CTS hardware handshaking mode.



\*Minimum: 2 Sec



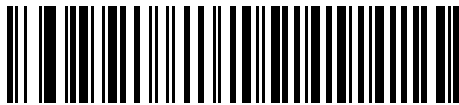
Low: 2.5 Sec



Medium: 5 Sec



High: 7.5 Sec



Maximum: 9.9 Sec

## RTS Line State

This parameter sets the idle state of the Serial Host RTS line. Scan a bar code below to select **Low RTS** or **High RTS** line state.



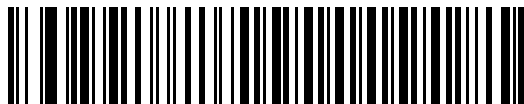
\*Host: Low RTS



Host: High RTS

## Beep on <BEL>

If you enable this parameter, the digital scanner issues a beep when it detects a <BEL> character on the RS-232 serial line. <BEL> indicates an illegal entry or other important event.



Beep On <BEL> Character  
(Enable)



\*Do Not Beep On <BEL> Character  
(Disable)



## Intercharacter Delay

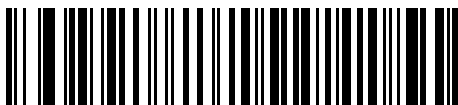
This parameter specifies the intercharacter delay inserted between character transmissions.



**\*Minimum: 0 msec**



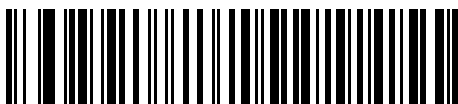
**Low: 25 msec**



**Medium: 50 msec**



**High: 75 msec**



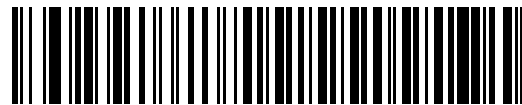
**Maximum: 99 msec**

## Nixdorf Beep/LED Options

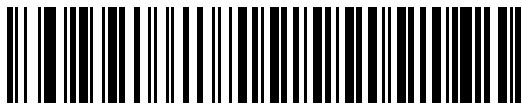
If you selected Nixdorf Mode B, this indicates when the digital scanner beeps and turns on its LED after a decode.



**\*Normal Operation**  
(Beep/LED immediately after decode)



**Beep/LED After Transmission**

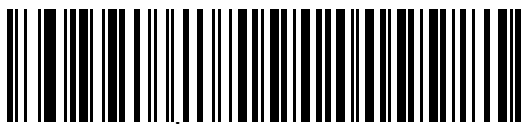


**Beep/LED After CTS Pulse**

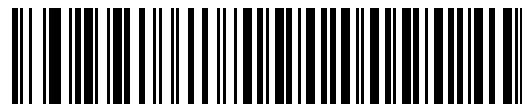
## Ignore Unknown Characters

Unknown characters are characters the host does not recognize. Select **Send Bar Codes with Unknown Characters** to send all bar code data except for unknown characters. The digital scanner issues no error beeps.

Select **Do Not Send Bar Codes With Unknown Characters** to send bar code data up to the first unknown character. The digital scanner issues an error beep.



**\*Send Bar Code**  
(with unknown characters)



**Do Not Send Bar Codes**  
(with unknown characters)

## ASCII Character Set for RS-232

You can assign the values in [Table 6-4](#) as prefixes or suffixes for ASCII character data transmission.

**Table 6-4** *Prefix/Suffix Values*

Prefix/Suffix Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character	ASCII Character
1000	%U	NUL
1001	\$A	SOH
1002	\$B	STX
1003	\$C	ETX
1004	\$D	EOT
1005	\$E	ENQ
1006	\$F	ACK
1007	\$G	BELL
1008	\$H	BCKSPC
1009	\$I	HORIZ TAB
1010	\$J	LF/NW LN
1011	\$K	VT
1012	\$L	FF
1013	\$M	CR/ENTER
1014	\$N	SO
1015	\$O	SI
1016	\$P	DLE
1017	\$Q	DC1/XON
1018	\$R	DC2
1019	\$S	DC3/XOFF
1020	\$T	DC4
1021	\$U	NAK
1022	\$V	SYN
1023	\$W	ETB
1024	\$X	CAN
1025	\$Y	EM
1026	\$Z	SUB
1027	%A	ESC

**Table 6-4** *Prefix/Suffix Values (Continued)*

<b>Prefix/Suffix Value</b>	<b>Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character</b>	<b>ASCII Character</b>
1028	%B	FS
1029	%C	GS
1030	%D	RS
1031	%E	US
1032	Space	Space
1033	/A	!
1034	/B	"
1035	/C	#
1036	/D	\$
1037	/E	%
1038	/F	&
1039	/G	'
1040	/H	(
1041	/I	)
1042	/J	*
1043	/K	+
1044	/L	,
1045	-	-
1046	.	.
1047	/O	/
1048	0	0
1049	1	1
1050	2	2
1051	3	3
1052	4	4
1053	5	5
1054	6	6
1055	7	7
1056	8	8
1057	9	9
1058	/Z	:

**Table 6-4** *Prefix/Suffix Values (Continued)*

<b>Prefix/Suffix Value</b>	<b>Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character</b>	<b>ASCII Character</b>
1059	%F	;
1060	%G	<
1061	%H	=
1062	%I	>
1063	%J	?
1064	%V	@
1065	A	A
1066	B	B
1067	C	C
1068	D	D
1069	E	E
1070	F	F
1071	G	G
1072	H	H
1073	I	I
1074	J	J
1075	K	K
1076	L	L
1077	M	M
1078	N	N
1079	O	O
1080	P	P
1081	Q	Q
1082	R	R
1083	S	S
1084	T	T
1085	U	U
1086	V	V
1087	W	W
1088	X	X
1089	Y	Y

**Table 6-4** *Prefix/Suffix Values (Continued)*

<b>Prefix/Suffix Value</b>	<b>Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character</b>	<b>ASCII Character</b>
1090	Z	Z
1091	%K	[
1092	%L	\
1093	%M	]
1094	%N	^
1095	%O	_
1096	%W	`
1097	+A	a
1098	+B	b
1099	+C	c
1100	+D	d
1101	+E	e
1102	+F	f
1103	+G	g
1104	+H	h
1105	+I	i
1106	+J	j
1107	+K	k
1108	+L	l
1109	+M	m
1110	+N	n
1111	+O	o
1112	+P	p
1113	+Q	q
1114	+R	r
1115	+S	s
1116	+T	t
1117	+U	u
1118	+V	v
1119	+W	w
1120	+X	x

**Table 6-4** *Prefix/Suffix Values (Continued)*

<b>Prefix/Suffix Value</b>	<b>Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character</b>	<b>ASCII Character</b>
<b>1121</b>	+Y	y
<b>1122</b>	+Z	z
<b>1123</b>	%P	{
<b>1124</b>	%Q	
<b>1125</b>	%R	}
<b>1126</b>	%S	~
<b>1127</b>		Undefined
<b>7013</b>		ENTER





# CHAPTER 7 IBM 468X / 469X INTERFACE

---

## Introduction

This chapter describes how to set up the digital scanner with an IBM 468X/469X host.

Throughout the programming bar code menus, asterisks (\*) indicate default values.

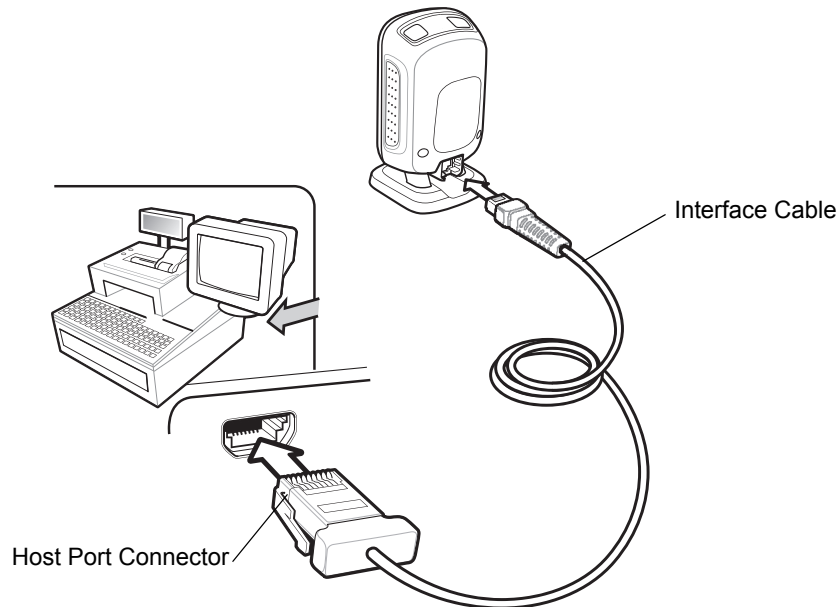


\* Indicates Default — **\*Disable Convert to Code 39** — Feature/Option

- ✓ **NOTE** Most computer monitors allow scanning the bar codes directly on the screen. When scanning from the screen, be sure to set the document magnification to a level where you can see the bar code clearly, and bars and/or spaces are not merging.

## Connecting to an IBM 468X/469X Host

Connect the digital scanner directly to the host interface.



**Figure 7-1** IBM Direct Connection

✓ **NOTE** Interface cables vary depending on configuration. The connectors illustrated in [Figure 7-1](#) are examples only. The connectors may be different than those illustrated, but the steps to connect the digital scanner are the same.

1. Attach the modular connector of the IBM 46XX interface cable to the cable interface port on the digital scanner. See [Installing the Interface Cable on page 1-3](#).
2. Connect the other end of the IBM 46XX interface cable to the appropriate port on the host (typically Port 9).
3. Select the port address by scanning the appropriate bar code from [Port Address on page 7-4](#).
4. To modify any other parameter options, scan the appropriate bar codes in this chapter.

✓ **NOTE** The only required configuration is the port address. The IBM system typically controls other digital scanner parameters.

## IBM Parameter Defaults

[Table 7-1](#) lists the defaults for IBM host parameters. To change any option, scan the appropriate bar code(s) provided in the Parameter Descriptions section beginning on page [7-4](#).

✓ **NOTE** See [Appendix A, Standard Default Parameters](#) for all user preferences, hosts, symbologies, and miscellaneous default parameters.

**Table 7-1** *IBM Host Default Table*

Parameter	Default	Page Number
<b>IBM 468X/469X Host Parameters</b>		
Port Address	None Selected	<a href="#">7-4</a>
Convert Unknown to Code 39	Disable	<a href="#">7-5</a>
Ignore Beep Directive	Honor	<a href="#">7-5</a>
Ignore Configuration Directive	Honor	<a href="#">7-6</a>

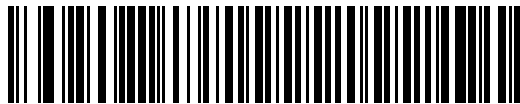
---

## IBM 468X/469X Host Parameters

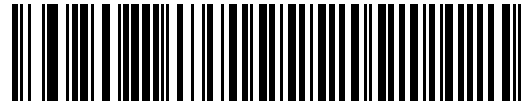
### Port Address

This parameter sets the IBM 468X/469X port used.

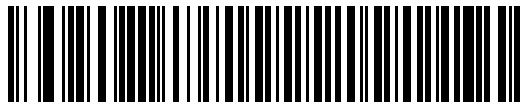
✓ **NOTE** Scanning one of these bar codes enables the RS-485 interface on the digital scanner.



\*None Selected



Hand-Held Scanner Emulation (Port 9B)



Non-IBM Scanner Emulation (Port 5B)



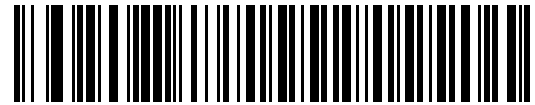
Table Top Scanner Emulation (Port 17)

## Convert Unknown to Code 39

Scan a bar code below to enable or disable the conversion of unknown bar code type data to Code 39.



**Enable Convert Unknown to Code 39**



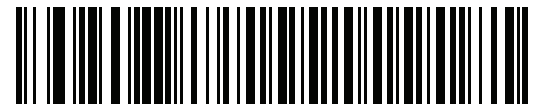
**\*Disable Convert Unknown to Code 39**

## Ignore Beep Directive

Scan one of the following bar codes to honor or ignore a beep directive made over the IBM RS-485 bus. All directives are still acknowledged to the IBM RS-485 host as if they were processed.



**\*Honor Beep Directive**



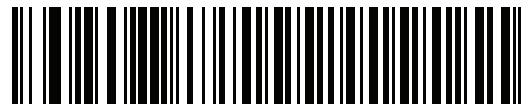
**Ignore Beep Directive**

## Ignore Configuration Directive

Scan one of the following bar codes to honor or ignore a code type enable/disable directive made over the IBM RS-485 bus. All directives are still acknowledged to the IBM RS-485 host as if they were processed.



**\*Honor Configuration Directive**



**Ignore Configuration Directive**

# CHAPTER 8 KEYBOARD WEDGE INTERFACE

---

## Introduction

This chapter describes how to set up a Keyboard Wedge interface with the digital scanner. With this interface, the digital scanner is connected between the keyboard and host computer, and translates bar code data into keystrokes. The host computer accepts the keystrokes as if they originated from the keyboard. This mode adds bar code reading functionality to a system designed for manual keyboard input. Keyboard keystrokes are simply passed through.

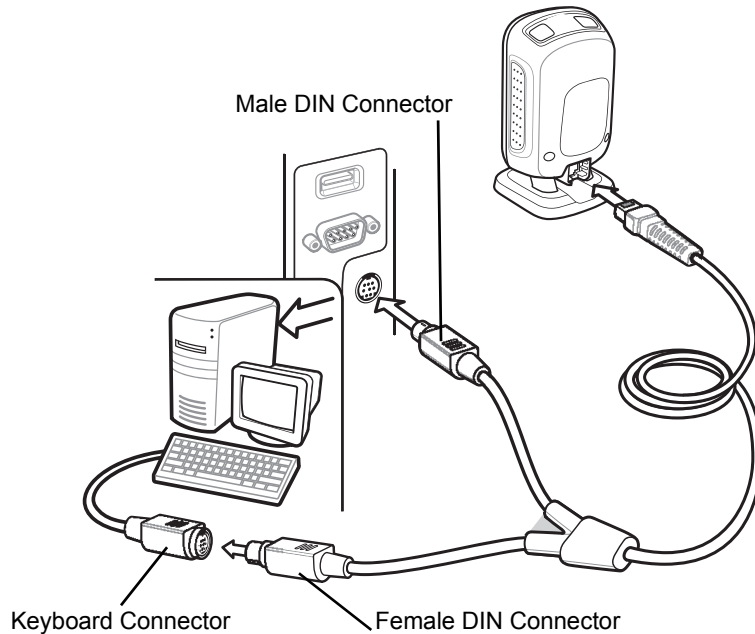
Throughout the programming bar code menus, asterisks (\*) indicate default values.



\* Indicates Default — \*North American — Feature/Option

- ✓ **NOTE** Most computer monitors allow scanning the bar codes directly on the screen. When scanning from the screen, be sure to set the document magnification to a level where you can see the bar code clearly, and bars and/or spaces do not merge.

## Connecting a Keyboard Wedge Interface



**Figure 8-1** Keyboard Wedge Connection with Y-cable

To connect the Keyboard Wedge interface Y-cable:

✓ **NOTE** Interface cables vary depending on configuration. The connectors illustrated in [Figure 8-1](#) are examples only. The connectors may be different than those illustrated, but the steps to connect the digital scanner are the same.

1. Turn off the host and unplug the keyboard connector.
2. Attach the modular connector of the Y-cable to the cable interface port on the digital scanner. See [Installing the Interface Cable on page 1-3](#).
3. Connect the round male DIN host connector of the Y-cable to the keyboard port on the host device.
4. Connect the round female DIN keyboard connector of the Y-cable to the keyboard connector.
5. If needed, attach the optional power supply to the connector in the middle of the Y-cable.
6. Ensure that all connections are secure.
7. Turn on the host system.
8. Select the Keyboard Wedge host type by scanning the appropriate bar code from [Keyboard Wedge Host Types on page 8-4](#).
9. To modify any other parameter options, scan the appropriate bar codes in this chapter.



## Keyboard Wedge Parameter Defaults

*Table 8-1* lists the defaults for Keyboard Wedge host parameters. To change any option, scan the appropriate bar code(s) in the Keyboard Wedge Host Parameters section beginning on page [8-4](#).

✓ **NOTE** See [Appendix A, Standard Default Parameters](#) for all user preferences, hosts, symbologies, and miscellaneous default parameters.

**Table 8-1** *Keyboard Wedge Host Default Table*

Parameter	Default	Page Number
<b>Keyboard Wedge Host Parameters</b>		
Keyboard Wedge Host Type	IBM PC/AT& IBM PC Compatibles	<a href="#">8-4</a>
Country Types (Country Codes)	North American	<a href="#">8-5</a>
Ignore Unknown Characters	Transmit	<a href="#">8-7</a>
Keystroke Delay	No Delay	<a href="#">8-7</a>
Intra-Keystroke Delay	Disable	<a href="#">8-8</a>
Alternate Numeric Keypad Emulation	Disable	<a href="#">8-8</a>
Simulated Caps Lock	Disable	<a href="#">8-9</a>
Caps Lock Override	Disable	<a href="#">8-9</a>
Convert Wedge Data	No Convert	<a href="#">8-10</a>
Function Key Mapping	Disable	<a href="#">8-10</a>
FN1 Substitution	Disable	<a href="#">8-11</a>
Send and Make Break	Send	<a href="#">8-11</a>

---

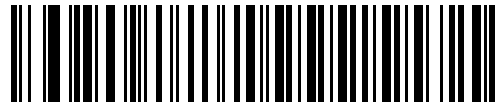
## Keyboard Wedge Host Parameters

### Keyboard Wedge Host Types

Select the Keyboard Wedge host by scanning one of the bar codes below.



\*IBM PC/AT & IBM PC Compatibles



IBM AT Notebook

## Keyboard Wedge Country Types - Country Codes

Scan the bar code corresponding to the keyboard type. If your keyboard type does not appear, see [Alternate Numeric Keypad Emulation on page 8-8](#).



\*North American



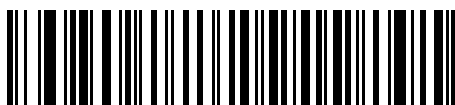
German Windows



French Windows



French Canadian Windows 95/98



French Canadian Windows XP/2000



French Belgian Windows

## Keyboard Wedge Country Types - Country Codes (continued)



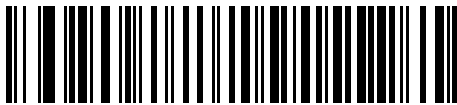
Spanish Windows



Italian Windows



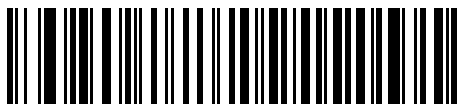
Swedish Windows



UK English Windows



Japanese Windows



Portuguese-Brazilian Windows

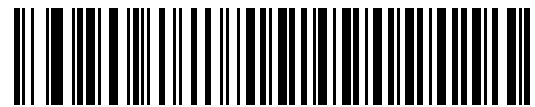
## Ignore Unknown Characters

Unknown characters are characters the host does not recognize. Select **Send Bar Codes With Unknown Characters** to send all bar code data except for unknown characters. The digital scanner issues no error beeps.

Select **Do Not Send Bar Codes With Unknown Characters** to send bar code data up to the first unknown character. The digital scanner issues an error beep.



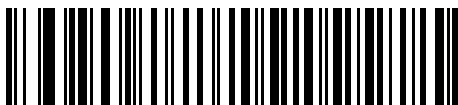
**\*Send Bar Codes with Unknown Characters  
(Transmit)**



**Do Not Send Bar Codes with Unknown Characters**

## Keystroke Delay

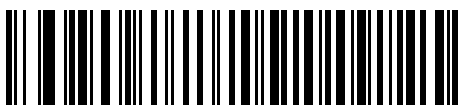
This is the delay in milliseconds between emulated keystrokes. Scan a bar code below to increase the delay when hosts require a slower transmission of data.



**\*No Delay**



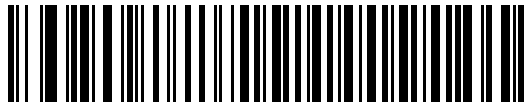
**Medium Delay (20 msec)**



**Long Delay (40 msec)**

## Intra-Keystroke Delay

Enable this to insert an additional delay between each emulated key depression and release. This sets the Keystroke Delay parameter to a minimum of 5 msec as well.



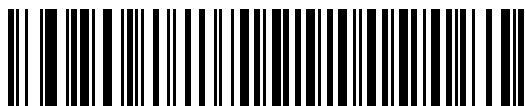
Enable



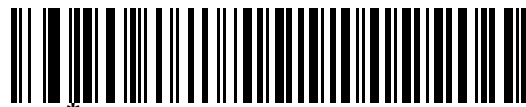
\*Disable

## Alternate Numeric Keypad Emulation

This allows emulation of most other country keyboard types not listed in [Keyboard Wedge Country Types - Country Codes on page 8-5](#) in a Microsoft® operating system environment.



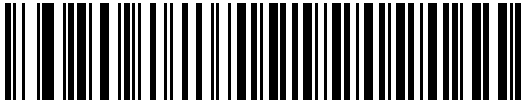
Enable Alternate Numeric Keypad



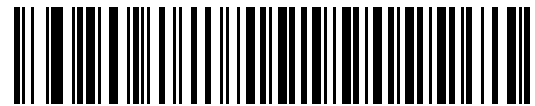
\*Disable Alternate Numeric Keypad

## Simulated Caps Lock

Enable this to invert upper and lower case characters on the bar code as if the Caps Lock state is enabled on the keyboard. This inversion occurs regardless of the keyboard's **Caps Lock** state. Note that this only applies to alpha characters.



Enable Caps Lock On



\*Disable Caps Lock On

## Caps Lock Override

Enable this on AT or AT Notebook hosts to preserve the case of the data regardless of the state of the **Caps Lock** key. Therefore, an 'A' in the bar code transmits as an 'A' regardless of the setting of the keyboard's **Caps Lock** key.



Enable Caps Lock Override



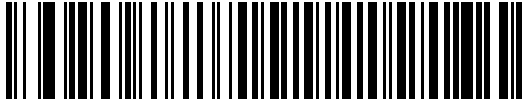
\*Disable Caps Lock Override



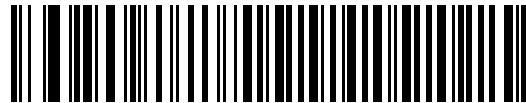
**NOTE** If both Simulated Caps Lock and Caps Lock Override are enabled, Caps Lock Override takes precedence.

## Convert Wedge Data

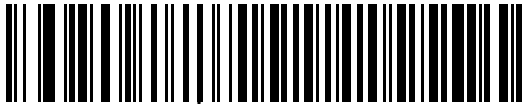
Enable this to convert all bar code data to the selected case.



Convert to Upper Case



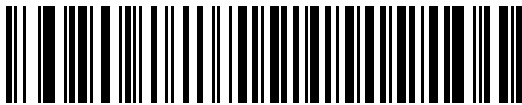
Convert to Lower Case



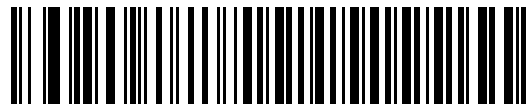
\*No Convert

## Function Key Mapping

ASCII values under 32 are normally sent as control key sequences (see [Table 8-2 on page 8-13](#)). Enable this parameter to send the keys in bold in place of the standard key mapping. Table entries that do not have a bold entry remain the same whether or not you enable this parameter.



Enable



\*Disable



## FN1 Substitution

Enable this to replace FN1 characters in an EAN128 bar code with a user-selected keystroke (see [FN1 Substitution on page 8-11](#)).



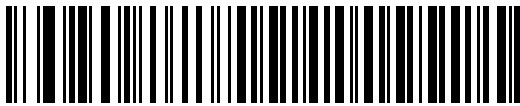
Enable



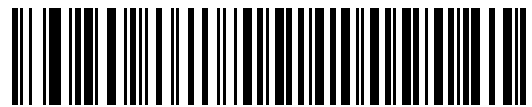
\*Disable

## Send Make and Break

Enable this to prevent sending the scan codes for releasing a key.



\*Send Make and Break Scan Codes



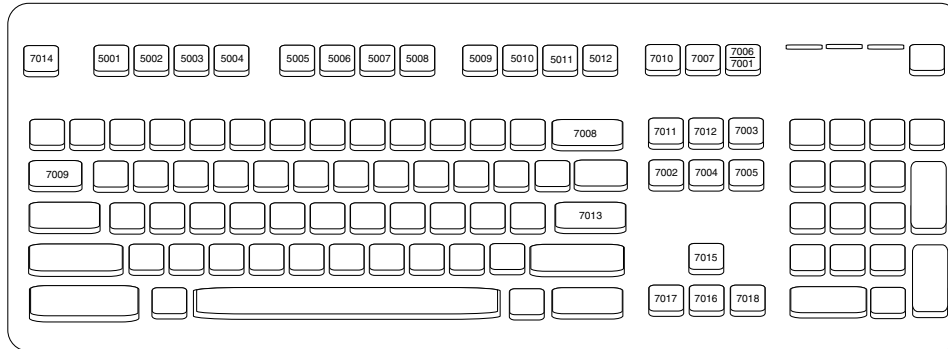
Send Make Scan Code Only



**NOTE** Windows-based systems must use **Send Make and Break Scan Codes**.

## Keyboard Maps

Refer to the following keyboard maps for prefix/suffix keystroke parameters. To program the prefix/suffix values, see the bar codes on [page 4-29](#).



**Figure 8-2** IBM PS2 Type Keyboard

## ASCII Character Set for Keyboard Wedge

✓ **NOTE** Code 39 Full ASCII interprets the bar code special character (\$ + % /) preceding a Code 39 character and assigns an ASCII character value to the pair. For example, if you enable Code 39 Full ASCII and scan **+B**, it transmits as **b**, **%J** as **?**, and **%V** as **@**. Scanning **ABC%I** outputs the keystroke equivalent of **ABC >**.

**Table 8-2** Keyboard Wedge ASCII Character Set

ASCII Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character	Keystroke
1001	\$A	CTRL A
1002	\$B	CTRL B
1003	\$C	CTRL C
1004	\$D	CTRL D
1005	\$E	CTRL E
1006	\$F	CTRL F
1007	\$G	CTRL G
1008	\$H	CTRL H/ <b>BACKSPACE</b> <sup>1</sup>
1009	\$I	CTRL I/ <b>HORIZONTAL TAB</b> <sup>1</sup>
1010	\$J	CTRL J
1011	\$K	CTRL K
1012	\$L	CTRL L
1013	\$M	CTRL M/ <b>ENTER</b> <sup>1</sup>
1014	\$N	CTRL N
1015	\$O	CTRL O
1016	\$P	CTRL P
1017	\$Q	CTRL Q
1018	\$R	CTRL R
1019	\$S	CTRL S
1020	\$T	CTRL T
1021	\$U	CTRL U
1022	\$V	CTRL V
1023	\$W	CTRL W

<sup>1</sup>The keystroke in bold transmits only if you enabled *Function Key Mapping* on page 8-10. Otherwise, the unbolded keystroke transmits.

**Table 8-2** Keyboard Wedge ASCII Character Set (Continued)

ASCII Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character	Keystroke
1024	\$X	CTRL X
1025	\$Y	CTRL Y
1026	\$Z	CTRL Z
1027	%A	CTRL [ / <b>ESC</b> <sup>1</sup>
1028	%B	CTRL \
1029	%C	CTRL ]
1030	%D	CTRL 6
1031	%E	CTRL -
1032	Space	Space
1033	/A	!
1034	/B	"
1035	/C	#
1036	/D	\$
1037	/E	%
1038	/F	&
1039	/G	'
1040	/H	(
1041	/I	)
1042	/J	*
1043	/K	+
1044	/L	,
1045	-	-
1046	.	.
1047	/O	/
1048	0	0
1049	1	1
1050	2	2
1051	3	3
1052	4	4

<sup>1</sup>The keystroke in bold transmits only if you enabled *Function Key Mapping* on page 8-10. Otherwise, the unbolded keystroke transmits.

**Table 8-2** Keyboard Wedge ASCII Character Set (Continued)

ASCII Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character	Keystroke
1053	5	5
1054	6	6
1055	7	7
1056	8	8
1057	9	9
1058	/Z	:
1059	%F	;
1060	%G	<
1061	%H	=
1062	%I	>
1063	%J	?
1064	%V	@
1065	A	A
1066	B	B
1067	C	C
1068	D	D
1069	E	E
1070	F	F
1071	G	G
1072	H	H
1073	I	I
1074	J	J
1075	K	K
1076	L	L
1077	M	M
1078	N	N
1079	O	O
1080	P	P
1081	Q	Q

<sup>1</sup>The keystroke in bold transmits only if you enabled *Function Key Mapping* on page 8-10. Otherwise, the unbolded keystroke transmits.

**Table 8-2** Keyboard Wedge ASCII Character Set (Continued)

ASCII Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character	Keystroke
1082	R	R
1083	S	S
1084	T	T
1085	U	U
1086	V	V
1087	W	W
1088	X	X
1089	Y	Y
1090	Z	Z
1091	%K	[
1092	%L	\
1093	%M	]
1094	%N	^
1095	%O	_
1096	%W	'
1097	+A	<b>a</b>
1098	+B	<b>b</b>
1099	+C	<b>c</b>
1100	+D	<b>d</b>
1101	+E	<b>e</b>
1102	+F	<b>f</b>
1103	+G	<b>g</b>
1104	+H	<b>h</b>
1105	+I	<b>i</b>
1106	+J	<b>j</b>
1107	+K	<b>k</b>
1108	+L	<b>l</b>
1109	+M	<b>m</b>
1110	+N	<b>n</b>

<sup>1</sup>The keystroke in bold transmits only if you enabled *Function Key Mapping* on page 8-10. Otherwise, the unbolded keystroke transmits.

**Table 8-2** Keyboard Wedge ASCII Character Set (Continued)

ASCII Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Character	Keystroke
1111	+O	o
1112	+P	p
1113	+Q	q
1114	+R	r
1115	+S	s
1116	+T	t
1117	+U	u
1118	+V	v
1119	+W	w
1120	+X	x
1121	+Y	y
1122	+Z	z
1123	%P	{
1124	%Q	
1125	%R	}
1126	%S	~

<sup>1</sup>The keystroke in bold transmits only if you enabled *Function Key Mapping* on page 8-10. Otherwise, the unbolded keystroke transmits.

**Table 8-3** Keyboard Wedge ALT Key Character Set

ALT Keys	Keystroke
2065	ALT A
2066	ALT B
2067	ALT C
2068	ALT D
2069	ALT E
2070	ALT F
2071	ALT G
2072	ALT H
2073	ALT I
2074	ALT J
2075	ALT K

**Table 8-3** Keyboard Wedge ALT Key Character Set (Continued)

ALT Keys	Keystroke
2076	ALT L
2077	ALT M
2078	ALT N
2079	ALT O
2080	ALT P
2081	ALT Q
2082	ALT R
2083	ALT S
2084	ALT T
2085	ALT U
2086	ALT V
2087	ALT W
2088	ALT X
2089	ALT Y
2090	ALT Z

**Table 8-4** Keyboard Wedge GUI Key Character Set

GUI Keys	Keystrokes
3000	Right Control Key
3048	GUI 0
3049	GUI 1
3050	GUI 2
3051	GUI 3
3052	GUI 4
3053	GUI 5
3054	GUI 6
3055	GUI 7
3056	GUI 8
3057	GUI 9
3065	GUI A
3066	GUI B
3067	GUI C



**Table 8-4** Keyboard Wedge GUI Key Character Set (Continued)

GUI Keys	Keystrokes
3068	GUI D
3069	GUI E
3070	GUI F
3071	GUI G
3072	GUI H
3073	GUI I
3074	GUI J
3075	GUI K
3076	GUI L
3077	GUI M
3078	GUI N
3079	GUI O
3080	GUI P
3081	GUI Q
3082	GUI R
3083	GUI S
3084	GUI T
3085	GUI U
3086	GUI V
3087	GUI W
3088	GUI X
3089	GUI Y
3090	GUI Z

**Table 8-5** Keyboard Wedge F Key Character Set

F Keys	Keystroke
5001	F1
5002	F2
5003	F3
5004	F4
5005	F5
5006	F6

**Table 8-5** Keyboard Wedge F Key Character Set (Continued)

F Keys	Keystroke
5007	F7
5008	F8
5009	F9
5010	F10
5011	F11
5012	F12
5013	F13
5014	F14
5015	F15
5016	F16
5017	F17
5018	F18
5019	F19
5020	F20
5021	F21
5022	F22
5023	F23
5024	F24

**Table 8-6** Keyboard Wedge Numeric Keypad Character Set

Numeric Keypad	Keystroke
6042	*
6043	+
6044	undefined
6045	-
6046	.
6047	/
6048	0
6049	1
6050	2
6051	3
6052	4

**Table 8-6** *Keyboard Wedge Numeric Keypad Character Set (Continued)*

<b>Numeric Keypad</b>	<b>Keystroke</b>
6053	5
6054	6
6055	7
6056	8
6057	9
6058	Enter
6059	Num Lock

**Table 8-7** *Keyboard Wedge Extended Keypad Character Set*

<b>Extended Keypad</b>	<b>Keystroke</b>
7001	Break
7002	Delete
7003	Pg Up
7004	End
7005	Pg Dn
7006	Pause
7007	Scroll Lock
7008	Backspace
7009	Tab
7010	Print Screen
7011	Insert
7012	Home
7013	Enter
7014	Escape
7015	Up Arrow
7016	Dn Arrow
7017	Left Arrow
7018	Right Arrow



# CHAPTER 9 SYMBOLOGIES

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## Introduction

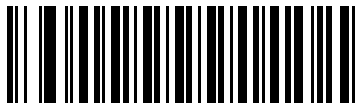
This chapter describes symbology features and provides programming bar codes for selecting these features. Before programming, follow the instructions in [Chapter 1, Getting Started](#).

To set feature values, scan a single bar code or a short bar code sequence. The settings are stored in non-volatile memory and are preserved even when the digital scanner powers down.

✓ **NOTE** Most computer monitors allow scanning the bar codes directly on the screen. When scanning from the screen, be sure to set the document magnification to a level where you can see the bar code clearly, and bars and/or spaces do not merge.

Select a host type (see each host chapter for specific host information) after the power-up beeps sound. This is only necessary upon the first power-up when connected to a new host.

To return all features to default values, scan the [Set Default Parameter on page 4-4](#). Throughout the programming bar code menus, asterisks (\*) indicate default values.



\* Indicates Default — \*Enable UPC-A — Feature/Option  
(01h) — Option Hex Value

---

## Scanning Sequence Examples

In most cases, scanning one bar code sets the parameter value. For example, to transmit bar code data without the UPC-A check digit, simply scan the **Do Not Transmit UPC-A Check Digit** bar code under [Transmit UPC-A Check Digit on page 9-16](#). The digital scanner issues a fast warble beep and the LED turns green, signifying a successful parameter entry.

Other parameters, such as **Set Length(s) for D 2 of 5** require scanning several bar codes. See the individual parameter, such as **Set Length(s) for D 2 of 5**, for this procedure.

## Errors While Scanning

Unless otherwise specified, to correct an error during a scanning sequence, just re-scan the correct parameter.

## Symbology Parameter Defaults

[Table 9-1](#) lists the defaults for all symbologies parameters. To change the default values, scan the appropriate bar codes in this guide. These new values replace the standard default values in memory. To recall the default parameter values, scan the [Set Default Parameter on page 4-4](#).

✓ **NOTE** See [Appendix A, Standard Default Parameters](#) for all user preferences, hosts, and miscellaneous default parameters.

**Table 9-1** *Parameter Defaults*

Parameter	Parameter Number	Default	Page Number
<b>Disable All Code Types</b>			<a href="#">9-6</a>
<b>UPC/EAN</b>			
UPC-A	01h	Enable	<a href="#">9-7</a>
UPC-E	02h	Enable	<a href="#">9-7</a>
UPC-E1	0Ch	Disable	<a href="#">9-8</a>
EAN-8/JAN 8	04h	Enable	<a href="#">9-8</a>
EAN-13/JAN 13	03h	Enable	<a href="#">9-9</a>
Bookland EAN	53h	Disable	<a href="#">9-9</a>
Bookland ISBN Format	F1h 40h	ISBN-10	<a href="#">9-10</a>
Decode UPC/EAN/JAN Supplementals (2 and 5 digits)	10h	Ignore	<a href="#">9-12</a>
User-Programmable Supplementals		N/A	<a href="#">9-14</a>
Supplemental 1:	F1h 43h		
Supplemental 2:	F1h 44h		
UPC/EAN/JAN Supplemental Redundancy	50h	10	<a href="#">9-14</a>
Decode UPC/EAN/JAN Supplemental AIM ID	F1h A0h	Combined	<a href="#">9-15</a>
Transmit UPC-A Check Digit	28h	Enable	<a href="#">9-16</a>
Transmit UPC-E Check Digit	29h	Enable	<a href="#">9-16</a>
Transmit UPC-E1 Check Digit	2Ah	Enable	<a href="#">9-17</a>
UPC-A Preamble	22h	System Character	<a href="#">9-17</a>
UPC-E Preamble	23h	System Character	<a href="#">9-18</a>
UPC-E1 Preamble	24h	System Character	<a href="#">9-19</a>

**Table 9-1** *Parameter Defaults (Continued)*

Parameter	Parameter Number	Default	Page Number
Convert UPC-E to A	25h	Disable	9-20
Convert UPC-E1 to A	26h	Disable	9-20
EAN-8/JAN-8 Extend	27h	Disable	9-21
UCC Coupon Extended Code	55h	Disable	9-21
Coupon Report	F1h DAh	New Coupon Symbols	9-22
ISSN EAN	F1h 69h	Enable	9-23
<b>Code 128</b>			
Code 128	08h	Enable	9-24
Set Length(s) for Code 128	D1h, D2h	Any Length	9-24
GS1-128 (formerly UCC/EAN-128)	0Eh	Enable	9-25
ISBT 128	54h	Enable	9-26
ISBT Concatenation	F1h 41h	Disable	9-27
Check ISBT Table	F1h 42h	Enable	9-28
ISBT Concatenation Redundancy	DFh	10	9-28
<b>Code 39</b>			
Code 39	00h	Enable	9-29
Trioptic Code 39	0Dh	Disable	9-29
Convert Code 39 to Code 32 (Italian Pharmacy Code)	56h	Disable	9-30
Code 32 Prefix	E7h	Disable	9-30
Set Length(s) for Code 39	12h, 13h	Length Within Range: 2 to 55	9-31
Code 39 Check Digit Verification	30h	Disable	9-32
Transmit Code 39 Check Digit	2Bh	Disable	9-32
Code 39 Full ASCII Conversion	11h	Disable	9-33
Code 39 Buffering	71h	Disable	9-34
Clear Buffer			9-35
Transmit Buffer			9-35
<b>Code 93</b>			
Code 93	09h	Disable	9-36
Set Length(s) for Code 93	1Ah, 1Bh	Length Within Range: 4 to 55	9-36

**Table 9-1** Parameter Defaults (Continued)

Parameter	Parameter Number	Default	Page Number
<b>Code 11</b>			
Code 11	0Ah	Disable	<a href="#">9-38</a>
Set Lengths for Code 11	1Ch, 1Dh	Length Within Range: 4 to 55	<a href="#">9-38</a>
Code 11 Check Digit Verification	34h	Disable	<a href="#">9-40</a>
Transmit Code 11 Check Digit(s)	2Fh	Disable	<a href="#">9-41</a>
<b>Interleaved 2 of 5 (ITF)</b>			
Interleaved 2 of 5 (ITF)	06h	Disable	<a href="#">9-42</a>
Set Lengths for I 2 of 5	16h, 17h	Length within Range: 6 - 55	<a href="#">9-42</a>
I 2 of 5 Check Digit Verification	31h	Disable	<a href="#">9-44</a>
Transmit I 2 of 5 Check Digit	2Ch	Disable	<a href="#">9-44</a>
Convert I 2 of 5 to EAN 13	52h	Disable	<a href="#">9-45</a>
<b>Discrete 2 of 5 (DTF)</b>			
Discrete 2 of 5	05h	Disable	<a href="#">9-46</a>
Set Length(s) for D 2 of 5	14h, 15h	1 Length; Length = 12	<a href="#">9-46</a>
<b>Codabar (NW - 7)</b>			
Codabar	07h	Disable	<a href="#">9-48</a>
Set Lengths for Codabar	18h, 19h	Length Within Range: 5 to 55	<a href="#">9-48</a>
CLSI Editing	36h	Disable	<a href="#">9-50</a>
NOTIS Editing	37h	Disable	<a href="#">9-50</a>
Codabar Upper or Lower Case Start/Stop Characters Detection	F2h 57h	Lower Case	<a href="#">9-51</a>
<b>MSI</b>			
MSI	0Bh	Disable	<a href="#">9-52</a>
Set Length(s) for MSI	1Eh, 1Fh	Length Within Range: 4 to 55	<a href="#">9-52</a>
MSI Check Digits	32h	One	<a href="#">9-54</a>
Transmit MSI Check Digit	2Eh	Disable	<a href="#">9-54</a>
MSI Check Digit Algorithm	33h	Mod 10/Mod 10	<a href="#">9-55</a>



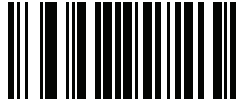
**Table 9-1** *Parameter Defaults (Continued)*

Parameter	Parameter Number	Default	Page Number
<b>Chinese 2 of 5</b>			
Chinese 2 of 5	F0h 98h	Disable	<a href="#">9-55</a>
<b>Matrix 2 of 5</b>			
Matrix 2 of 5	F1h 6Ah	Disable	<a href="#">9-56</a>
Matrix 2 of 5 Lengths	F1h 6Bh F1h 6Ch	Length; Length = 14	<a href="#">9-57</a>
Matrix 2 of 5 Check Digit	F1h 6Eh	Disable	<a href="#">9-58</a>
Transmit Matrix 2 of 5 Check Digit	F1h 6Fh	Disable	<a href="#">9-58</a>
<b>Korean 3 of 5</b>			
Korean 3 of 5	F1h 45h	Disable	<a href="#">9-59</a>
<b>Inverse 1D</b>	F1h 4Ah	Regular	<a href="#">9-60</a>
<b>GS1 DataBar</b>			
GS1 DataBar (GS1 DataBar Omnidirectional, GS1 DataBar Truncated, GS1 DataBar Stacked, GS1 DataBar Stacked Omnidirectional)	F0h 52h	Enable	<a href="#">9-61</a>
GS1 DataBar Limited	F0h 53h	Enable	<a href="#">9-62</a>
GS1 DataBar Limited Security Level	F1h D8h	3	<a href="#">9-63</a>
GS1 DataBar Expanded (GS1 DataBar Expanded, GS1 DataBar Expanded Stacked)	F0h 54h	Enable	<a href="#">9-64</a>
Convert GS1 DataBar to UPC/EAN	F0h 8Dh	Disable	<a href="#">9-64</a>
<b>Symbology-Specific Security Levels</b>			
Redundancy Level	4Eh	1	<a href="#">9-65</a>
Security Level (UPC/EAN and Code 93)	4Dh	0	<a href="#">9-67</a>
Intercharacter Gap Size	F0h 7Dh	Normal	<a href="#">9-68</a>

---

## Disable All Code Types

To disable all symbologies, scan the bar code below. This is useful when enabling only a few code types.



**Disable All Code Types**

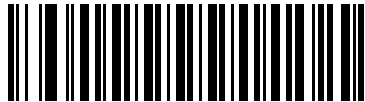
---

## UPC/EAN

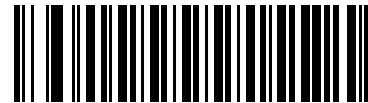
### Enable/Disable UPC-A

#### Parameter # 01h

To enable or disable UPC-A, scan the appropriate bar code below.



\*Enable UPC-A  
(01h)

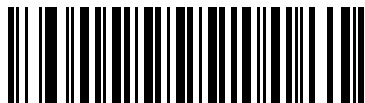


Disable UPC-A  
(00h)

### Enable/Disable UPC-E

#### Parameter # 02h

To enable or disable UPC-E, scan the appropriate bar code below.



\*Enable UPC-E  
(01h)



Disable UPC-E  
(00h)

## Enable/Disable UPC-E1

### Parameter # 0Ch

UPC-E1 is disabled by default.

To enable or disable UPC-E1, scan the appropriate bar code below.

✓ **NOTE** UPC-E1 is not a UCC (Uniform Code Council) approved symbology.



Enable UPC-E1  
(01h)

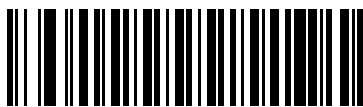


\*Disable UPC-E1  
(00h)

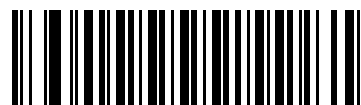
## Enable/Disable EAN-8/JAN-8

### Parameter # 04h

To enable or disable EAN-8/JAN-8, scan the appropriate bar code below.



\*Enable EAN-8/JAN-8  
(01h)

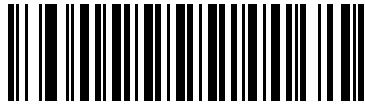


Disable EAN-8/JAN-8  
(00h)

## Enable/Disable EAN-13/JAN-13

### Parameter # 03h

To enable or disable EAN-13/JAN-13, scan the appropriate bar code below.



\*Enable EAN-13/JAN-13  
(01h)

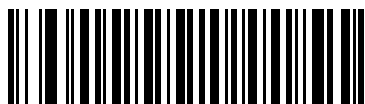


Disable EAN-13/JAN-13  
(00h)

## Enable/Disable Bookland EAN

### Parameter # 53h

To enable or disable Bookland EAN, scan the appropriate bar code below.



Enable Bookland EAN  
(01h)



\*Disable Bookland EAN  
(00h)



**NOTE** If Bookland EAN is enabled, select a [Bookland ISBN Format on page 9-10](#). Also select either Decode UPC/EAN Supplementals, Autodiscriminate UPC/EAN Supplementals, or Enable 978/979 Supplemental Mode in [Decode UPC/EAN/JAN Supplementals on page 9-11](#).

## Bookland ISBN Format

### Parameter # F1h 40h

If Bookland EAN is enabled, select one of the following formats for Bookland data:

- **Bookland ISBN-10** - The digital scanner reports Bookland data starting with 978 in traditional 10-digit format with the special Bookland check digit for backward-compatibility. Data starting with 979 is not considered Bookland in this mode.
- **Bookland ISBN-13** - The digital scanner reports Bookland data (starting with either 978 or 979) as EAN-13 in 13-digit format to meet the 2007 ISBN-13 protocol.



**\*Bookland ISBN-10**  
(00h)



**Bookland ISBN-13**  
(01h)



**NOTE** For Bookland EAN to function properly, ensure Bookland EAN is enabled (see [Enable/Disable Bookland EAN on page 9-9](#)), then select either Decode UPC/EAN Supplementals, Autodiscriminate UPC/EAN Supplementals, or Enable 978/979 Supplemental Mode in [Decode UPC/EAN/JAN Supplementals on page 9-11](#).

## Decode UPC/EAN/JAN Supplementals

### Parameter # 10h

Supplementals are bar codes appended according to specific format conventions (e.g., UPC A+2, UPC E+2, EAN 13+2). The following options are available:

- If you select **Ignore UPC/EAN with Supplementals**, and the digital scanner is presented with a UPC/EAN plus supplemental symbol, the scanner decodes UPC/EAN and ignores the supplemental characters.
- If you select **Decode UPC/EAN with Supplementals**, the digital scanner only decodes UPC/EAN symbols with supplemental characters, and ignores symbols without supplementals.
- If you select **Autodiscriminate UPC/EAN Supplementals**, the digital scanner decodes UPC/EAN symbols with supplemental characters immediately. If the symbol does not have a supplemental, the digital scanner must decode the bar code the number of times set via [UPC/EAN/JAN Supplemental Redundancy on page 9-14](#) before transmitting its data to confirm that there is no supplemental.
- If you select one of the following **Supplemental Mode** options, the digital scanner immediately transmits EAN-13 bar codes starting with that prefix that have supplemental characters. If the symbol does not have a supplemental, the digital scanner must decode the bar code the number of times set via [UPC/EAN/JAN Supplemental Redundancy on page 9-14](#) before transmitting its data to confirm that there is no supplemental. The digital scanner transmits UPC/EAN bar codes that do not have that prefix immediately.
  - **Enable 378/379 Supplemental Mode**
  - **Enable 978/979 Supplemental Mode**

✓ **NOTE** If you select 978/979 Supplemental Mode and are scanning Bookland EAN bar codes, see [Enable/Disable Bookland EAN on page 9-9](#) to enable Bookland EAN, and select a format using [Bookland ISBN Format on page 9-10](#).

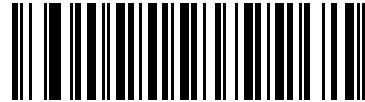
- **Enable 977 Supplemental Mode**
- **Enable 414/419/434/439 Supplemental Mode**
- **Enable 491 Supplemental Mode**
- **Enable Smart Supplemental Mode** - applies to EAN-13 bar codes starting with any prefix listed previously.
- **Supplemental User-Programmable Type 1** - applies to EAN-13 bar codes starting with a 3-digit user-defined prefix. Set this 3-digit prefix using [User-Programmable Supplementals on page 9-14](#).
- **Supplemental User-Programmable Type 1 and 2** - applies to EAN-13 bar codes starting with either of two 3-digit user-defined prefixes. Set the 3-digit prefixes using [User-Programmable Supplementals on page 9-14](#).
- **Smart Supplemental Plus User-Programmable 1** - applies to EAN-13 bar codes starting with any prefix listed previously or the user-defined prefix set using [User-Programmable Supplementals on page 9-14](#).
- **Smart Supplemental Plus User-Programmable 1 and 2** - applies to EAN-13 bar codes starting with any prefix listed previously or one of the two user-defined prefixes set using [User-Programmable Supplementals on page 9-14](#).

✓ **NOTE** To minimize the risk of invalid data transmission, select either to decode or ignore supplemental characters.

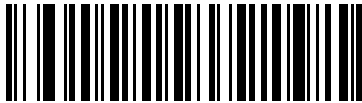
## Decode UPC/EAN/JAN Supplementals (continued)



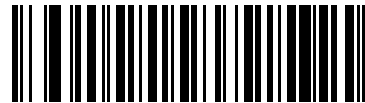
Decode UPC/EAN/JAN Only With Supplementals  
(01h)



\*Ignore Supplementals  
(00h)



Autodiscriminate UPC/EAN/JAN Supplementals  
(02h)



Enable 378/379 Supplemental Mode  
(04h)



Enable 978/979 Supplemental Mode  
(05h)



Enable 977 Supplemental Mode  
(07h)



**Decode UPC/EAN/JAN Supplementals (continued)**

**Enable 414/419/434/439 Supplemental Mode  
(06h)**



**Enable 491 Supplemental Mode  
(08h)**



**Enable Smart Supplemental Mode  
(03h)**



**Supplemental User-Programmable Type 1  
(09h)**



**Supplemental User-Programmable Type 1 and 2  
(0Ah)**



**Smart Supplemental Plus User-Programmable 1  
(0Bh)**



**Smart Supplemental Plus User-Programmable 1 and 2  
(0Ch)**

## User-Programmable Supplementals

### Supplemental 1: Parameter # F1h 43h

### Supplemental 2: Parameter # F1h 44h

If you selected a Supplemental User-Programmable option from [Decode UPC/EAN/JAN Supplementals on page 9-11](#), select **User-Programmable Supplemental 1** to set the 3-digit prefix. Then select the 3 digits using the numeric bar codes beginning on [page D-1](#). Select **User-Programmable Supplemental 2** to set a second 3-digit prefix. Then select the 3 digits using the numeric bar codes beginning on [page D-1](#).



User-Programmable Supplemental 1



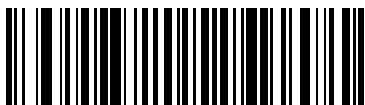
User-Programmable Supplemental 2

## UPC/EAN/JAN Supplemental Redundancy

### Parameter # 50h

If you selected **Autodiscriminate UPC/EAN/JAN Supplementals**, this option adjusts the number of times to decode a symbol without supplementals before transmission. The range is from two to thirty times. Five or above is recommended when decoding a mix of UPC/EAN/JAN symbols with and without supplementals. The default is 10.

Scan the bar code below to set a decode redundancy value. Next, scan two numeric bar codes in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#). Enter a leading zero for single digit numbers. To correct an error or change a selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).



UPC/EAN/JAN Supplemental Redundancy

## UPC/EAN/JAN Supplemental AIM ID Format

### Parameter # F1h A0h

Select an output format when reporting UPC/EAN/JAN bar codes with Supplementals with *Transmit Code ID Character* on page 4-28 set to **AIM Code ID Character**:

- **Separate** - transmit UPC/EAN with supplementals with separate AIM IDs but one transmission, i.e.:  
]E<0 or 4><data>]E<1 or 2>[supplemental data]
- **Combined** – transmit UPC/EAN with supplementals with one AIM ID and one transmission, i.e.:  
]E3<data+supplemental data>
- **Separate Transmissions** - transmit UPC/EAN with supplementals with separate AIM IDs and separate transmissions, i.e.:  
]E<0 or 4><data>  
]E<1 or 2>[supplemental data]



Separate  
(00h)



\*Combined  
(01h)

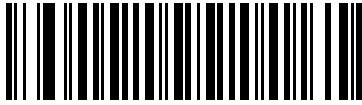


Separate Transmissions  
(02h)

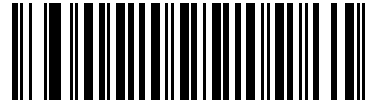
## Transmit UPC-A Check Digit

### Parameter # 28h

The check digit is the last character of the symbol used to verify the integrity of the data. Scan the appropriate bar code below to transmit the bar code data with or without the UPC-A check digit. It is always verified to guarantee the integrity of the data.



**\*Transmit UPC-A Check Digit  
(01h)**

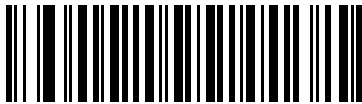


**Do Not Transmit UPC-A Check Digit  
(00h)**

## Transmit UPC-E Check Digit

### Parameter # 29h

The check digit is the last character of the symbol used to verify the integrity of the data. Scan the appropriate bar code below to transmit the bar code data with or without the UPC-E check digit. It is always verified to guarantee the integrity of the data.



**\*Transmit UPC-E Check Digit  
(01h)**

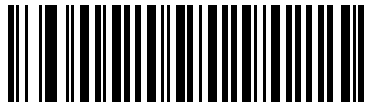


**Do Not Transmit UPC-E Check Digit  
(00h)**

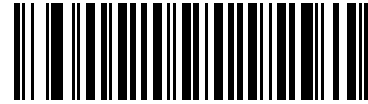
## Transmit UPC-E1 Check Digit

### Parameter # 2Ah

The check digit is the last character of the symbol used to verify the integrity of the data. Scan the appropriate bar code below to transmit the bar code data with or without the UPC-E1 check digit. It is always verified to guarantee the integrity of the data.



**\*Transmit UPC-E1 Check Digit  
(01h)**

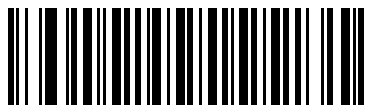


**Do Not Transmit UPC-E1 Check Digit  
(00h)**

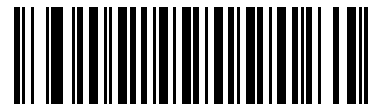
## UPC-A Preamble

### Parameter # 22h

Preamble characters are part of the UPC symbol, and include Country Code and System Character. There are three options for transmitting a UPC-A preamble to the host device: transmit System Character only, transmit System Character and Country Code ("0" for USA), and transmit no preamble. Select the appropriate option to match the host system.



**No Preamble (<DATA>)  
(00h)**



**\*System Character (<SYSTEM CHARACTER> <DATA>)  
(01h)**

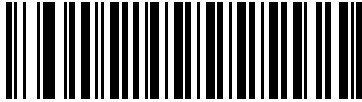


**System Character & Country Code  
(< COUNTRY CODE> <SYSTEM CHARACTER> <DATA>)  
(02h)**

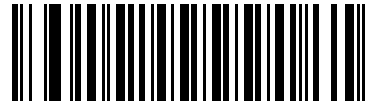
## UPC-E Preamble

### Parameter # 23h

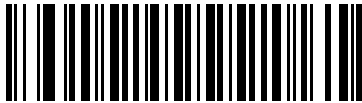
Preamble characters are part of the UPC symbol, and include Country Code and System Character. There are three options for transmitting a UPC-E preamble to the host device: transmit System Character only, transmit System Character and Country Code ("0" for USA), and transmit no preamble. Select the appropriate option to match the host system.



No Preamble (<DATA>)  
(00h)



\*System Character (<SYSTEM CHARACTER> <DATA>)  
(01h)

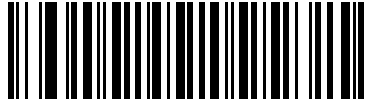


System Character & Country Code  
(< COUNTRY CODE> <SYSTEM CHARACTER> <DATA>)  
(02h)

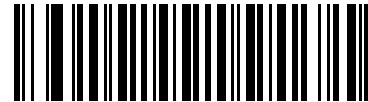
## UPC-E1 Preamble

### Parameter # 24h

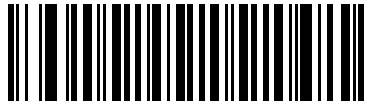
Preamble characters are part of the UPC symbol, and include Country Code and System Character. There are three options for transmitting a UPC-E1 preamble to the host device: transmit System Character only, transmit System Character and Country Code ("0" for USA), and transmit no preamble. Select the appropriate option to match the host system.



No Preamble (<DATA>)  
(00h)



\*System Character (<SYSTEM CHARACTER> <DATA>)  
(01h)



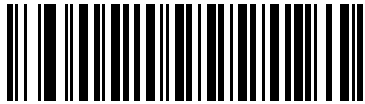
System Character & Country Code  
(< COUNTRY CODE> <SYSTEM CHARACTER> <DATA>)  
(02h)

## Convert UPC-E to UPC-A

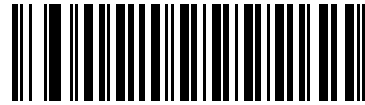
### Parameter # 25h

Enable this to convert UPC-E (zero suppressed) decoded data to UPC-A format before transmission. After conversion, the data follows UPC-A format and is affected by UPC-A programming selections (e.g., Preamble, Check Digit).

Disable this to transmit UPC-E decoded data as UPC-E data, without conversion.



Convert UPC-E to UPC-A (Enable)  
(01h)



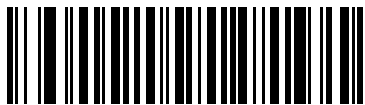
\*Do Not Convert UPC-E to UPC-A (Disable)  
(00h)

## Convert UPC-E1 to UPC-A

### Parameter # 26h

Enable this to convert UPC-E1 decoded data to UPC-A format before transmission. After conversion, the data follows UPC-A format and is affected by UPC-A programming selections (e.g., Preamble, Check Digit).

Disable this to transmit UPC-E1 decoded data as UPC-E1 data, without conversion.



Convert UPC-E1 to UPC-A (Enable)  
(01h)



\*Do Not Convert UPC-E1 to UPC-A (Disable)  
(00h)

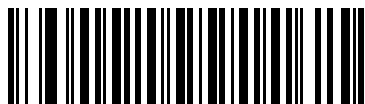


## EAN-8/JAN-8 Extend

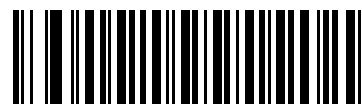
### Parameter # 27h

Enable this parameter to add five leading zeros to decoded EAN-8 symbols to make them compatible in format to EAN-13 symbols.

Disable this to transmit EAN-8 symbols as is.



Enable EAN/JAN Zero Extend  
(01h)

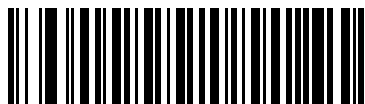


\*Disable EAN/JAN Zero Extend  
(00h)

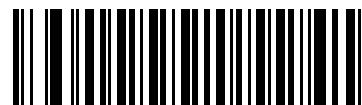
## UCC Coupon Extended Code

### Parameter # 55h

Enable this parameter to decode UPC-A bar codes starting with digit '5', EAN-13 bar codes starting with digit '99', and UPC-A/GS1-128 Coupon Codes. UPCA, EAN-13, and GS1-128 must be enabled to scan all types of Coupon Codes.



Enable UCC Coupon Extended Code  
(01h)



\*Disable UCC Coupon Extended Code  
(00h)



**NOTE** See [UPC/EAN/JAN Supplemental Redundancy on page 9-14](#) to control autodiscrimination of the GS1-128 (right half) of a coupon code.

## Coupon Report

### Parameter # F1h DAh

Traditional coupon symbols (old coupon symbols) are composed of two bar codes: UPC/EAN and Code128. A new coupon symbol is composed of a single Databar Expanded bar code. The new coupon format offers more options for purchase values (up to \$999.99) and supports complex discount offers such as a second purchase requirement.

An interim coupon symbol also exists that contains both types of bar codes: UPC/EAN and Databar Expanded. This format accommodates both retailers that do not recognize or use the additional information included in the new coupon symbol, as well as those who can process new coupon symbols.

Scan a bar code below to select one of the following options for decoding coupon symbols:

- **Old Coupon Symbols** - Scanning an old coupon symbol reports both UPC and Code 128, scanning an interim coupon symbol reports UPC, and scanning a new coupon symbol reports nothing (no decode).
- **New Coupon Symbols** - Scanning an old coupon symbol reports either UPC or Code 128, and scanning an interim coupon symbol or a new coupon symbol reports Databar Expanded.
- **Both Coupon Formats** - Scanning an old coupon symbol reports both UPC and Code 128, and scanning an interim coupon symbol or a new coupon symbol reports Databar Expanded.



**Old Coupon Symbols  
(00h)**



**\*New Coupon Symbols  
(01h)**



**Both Coupon Formats  
(02h)**

## ISSN EAN

### Parameter # F1h 69h

To enable or disable ISSN EAN, scan the appropriate bar code below.



**\*Enable ISSN EAN  
(01h)**



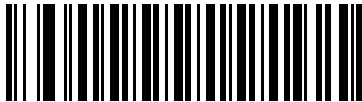
**Disable ISSN EAN  
(00h)**

## Code 128

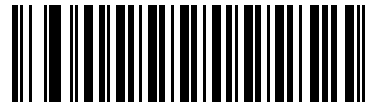
### Enable/Disable Code 128

#### Parameter # 08h

To enable or disable Code 128, scan the appropriate bar code below.



\*Enable Code 128  
(01h)



Disable Code 128  
(00h)

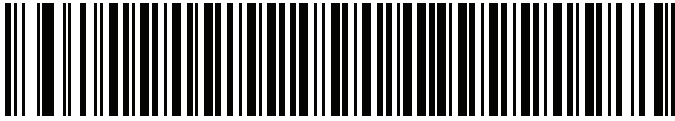
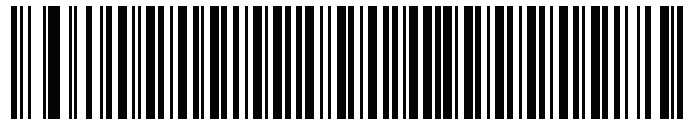
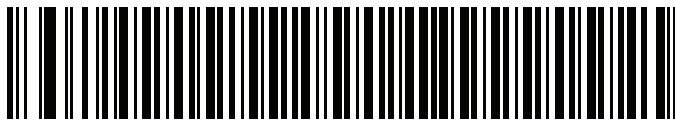
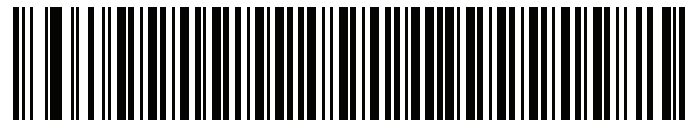
### Set Lengths for Code 128

#### Parameter # L1 = D1h, L2 = D2h

The length of a code refers to the number of characters (i.e., human readable characters), including check digit(s) the code contains. Set lengths for Code 128 to any length, one or two discrete lengths, or lengths within a specific range.

✓ **NOTE** When setting lengths for different bar code types, enter a leading zero for single digit numbers.

- **One Discrete Length** - Select this option to decode only Code 128 symbols containing a selected length. Select the length using the numeric bar codes in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#). For example, to decode only Code 128 symbols with 14 characters, scan **Code 128 - One Discrete Length**, then scan **1** followed by **4**. To correct an error or change the selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).
- **Two Discrete Lengths** - Select this option to decode only Code 128 symbols containing either of two selected lengths. Select lengths using the numeric bar codes in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#). For example, to decode only Code 128 symbols containing either 2 or 14 characters, select **Code 128 - Two Discrete Lengths**, then scan **0, 2, 1**, and then **4**. To correct an error or change the selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).
- **Length Within Range** - Select this option to decode a Code 128 symbol with a specific length range. Select lengths using numeric bar codes in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#). For example, to decode Code 128 symbols containing between 4 and 12 characters, first scan **Code 128 - Length Within Range**. Then scan **0, 4, 1**, and **2** (enter a leading zero for single digit numbers). To correct an error or change the selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).
- **Any Length** - Select this option to decode Code 128 symbols containing any number of characters within the digital scanner's capability.

**Set Lengths for Code 128 (continued)****Code 128 - One Discrete Length****Code 128 - Two Discrete Lengths****Code 128 - Length Within Range****\*Code 128 - Any Length****Enable/Disable GS1-128 (formerly UCC/EAN-128)****Parameter # 0Eh**

To enable or disable GS1-128, scan the appropriate bar code below.



**\*Enable GS1-128  
(01h)**



**Disable GS1-128  
(00h)**

## Enable/Disable ISBT 128

### Parameter # 54h

ISBT 128 is a variant of Code 128 used in the blood bank industry. Scan a bar code below to enable or disable ISBT 128. If necessary, the host must perform concatenation of the ISBT data.



**\*Enable ISBT 128  
(01h)**



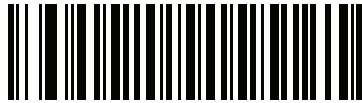
**Disable ISBT 128  
(00h)**

## ISBT Concatenation

### Parameter # F1h 41h

Select an option for concatenating pairs of ISBT code types:

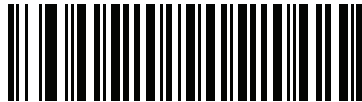
- If you select **Disable ISBT Concatenation**, the digital scanner does not concatenate pairs of ISBT codes it encounters.
- If you select **Enable ISBT Concatenation**, there must be two ISBT codes in order for the digital scanner to decode and perform concatenation. The digital scanner does not decode single ISBT symbols.
- If you select **Autodiscriminate ISBT Concatenation**, the digital scanner decodes and concatenates pairs of ISBT codes immediately. If only a single ISBT symbol is present, the digital scanner must decode the symbol the number of times set via [ISBT Concatenation Redundancy on page 9-28](#) before transmitting its data to confirm that there is no additional ISBT symbol.



\*Disable ISBT Concatenation  
(00h)



Enable ISBT Concatenation  
(01h)



Autodiscriminate ISBT Concatenation  
(00h)

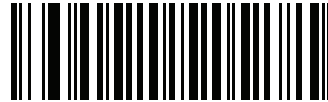
## Check ISBT Table

### Parameter # F1h 42h

The ISBT specification includes a table that lists several types of ISBT bar codes that are commonly used in pairs. If you set **ISBT Concatenation** to **Enable**, enable **Check ISBT Table** to concatenate only those pairs found in this table. Other types of ISBT codes are not concatenated.



\*Enable Check ISBT Table  
(01h)



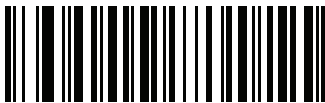
Disable Check ISBT Table  
(00h)

## ISBT Concatenation Redundancy

### Parameter # DFh

If you set **ISBT Concatenation** to **Autodiscriminate**, use this parameter to set the number of times the digital scanner must decode an ISBT symbol before determining that there is no additional symbol.

Scan the bar code below, then scan two numeric bar codes in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#) to set a value between 2 and 20. Enter a leading zero for single digit numbers. To correct an error or change a selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#). The default is 10.



ISBT Concatenation Redundancy

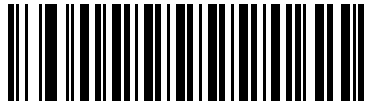


## Code 39

### Enable/Disable Code 39

#### Parameter # 00h

To enable or disable Code 39, scan the appropriate bar code below.



\*Enable Code 39  
(01h)

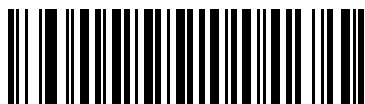


Disable Code 39  
(00h)

### Enable/Disable Trioptic Code 39

#### Parameter # 0Dh

Trioptic Code 39 is a variant of Code 39 used in the marking of computer tape cartridges. Trioptic Code 39 symbols always contain six characters. To enable or disable Trioptic Code 39, scan the appropriate bar code below.



Enable Trioptic Code 39  
(01h)



\*Disable Trioptic Code 39  
(00h)

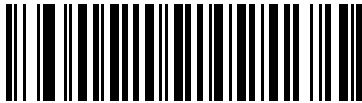
✓ **NOTE** You cannot enable Trioptic Code 39 and Code 39 Full ASCII simultaneously.

## Convert Code 39 to Code 32

### Parameter # 56h

Code 32 is a variant of Code 39 used by the Italian pharmaceutical industry. Scan the appropriate bar code below to enable or disable converting Code 39 to Code 32.

✓ **NOTE** Code 39 must be enabled for this parameter to function.



Enable Convert Code 39 to Code 32  
(01h)



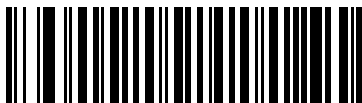
\*Disable Convert Code 39 to Code 32  
(00h)

## Code 32 Prefix

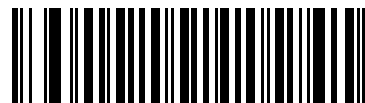
### Parameter # E7h

Scan the appropriate bar code below to enable or disable adding the prefix character “A” to all Code 32 bar codes.

✓ **NOTE** Convert Code 39 to Code 32 must be enabled for this parameter to function.



Enable Code 32 Prefix  
(01h)



\*Disable Code 32 Prefix  
(00h)

## Set Lengths for Code 39

### Parameter # L1 = 12h, L2 = 13h

The length of a code refers to the number of characters (i.e., human readable characters), including check digit(s) the code contains. Set lengths for Code 39 to any length, one or two discrete lengths, or lengths within a specific range. If Code 39 Full ASCII is enabled, **Length Within a Range** or **Any Length** are the preferred options.

✓ **NOTE** When setting lengths for different bar code types, enter a leading zero for single digit numbers.

- **One Discrete Length** - Select this option to decode only Code 39 symbols containing a selected length. Select the length using the numeric bar codes in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#). For example, to decode only Code 39 symbols with 14 characters, scan **Code 39 - One Discrete Length**, then scan **1** followed by **4**. To correct an error or change the selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).
- **Two Discrete Lengths** - Select this option to decode only Code 39 symbols containing either of two selected lengths. Select lengths using the numeric bar codes in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#). For example, to decode only Code 39 symbols containing either 2 or 14 characters, select **Code 39 - Two Discrete Lengths**, then scan **0, 2, 1**, and then **4**. To correct an error or change the selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).
- **Length Within Range** - Select this option to decode a Code 39 symbol with a specific length range. Select lengths using numeric bar codes in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#). For example, to decode Code 39 symbols containing between 4 and 12 characters, first scan **Code 39 - Length Within Range**. Then scan **0, 4, 1**, and **2** (enter a leading zero for single digit numbers). To correct an error or change the selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).
- **Any Length** - Select this option to decode Code 39 symbols containing any number of characters within the digital scanner's capability.



Code 39 - One Discrete Length



Code 39 - Two Discrete Lengths



\*Code 39 - Length Within Range



Code 39 - Any Length

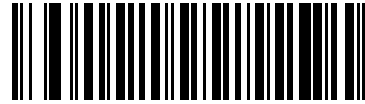
## Code 39 Check Digit Verification

### Parameter # 30h

Enable this feature to check the integrity of all Code 39 symbols to verify that the data complies with specified check digit algorithm. Only Code 39 symbols which include a modulo 43 check digit are decoded. Enable this feature if the Code 39 symbols contain a Modulo 43 check digit.



Enable Code 39 Check Digit  
(01h)

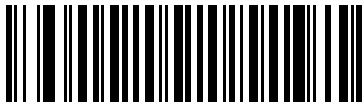


\*Disable Code 39 Check Digit  
(00h)

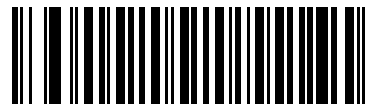
## Transmit Code 39 Check Digit

### Parameter # 2Bh

Scan a bar code below to transmit Code 39 data with or without the check digit.



Transmit Code 39 Check Digit (Enable)  
(01h)



\*Do Not Transmit Code 39 Check Digit (Disable)  
(00h)



**NOTE** Code 39 Check Digit Verification must be enabled for this parameter to function.

## Code 39 Full ASCII Conversion

### Parameter # 11h

Code 39 Full ASCII is a variant of Code 39 which pairs characters to encode the full ASCII character set. To enable or disable Code 39 Full ASCII, scan the appropriate bar code below.



Enable Code 39 Full ASCII  
(01h)



\*Disable Code 39 Full ASCII  
(00h)



**NOTE** You cannot enable Trioptic Code 39 and Code 39 Full ASCII simultaneously.

Code 39 Full ASCII to Full ASCII Correlation is host-dependent, and is therefore described in the ASCII Character Set Table for the appropriate interface. See the [ASCII Character Set for USB on page 5-19](#) or the [ASCII Character Set for RS-232 on page 6-19](#).

## Code 39 Buffering

### Parameter # 71h

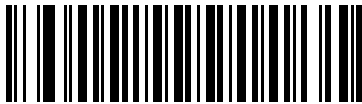
This feature allows the digital scanner to accumulate data from multiple Code 39 symbols.

Enabling **Code 39 Buffering** temporarily buffers all Code 39 symbols having a leading space as a first character for later transmission. The leading space is not buffered.

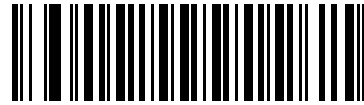
Decoding a Code 39 symbol with no leading space transmits in sequence all buffered data in a first-in first-out format, plus the “triggering” symbol. See the following pages for further details.

Select **Disable Code 39 Buffering** to transmit all decoded Code 39 symbols immediately without storing them in the buffer.

This feature affects Code 39 only. If enabling **Code 39 Buffering**, we recommend configuring the digital scanner to decode the Code 39 symbology only.



Enable Code 39 Buffering  
(01h)



\*Disable Code 39 Buffering  
(00h)

While there is data in the transmission buffer, you cannot select **Disable Code 39 Buffering**. The buffer holds 200 bytes of information.

To disable **Code 39 Buffering** when there is data in the transmission buffer, first force the buffer transmission (see [Transmit Buffer on page 9-35](#)) or clear the buffer.

### Buffer Data

To buffer data, enable **Code 39 Buffering** and scan a Code 39 symbol with a space immediately following the start pattern.

- Unless the data overflows the transmission buffer, the digital scanner issues a low/high beep to indicate successful decode and buffering. For overflow conditions, see [Overfilling Transmission Buffer on page 9-35](#).
- The digital scanner adds the decoded data excluding the leading space to the transmission buffer.
- No transmission occurs.

### Clear Transmission Buffer

To clear the transmission buffer, scan the **Clear Buffer** bar code, which contains only a start character, a dash (minus), and a stop character.

- The digital scanner issues a short high/low/high beep.
- The digital scanner erases the transmission buffer.
- No transmission occurs.

**Clear Buffer**

- ✓ **NOTE** Because the **Clear Buffer** bar code contains only the dash (minus) character, use [Set Lengths for Code 39](#) to include length 1 in order to scan this command.

### Transmit Buffer

There are two methods to transmit the Code 39 buffer.

1. Scan the **Transmit Buffer** bar code, which includes only a start character, a plus (+), and a stop character.
2. The digital scanner transmits and clears the buffer.
  - The digital scanner issues a low/high beep.

**Transmit Buffer**

3. Scan a Code 39 bar code with a leading character other than a space.
  - The digital scanner appends new decode data to buffered data.
  - The digital scanner transmits and clears the buffer.
  - The digital scanner signals that it transmitted the buffer with a low/high beep.
  - The digital scanner transmits and clears the buffer.

- ✓ **NOTE** Because the **Transmit Buffer** bar code contains only a plus (+) character, use [Set Lengths for Code 39](#) to include length 1 in order to scan this command

### Overfilling Transmission Buffer

The Code 39 buffer holds 200 characters. If the symbol just read overflows the transmission buffer:

- The digital scanner indicates that it rejected the symbol by issuing three long, high beeps.
- No transmission occurs. The data in the buffer is not affected.

### Attempt to Transmit an Empty Buffer

If you scan the **Transmit Buffer** symbol and the Code 39 buffer is empty:

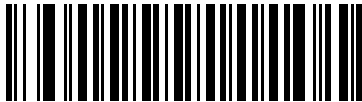
- A short low/high/low beep signals that the buffer is empty.
- No transmission occurs.
- The buffer remains empty.

## Code 93

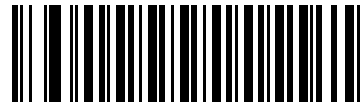
### Enable/Disable Code 93

#### Parameter # 09h

To enable or disable Code 93, scan the appropriate bar code below.



Enable Code 93  
(01h)



\*Disable Code 93  
(00h)

### Set Lengths for Code 93

#### Parameter # L1 = 1Ah, L2 = 1Bh

The length of a code refers to the number of characters (i.e., human readable characters), including check digit(s) the code contains. Set lengths for Code 93 to any length, one or two discrete lengths, or lengths within a specific range.

- **One Discrete Length** - Select this option to decode only Code 93 symbols containing a selected length. Select the length using the numeric bar codes in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#). For example, to decode only Code 93 symbols with 14 characters, scan **Code 93 - One Discrete Length**, then scan **1** followed by **4**. To correct an error or to change the selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).
- **Two Discrete Lengths** - Select this option to decode only Code 93 symbols containing either of two selected lengths. Select lengths using the numeric bar codes in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#). For example, to decode only Code 93 symbols containing either 2 or 14 characters, select **Code 93 - Two Discrete Lengths**, then scan **0, 2, 1**, and then **4**. To correct an error or to change the selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).
- **Length Within Range** - Select this option to decode a Code 93 symbol with a specific length range. Select lengths using the numeric bar codes in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#). For example, to decode Code 93 symbols containing between 4 and 12 characters, first scan **Code 93 - Length Within Range**. Then scan **0, 4, 1**, and **2** (enter a leading zero for single digit numbers). To correct an error or change the selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).
- **Any Length** - Scan this option to decode Code 93 symbols containing any number of characters within the digital scanner's capability.



### Set Lengths for Code 93 (continued)



Code 93 - One Discrete Length



Code 93 - Two Discrete Lengths



\*Code 93 - Length Within Range



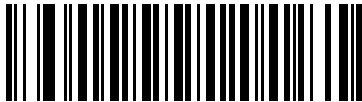
Code 93 - Any Length

## Code 11

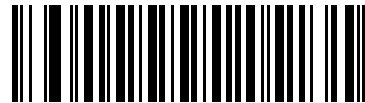
### Code 11

#### Parameter # 0Ah

To enable or disable Code 11, scan the appropriate bar code below.



Enable Code 11  
(01h)



\*Disable Code 11  
(00h)

### Set Lengths for Code 11

#### Parameter # L1 = 1Ch, L2 = 1Dh

The length of a code refers to the number of characters (i.e., human readable characters), including check digit(s) the code contains. Set lengths for Code 11 to any length, one or two discrete lengths, or lengths within a specific range.

- **One Discrete Length** - Select this option to decode only Code 11 symbols containing a selected length. Select the length using the numeric bar codes in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#). For example, to decode only Code 11 symbols with 14 characters, scan **Code 11 - One Discrete Length**, then scan **1** followed by **4**. To correct an error or to change the selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).
- **Two Discrete Lengths** - Select this option to decode only Code 11 symbols containing either of two selected lengths. Select lengths using the numeric bar codes in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#). For example, to decode only Code 11 symbols containing either 2 or 14 characters, select **Code 11 - Two Discrete Lengths**, then scan **0, 2, 1**, and then **4**. To correct an error or to change the selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).
- **Length Within Range** - Select this option to decode a Code 11 symbol with a specific length range. Select lengths using numeric bar codes in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#). For example, to decode Code 11 symbols containing between 4 and 12 characters, first scan **Code 11 - Length Within Range**. Then scan **0, 4, 1**, and **2** (enter a leading zero for single digit numbers). To correct an error or change the selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).
- **Any Length** - Scan this option to decode Code 11 symbols containing any number of characters within the digital scanner's capability.

### Set Lengths for Code 11 (continued)



Code 11 - One Discrete Length



Code 11 - Two Discrete Lengths



\*Code 11 - Length Within Range



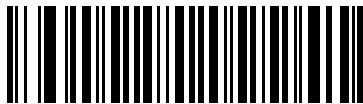
Code 11 - Any Length

## Code 11 Check Digit Verification

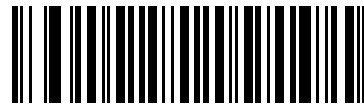
### Parameter # 34h

This feature allows the digital scanner to check the integrity of all Code 11 symbols to verify that the data complies with the specified check digit algorithm. This selects the check digit mechanism for the decoded Code 11 bar code. The options are to check for one check digit, check for two check digits, or disable the feature.

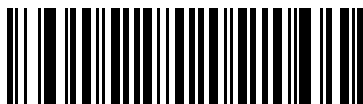
To enable this feature, scan the bar code below corresponding to the number of check digits encoded in the Code 11 symbols.



**\*Disable  
(00h)**



**One Check Digit  
(01h)**

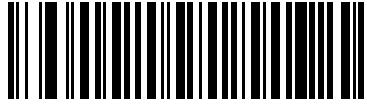


**Two Check Digits  
(02h)**

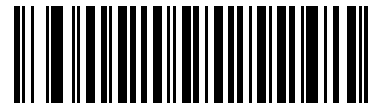
## Transmit Code 11 Check Digits

### Parameter # 2Fh

This feature selects whether or not to transmit the Code 11 check digit(s).



Transmit Code 11 Check Digit(s) (Enable)  
(01h)



\*Do Not Transmit Code 11 Check Digit(s) (Disable)  
(00h)

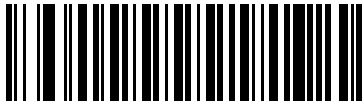
✓ **NOTE** Code 11 Check Digit Verification must be enabled for this parameter to function.

## Interleaved 2 of 5 (ITF)

### Enable/Disable Interleaved 2 of 5

#### Parameter # 06h

To enable or disable Interleaved 2 of 5, scan the appropriate bar code below, and select an Interleaved 2 of 5 length from the following pages.



Enable Interleaved 2 of 5  
(01h)



\*Disable Interleaved 2 of 5  
(00h)

### Set Lengths for Interleaved 2 of 5

#### Parameter # L1 = 16h, L2 = 17h

The length of a code refers to the number of characters (i.e., human readable characters), including check digit(s) the code contains. Set lengths for I 2 of 5 to any length, one or two discrete lengths, or lengths within a specific range. The range for Interleaved 2 of 5 lengths is 0 - 55.

- **One Discrete Length** - Select this option to decode only I 2 of 5 symbols containing a selected length. Select the length using the numeric bar codes in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#). For example, to decode only I 2 of 5 symbols with 14 characters, scan **I 2 of 5 - One Discrete Length**, then scan **1** followed by **4**. To correct an error or to change the selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).
- **Two Discrete Lengths** - Select this option to decode only I 2 of 5 symbols containing either of two selected lengths. Select lengths using the numeric bar codes in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#). For example, to decode only I 2 of 5 symbols containing either 2 or 14 characters, select **I 2 of 5 - Two Discrete Lengths**, then scan **0, 2, 1**, and then **4**. To correct an error or to change the selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).
- **Length Within Range** - Select this option to decode an I 2 of 5 symbol with a specific length range. Select lengths using numeric bar codes in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#). For example, to decode I 2 of 5 symbols containing between 4 and 12 characters, first scan **I 2 of 5 - Length Within Range**. Then scan **0, 4, 1**, and **2** (enter a leading zero for single digit numbers). To correct an error or change the selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).
- **Any Length** - Scan this option to decode I 2 of 5 symbols containing any number of characters within the digital scanner's capability.

✓ **NOTE** Due to the construction of the I 2 of 5 symbology, it is possible for a scan line covering only a portion of the code to transmit as a complete scan, yielding less data than is encoded in the bar code. To prevent this, select specific lengths (I 2 of 5 - One Discrete Length, Two Discrete Lengths) for I 2 of 5 applications.

### Set Lengths for Interleaved 2 of 5 (continued)



I 2 of 5 - One Discrete Length



I 2 of 5 - Two Discrete Lengths



\*I 2 of 5 - Length Within Range



I 2 of 5 - Any Length

## I 2 of 5 Check Digit Verification

### Parameter # 31h

Enable this feature to check the integrity of all I 2 of 5 symbols to verify the data complies with either the specified Uniform Symbology Specification (USS), or the Optical Product Code Council (OPCC) check digit algorithm.



**\*Disable  
(00h)**



**USS Check Digit  
(01h)**

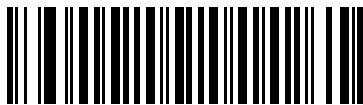


**OPCC Check Digit  
(02h)**

## Transmit I 2 of 5 Check Digit

### Parameter # 2Ch

Scan the appropriate bar code below to transmit I 2 of 5 data with or without the check digit.



**Transmit I 2 of 5 Check Digit (Enable)  
(01h)**



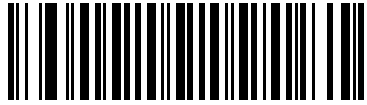
**\*Do Not Transmit I 2 of 5 Check Digit (Disable)  
(00h)**



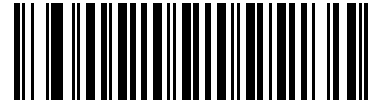
## Convert I 2 of 5 to EAN-13

### Parameter # 52h

Enable this parameter to convert 14-character I 2 of 5 codes to EAN-13, and transmit to the host as EAN-13. To accomplish this, the I 2 of 5 code must be enabled, and the code must have a leading zero and a valid EAN-13 check digit.



Convert I 2 of 5 to EAN-13 (Enable)  
(01h)



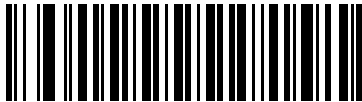
\*Do Not Convert I 2 of 5 to EAN-13 (Disable)  
(00h)

## Discrete 2 of 5 (DTF)

### Enable/Disable Discrete 2 of 5

#### Parameter # 05h

To enable or disable Discrete 2 of 5, scan the appropriate bar code below.



Enable Discrete 2 of 5  
(01h)



\*Disable Discrete 2 of 5  
(00h)

### Set Lengths for Discrete 2 of 5

#### Parameter # L1 = 14h, L2 = 15h

The length of a code refers to the number of characters (i.e., human readable characters), including check digit(s) the code contains. Set lengths for D 2 of 5 to any length, one or two discrete lengths, or lengths within a specific range. The range for Discrete 2 of 5 lengths is 0 - 55.

- **One Discrete Length** - Select this option to decode only D 2 of 5 symbols containing a selected length. Select the length using the numeric bar codes in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#). For example, to decode only D 2 of 5 symbols with 14 characters, scan **D 2 of 5 - One Discrete Length**, then scan **1** followed by **4**. To correct an error or to change the selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).
- **Two Discrete Lengths** - Select this option to decode only D 2 of 5 symbols containing either of two selected lengths. Select lengths using the numeric bar codes in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#). For example, to decode only D 2 of 5 symbols containing either 2 or 14 characters, select **D 2 of 5 - Two Discrete Lengths**, then scan **0, 2, 1**, and then **4**. To correct an error or to change the selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).
- **Length Within Range** - Select this option to decode a D 2 of 5 symbol with a specific length range. Select lengths using numeric bar codes in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#). For example, to decode D 2 of 5 symbols containing between 4 and 12 characters, first scan **D 2 of 5 - Length Within Range**. Then scan **0, 4, 1**, and **2** (enter a leading zero for single digit numbers). To correct an error or change the selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).
- **Any Length** - Scan this option to decode D 2 of 5 symbols containing any number of characters within the digital scanner's capability.

✓ **NOTE** Due to the construction of the D 2 of 5 symbology, it is possible for a scan line covering only a portion of the code to transmit as a complete scan, yielding less data than is encoded in the bar code. To prevent this, select specific lengths (**D 2 of 5 - One Discrete Length, Two Discrete Lengths**) for D 2 of 5 applications.

### Set Lengths for Discrete 2 of 5 (continued)



**\*D 2 of 5 - One Discrete Length**



**D 2 of 5 - Two Discrete Lengths**



**D 2 of 5 - Length Within Range**



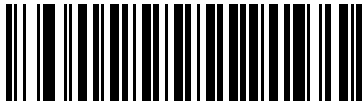
**D 2 of 5 - Any Length**

## Codabar (NW - 7)

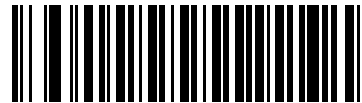
### Enable/Disable Codabar

#### Parameter # 07h

To enable or disable Codabar, scan the appropriate bar code below.



Enable Codabar  
(01h)



\*Disable Codabar  
(00h)

### Set Lengths for Codabar

#### Parameter # L1 = 18h, L2 = 19h

The length of a code refers to the number of characters (i.e., human readable characters), including check digit(s) the code contains. Set lengths for Codabar to any length, one or two discrete lengths, or lengths within a specific range.

- **One Discrete Length** - Select this option to decode only Codabar symbols containing a selected length. Select the length using the numeric bar codes in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#). For example, to decode only Codabar symbols with 14 characters, scan **Codabar - One Discrete Length**, then scan **1** followed by **4**. To correct an error or to change the selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).
- **Two Discrete Lengths** - Select this option to decode only Codabar symbols containing either of two selected lengths. Select lengths using the numeric bar codes in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#). For example, to decode only Codabar symbols containing either 2 or 14 characters, select **Codabar - Two Discrete Lengths**, then scan **0, 2, 1**, and then **4**. To correct an error or to change the selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).
- **Length Within Range** - Select this option to decode a Codabar symbol with a specific length range. Select lengths using numeric bar codes in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#). For example, to decode Codabar symbols containing between 4 and 12 characters, first scan **Codabar - Length Within Range**. Then scan **0, 4, 1**, and **2** (enter a leading zero for single digit numbers). To correct an error or change the selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).
- **Any Length** - Scan this option to decode Codabar symbols containing any number of characters within the digital scanner's capability.

### Set Lengths for Codabar (continued)



Codabar - One Discrete Length



Codabar - Two Discrete Lengths



\*Codabar - Length Within Range



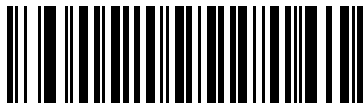
Codabar - Any Length

## CLSI Editing

### Parameter # 36h

Enable this parameter to strip the start and stop characters and insert a space after the first, fifth, and tenth characters of a 14-character Codabar symbol. Enable this feature if the host system requires this data format.

✓ **NOTE** Symbol length does not include start and stop characters.



Enable CLSI Editing  
(01h)

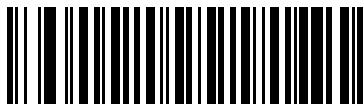


\*Disable CLSI Editing  
(00h)

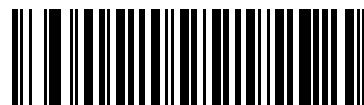
## NOTIS Editing

### Parameter # 37h

Enable this parameter to strip the start and stop characters from a decoded Codabar symbol. Enable this feature if the host system requires this data format.



Enable NOTIS Editing  
(01h)



\*Disable NOTIS Editing  
(00h)

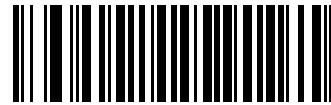
## Codabar Upper or Lower Case Start/Stop Characters Detection

### Parameter # F2h 57h

Select whether to detect upper case or lower case Codabar start/stop characters.



Upper Case  
(00h)



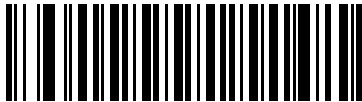
\*Lower Case  
(01h)

## MSI

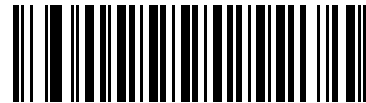
### Enable/Disable MSI

#### Parameter # 0Bh

To enable or disable MSI, scan the appropriate bar code below.



Enable MSI  
(01h)



\*Disable MSI  
(00h)

### Set Lengths for MSI

#### Parameter # L1 = 1Eh, L2 = 1Fh

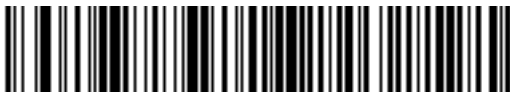
The length of a code refers to the number of characters (i.e., human readable characters), including check digit(s) the code contains. Set lengths for MSI to any length, one or two discrete lengths, or lengths within a specific range.

- **One Discrete Length** - Select this option to decode only MSI symbols containing a selected length. Select the length using the numeric bar codes in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#). For example, to decode only MSI symbols with 14 characters, scan **MSI - One Discrete Length**, then scan **1** followed by **4**. To correct an error or to change the selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).
- **Two Discrete Lengths** - Select this option to decode only MSI symbols containing either of two selected lengths. Select lengths using the numeric bar codes in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#). For example, to decode only MSI symbols containing either 2 or 14 characters, select **MSI - Two Discrete Lengths**, then scan **0, 2, 1**, and then **4**. To correct an error or to change the selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).
- **Length Within Range** - Select this option to decode a MSI symbol with a specific length range. Select lengths using numeric bar codes in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#). For example, to decode MSI symbols containing between 4 and 12 characters, first scan **MSI - Length Within Range**. Then scan **0, 4, 1**, and **2** (enter a leading zero for single digit numbers). To correct an error or change the selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).
- **Any Length** - Scan this option to decode MSI symbols containing any number of characters within the digital scanner's capability.

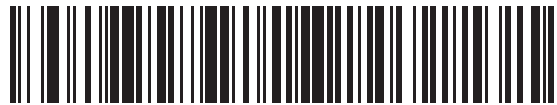


## Set Lengths for MSI (continued)

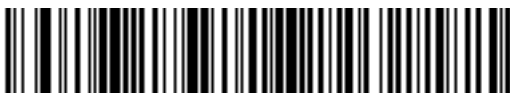
- ✓ **NOTE** Due to the construction of the MSI symbology, it is possible for a scan line covering only a portion of the code to transmit as a complete scan, yielding less data than is encoded in the bar code. To prevent this, select specific lengths (**MSI - One Discrete Length, Two Discrete Lengths**) for MSI applications.



**MSI - One Discrete Length**



**MSI - Two Discrete Lengths**



**\*MSI - Length Within Range**



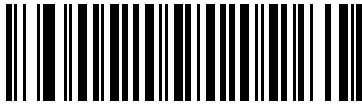
**MSI - Any Length**

## MSI Check Digits

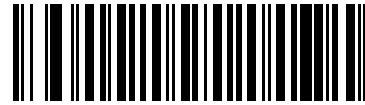
### Parameter # 32h

With MSI symbols, one check digit is mandatory and always verified by the reader. The second check digit is optional. If the MSI codes include two check digits, scan the **Two MSI Check Digits** bar code to enable verification of the second check digit.

See [MSI Check Digit Algorithm on page 9-55](#) for the selection of second digit algorithms.



\*One MSI Check Digit  
(00h)

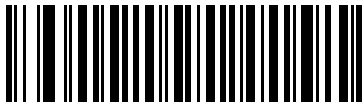


Two MSI Check Digits  
(01h)

## Transmit MSI Check Digit(s)

### Parameter # 2Eh

Scan a bar code below to transmit MSI data with or without the check digit.



Transmit MSI Check Digit(s) (Enable)  
(01h)

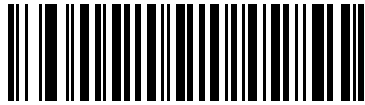


\*Do Not Transmit MSI Check Digit(s) (Disable)  
(00h)

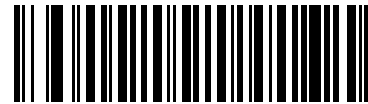
## MSI Check Digit Algorithm

### Parameter # 33h

Two algorithms are possible for the verification of the second MSI check digit. Select the bar code below corresponding to the algorithm used to encode the check digit.



MOD 10/MOD 11  
(00h)



\*MOD 10/MOD 10  
(01h)

---

## Chinese 2 of 5

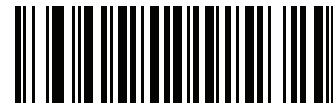
### Enable/Disable Chinese 2 of 5

#### Parameter # F0h 98h

To enable or disable Chinese 2 of 5, scan the appropriate bar code below.



Enable Chinese 2 of 5  
(01h)



\*Disable Chinese 2 of 5  
(00h)

---

## Matrix 2 of 5

### Enable/Disable Matrix 2 of 5

#### Parameter # F1h 6Ah

To enable or disable Matrix 2 of 5, scan the appropriate bar code below.



Enable Matrix 2 of 5  
(01h)



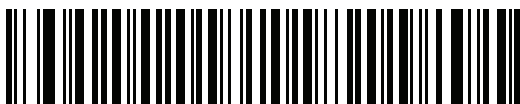
\*Disable Matrix 2 of 5  
(00h)

## Set Lengths for Matrix 2 of 5

### Parameter # L1 = F1h 6Bh, L2 = F1h 6Ch

The length of a code refers to the number of characters (i.e., human readable characters), including check digit(s) the code contains. Set lengths for Matrix 2 of 5 to any length, one or two discrete lengths, or lengths within a specific range.

- **One Discrete Length** - Select this option to decode only Matrix 2 of 5 symbols containing a selected length. Select the length using the numeric bar codes in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#). For example, to decode only Matrix 2 of 5 symbols with 14 characters, scan **Matrix 2 of 5 - One Discrete Length**, then scan **1** followed by **4**. To correct an error or to change the selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).
- **Two Discrete Lengths** - Select this option to decode only Matrix 2 of 5 symbols containing either of two selected lengths. Select lengths using the numeric bar codes in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#). For example, to decode only Matrix 2 of 5 symbols containing either 2 or 14 characters, select **Matrix 2 of 5 - Two Discrete Lengths**, then scan **0, 2, 1**, and then **4**. To correct an error or to change the selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).
- **Length Within Range** - Select this option to decode a Matrix 2 of 5 symbol with a specific length range. Select lengths using the numeric bar codes in [Appendix D, Numeric Bar Codes](#). For example, to decode Matrix 2 of 5 symbols containing between 4 and 12 characters, first scan **Matrix 2 of 5 - Length Within Range**. Then scan **0, 4, 1**, and **2** (enter a leading zero for single digit numbers). To correct an error or change the selection, scan [Cancel on page D-2](#).
- **Any Length** - Scan this option to decode Matrix 2 of 5 symbols containing any number of characters within the digital scanner's capability.



\*Matrix 2 of 5 - One Discrete Length



Matrix 2 of 5 - Two Discrete Lengths



Matrix 2 of 5 - Length Within Range



Matrix 2 of 5 - Any Length

## Matrix 2 of 5 Check Digit

### Parameter # F1h 6Eh

The check digit is the last character of the symbol used to verify the integrity of the data. Scan the appropriate bar code below to transmit the bar code data with or without the Matrix 2 of 5 check digit.



Enable Matrix 2 of 5 Check Digit  
(01h)



\*Disable Matrix 2 of 5 Check Digit  
(00h)

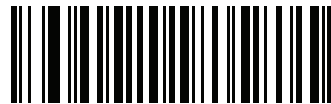
## Transmit Matrix 2 of 5 Check Digit

### Parameter # F1h 6Fh

Scan a bar code below to transmit Matrix 2 of 5 data with or without the check digit.



Transmit Matrix 2 of 5 Check Digit  
(01h)



\*Do Not Transmit Matrix 2 of 5 Check Digit  
(00h)

## Korean 3 of 5

### Enable/Disable Korean 3 of 5

#### Parameter # F1h 45h

To enable or disable Korean 3 of 5, scan the appropriate bar code below.

✓ **NOTE** The length for Korean 3 of 5 is fixed at 6.



**Enable Korean 3 of 5  
(01h)**



**\*Disable Korean 3 of 5  
(00h)**

---

## Inverse 1D

### Parameter # F1h 4Ah

This parameter sets the 1D inverse decoder setting. Options are:

- **Regular Only** - the digital scanner decodes regular 1D bar codes only.
- **Inverse Only** - the digital scanner decodes inverse 1D bar codes only.
- **Inverse Autodetect** - the digital scanner decodes both regular and inverse 1D bar codes.



**\*Regular  
(00h)**



**Inverse Only  
(01h)**



**Inverse Autodetect  
(02h)**



## GS1 DataBar

GS1 DataBar types are:

- GS1 DataBar Omnidirectional
- GS1 DataBar Truncated
- GS1 DataBar Stacked
- GS1 DataBar Stacked Omnidirectional
- GS1 DataBar Limited
- GS1 DataBar Expanded
- GS1 DataBar Expanded Stacked

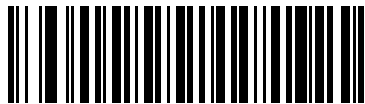
Scan the appropriate bar codes to enable or disable each type of GS1 DataBar.

## GS1 DataBar

### Parameter # F0h 52h

Scan the appropriate bar code below to enable or disable the following code types:

- GS1 DataBar Omnidirectional
- GS1 DataBar Truncated
- GS1 DataBar Stacked
- GS1 DataBar Stacked Omnidirectional,



**\*Enable GS1 DataBar  
(01h)**



**Disable GS1 DataBar  
(00h)**

## GS1 DataBar Limited

### Parameter # F0h 53h



\*Enable GS1 DataBar Limited  
(01h)



Disable GS1 DataBar Limited  
(00h)

## GS1 DataBar Limited Security Level

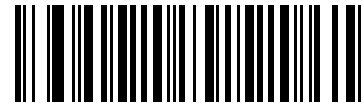
### Parameter # F1h D8h

The digital scanner offers four levels of decode security for GS1 DataBar Limited bar codes. There is an inverse relationship between security and digital scanner aggressiveness. Increasing the level of security may result in reduced aggressiveness in scanning, so only choose the level of security necessary.

- Level 1 – No clear margin required. This complies with the original GS1 standard, yet might result in erroneous<sup>1</sup> decoding of the DataBar Limited bar code when scanning some UPC symbols that start with the digits “9” and “7”.
- Level 2 – Automatic risk detection. This level of security may result in erroneous decoding of DataBar Limited bar codes when scanning some UPC symbols. If a misdecode is detected, the scanner operates in Level 3 or Level 1.
- Level 3 – Security level reflects newly proposed GS1 standard that requires a 5X trailing clear margin.
- Level 4 – Security level extends beyond the standard required by GS1. This level of security requires a 5X leading and trailing clear margin.



Security Level 1  
(01h)



Security Level 2  
(02h)



\*Security Level 3  
(03h)



Security Level 4  
(04h)

---

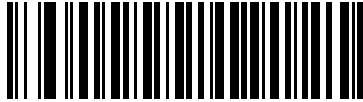
1. May result in erroneous decoding due to Databar Limited and UPC symbologies.

## GS1 DataBar Expanded

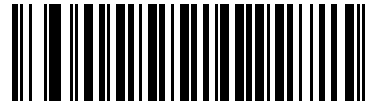
### Parameter # F0h 54h

Scan the appropriate bar code below to enable or disable the following code types:

- GS1 DataBar Expanded
- GS1 DataBar Expanded Stacked.



**\*Enable GS1 DataBar Expanded  
(01h)**



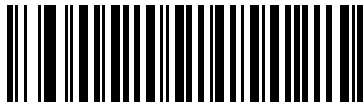
**Disable GS1 DataBar Expanded  
(00h)**

## Convert GS1 DataBar to UPC/EAN

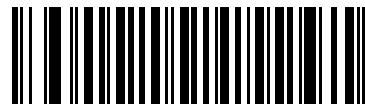
### Parameter # F0h, 8Dh

This parameter only applies to GS1 DataBar and GS1 DataBar Limited symbols not decoded as part of a Composite symbol. Enable this to strip the leading '010' from DataBar and DataBar Limited symbols encoding a single zero as the first digit, and report the bar code as EAN-13.

For bar codes beginning with two or more zeros but not six zeros, this parameter strips the leading '0100' and reports the bar code as UPC-A. The UPC-A Preamble parameter that transmits the system character and country code applies to converted bar codes. Note that neither the system character nor the check digit can be stripped.



**Enable Convert GS1 DataBar to UPC/EAN  
(01h)**



**\*Disable Convert GS1 DataBar to UPC/EAN  
(00h)**

## Redundancy Level

### Parameter # 4Eh

The digital scanner offers four levels of decode redundancy. Select higher redundancy levels for decreasing levels of bar code quality. As redundancy levels increase, the digital scanner's aggressiveness decreases.

Select the redundancy level appropriate for the bar code quality.

### Redundancy Level 1

The following code types must be successfully read twice before being decoded:

**Table 9-2** *Redundancy Level 1 Codes*

Code Type	Code Length
Codabar	8 characters or less
MSI	4 characters or less
D 2 of 5	8 characters or less
I 2 of 5	8 characters or less

### Redundancy Level 2

The following code types must be successfully read twice before being decoded:

**Table 9-3** *Redundancy Level 2 Codes*

Code Type	Code Length
All	All

### Redundancy Level 3

Code types other than the following must be successfully read twice before being decoded. The following codes must be read three times:

**Table 9-4** *Redundancy Level 3 Codes*

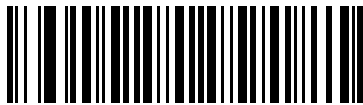
Code Type	Code Length
MSI	4 characters or less
D 2 of 5	8 characters or less
I 2 of 5	8 characters or less
Codabar	8 characters or less

## Redundancy Level 4

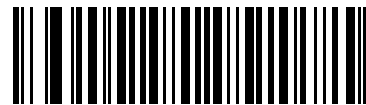
The following code types must be successfully read three times before being decoded:

**Table 9-5** *Redundancy Level 4 Codes*

Code Type	Code Length
All	All



\*Redundancy Level 1  
(01h)



Redundancy Level 2  
(02h)



Redundancy Level 3  
(03h)



Redundancy Level 4  
(04h)

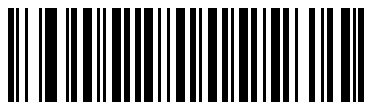
---

## Security Level

### Parameter # 4Dh

The digital scanner offers four levels of decode security for delta bar codes, which include UPC/EAN and Code 93. Select increasing levels of security for decreasing levels of bar code quality. There is an inverse relationship between security and digital scanner aggressiveness, so choose only that level of security necessary for any given application.

- **Security Level 0:** This default setting allows the digital scanner to operate in its most aggressive state, while providing sufficient security in decoding most “in-spec” bar codes.
- **Security Level 1:** This setting eliminates most misdecodes.
- **Security Level 2:** Select this option if Security level 1 fails to eliminate misdecodes.
- **Security Level 3:** If you selected Security Level 2 and misdecodes still occur, select this security level. Be advised, selecting this option is an extreme measure against mis-decoding severely out of spec bar codes. Selecting this level of security significantly impairs the decoding ability of the digital scanner. If you need this level of security, try to improve the quality of the bar codes.



\*Security Level 0  
(00h)



Security Level 1  
(01h)



Security Level 2  
(02h)



Security Level 3  
(03h)

## Intercharacter Gap Size

### Parameter # F0h, 7Dh

The Code 39 and Codabar symbologies have an intercharacter gap that is typically quite small. Due to various bar code-printing technologies, this gap can grow larger than the maximum size allowed, preventing the digital scanner from decoding the symbol. If this problem occurs, scan the **Large Intercharacter Gaps** parameter to tolerate these out-of-specification bar codes.



**\*Normal Intercharacter Gaps  
(06h)**



**Large Intercharacter Gaps  
(0Ah)**



# CHAPTER 10 123SCAN2

---

## Introduction

123Scan<sup>2</sup> is an easy to use, PC-based software tool that enables rapid customized setup of Zebra decoders.

123Scan<sup>2</sup> uses a wizard tool to guide users through a streamlined set up process. Settings are saved in a configuration file that can be distributed via e-mail, electronically downloaded via a USB cable, or used to generate a sheet of scannable programming bar codes.

Additionally 123Scan<sup>2</sup> can upgrade decoder firmware, check online to enable support for newly released products, generate a collection of multi-setting bar codes if the number of settings is very large, stage a large number of decoders simultaneously, generate reports with asset tracking information, and create custom products.

---

## Communication with 123Scan<sup>2</sup>

To communicate with the 123Scan<sup>2</sup> program which runs on a host computer running a Windows XP SP2 or Windows 7 operating system, use a USB cable to connect the digital scanner to the host computer (see [Connecting a USB Interface on page 5-2](#)).

---

## 123Scan<sup>2</sup> Requirements

- Host computer with Windows XP SP2 or Windows 7
- Scanner
- Cradle
- USB cable.

For more information on 123Scan<sup>2</sup>, go to: <http://www.zebra.com/123Scan>

For a 1 minute tour of 123Scan<sup>2</sup>, go to: <http://http://www.zebra.com/software>.

To download 123Scan<sup>2</sup> software and access the Help file integrated in the utility, go to: <http://www.zebra.com/123Scan>.

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## Scanner SDK, Other Software Tools, and Videos

Tackle all your scanner programming needs with our diversified set of software tools. Whether you need to simply stage a device, or develop a fully featured application with image and data capture as well as asset management, these tools help you every step of the way. To download any of the free tools listed below, go to: <http://www.zebra.com/software>.

- 123Scan2 configuration utility (described in this chapter)
- Scanner SDK for Windows
- How-to videos
- Virtual COM port driver
- OPOS driver
- JPOS driver
- Scanner user documentation
- Archive of older drivers.

# CHAPTER 11 ADVANCED DATA FORMATTING

---

## Introduction

Advanced Data Formatting (ADF) is a means of customizing data before transmission to the host device. Use ADF to edit scan data to suit requirements. Implement ADF by scanning a related series of bar codes which program the digital scanner with ADF rules.

For information and programming bar codes for ADF, refer to the *Advanced Data Formatting Programmer Guide*, p/n 72E-69680-xx.



# APPENDIX A STANDARD DEFAULT PARAMETERS

**Table A-1** Standard Default Parameters Table

Parameter	Parameter Number	Default	Page Number
<b>User Preferences</b>			
Set Default Parameter		Set Defaults	4-4
Parameter Bar Code Scanning	ECh	Enable	4-5
Beep After Good Decode	38h	Enable	4-5
Beeper Tone	91h	Medium	4-6
Beeper Volume	8Ch	High	4-7
Volume Adjustment Trigger Timeout	F0h 93h	5.0 Sec	4-8
Beeper Duration	F1h 74h	Medium	4-9
Suppress Power-up Beeps	F1h D1h	Do not suppress	4-9
Low Power Mode	80h	Disable	4-10
Time Delay to Low Power Mode	92h	1 Hour	4-11
Trigger Mode	8Ah	Presentation	4-13
Trigger Aiming Pattern	F0h 32h	Enable	4-14
Presentation Aiming Pattern	F1h 4Eh	Disable	4-15
Momentary Trigger Mode Timeout	EDh	5 sec	4-16
Motion Detect Range	F2h 3Bh	Full	4-17
Decoding Illumination (Hand-Held Mode Only)	F0h, 2Ah	Enable	4-18

<sup>1</sup>User selection is required to configure this interface and this is the most common selection.

**Table A-1** Standard Default Parameters Table (Continued)

Parameter	Parameter Number	Default	Page Number
Post Decode Illumination	F2h 29h	Always Off	4-18
Illumination Always On (Presentation Mode Only)	F2h 59h	Illumination Automatically Controlled	4-19
Illumination Control Timer (Dim Mode)	F1h 97h	1 minute	4-20
Presentation Mode Field of View	F1h 61h	Small	4-22
Picklist Mode	F0h 92h	Enabled in Trigger Mode	4-23
Continuous Bar Code Read	F1h 89h	Disable	4-24
Unique Bar Code Reporting	F1h D31h	Disable	4-24
Decode Session Timeout	88h	9.9 Sec	4-25
Timeout Between Decodes, Same Symbol	89h	0.4 Sec	4-25
Timeout Between Decodes, Different Symbols	90h	0.2 Sec	4-26
Fuzzy 1D Processing	F1h 02h	Enable	4-26
Motion Tolerance (Hand-Held Trigger Modes Only)	F2h 5Ah	Less Motion Tolerance	4-27
<b>Miscellaneous Options</b>			
Transmit Code ID Character	2Dh	None	4-28
Prefix Value	63h, 69h	7013 <CR><LF>	4-29
Suffix 1 Value Suffix 2 Value	62h 68h 64h 6Ah	7013 <CR><LF>	4-29
Scan Data Transmission Format	EBh	Data as is	4-30
FN1 Substitution Values	67h 6Dh	Set	4-31
Transmit "No Read" Message	5Eh	Disable	4-32
<b>USB Host Parameters</b>			
USB Device Type		HID Keyboard Emulation	5-4
Symbol Native API (SNAPI) Status Handshaking		Enable	5-5
USB Country Keyboard Types (Country Codes)		North American	5-6
USB Keystroke Delay		No Delay	5-8
Simulated Caps Lock		Disable	5-9
USB CAPS Lock Override		Disable	5-9

<sup>1</sup>User selection is required to configure this interface and this is the most common selection.

**Table A-1** Standard Default Parameters Table (Continued)

Parameter	Parameter Number	Default	Page Number
USB Ignore Unknown Characters		Enable	5-10
USB Convert Unknown to Code 39		Disable	5-10
USB Ignore Beep Directive		Honor	5-11
USB Ignore Type Directive		Honor	5-11
Emulate Keypad		Disable	5-12
Emulate Keypad with Leading Zero		Disable	5-12
USB Keyboard FN1 Substitution		Disable	5-13
Function Key Mapping		Disable	5-13
Convert Case		No Case Conversion	5-14
USB Static CDC		Enable	5-14
USB Polling Interval		3 msec	5-15
Quick Keypad Emulation		Disable	5-17
Fast HID Keyboard Emulation		Enable	5-17
IBM Specification Version		Original Specification	5-18
<b>RS-232 Host Parameters</b>			
RS-232 Host Types		Standard <sup>1</sup>	6-6
Baud Rate		9600	6-8
Parity Type		None	6-9
Stop Bits		1	6-10
Data Bits		8-bit	6-10
Check Receive Errors		Enable	6-11
Hardware Handshaking		None	6-11
Software Handshaking		None	6-13
Host Serial Response Timeout		2 Sec	6-15
RTS Line State		Low RTS	6-16
Beep on <BEL>		Disable	6-16
Intercharacter Delay		0 msec	6-17
Nixdorf Beep/LED Options		Normal Operation	6-18
Ignore Unknown Characters		Send Bar Code	6-18

<sup>1</sup>User selection is required to configure this interface and this is the most common selection.

**Table A-1** Standard Default Parameters Table (Continued)

Parameter	Parameter Number	Default	Page Number
<b>IBM 468X/469X Host Parameters</b>			
Port Address		None Selected	7-4
Convert Unknown to Code 39		Disable	7-5
Ignore Beep Directive		Honor	7-5
Ignore Configuration Directive		Honor	7-6
<b>Keyboard Wedge Host Parameters</b>			
Keyboard Wedge Host Type		IBM PC/AT& IBM PC Compatibles <sup>1</sup>	8-4
Country Types (Country Codes)		North American	8-5
Ignore Unknown Characters		Transmit	8-7
Keystroke Delay		No Delay	8-7
Intra-Keystroke Delay		Disable	8-8
Alternate Numeric Keypad Emulation		Disable	8-8
Simulated Caps Lock		Disable	8-9
Caps Lock Override		Disable	8-9
Convert Wedge Data		No Convert	8-10
Function Key Mapping		Disable	8-10
FN1 Substitution		Disable	8-11
Send and Make Break		Send	8-11
<b>Symbology Parameters</b>			
<b>Disable All Code Types</b>			9-6
<b>UPC/EAN</b>			
UPC-A	01h	Enable	9-7
UPC-E	02h	Enable	9-7
UPC-E1	0Ch	Disable	9-8
EAN-8/JAN 8	04h	Enable	9-8
EAN-13/JAN 13	03h	Enable	9-9
Bookland EAN	53h	Disable	9-9
Bookland ISBN Format	F1h 40h	ISBN-10	9-10

<sup>1</sup>User selection is required to configure this interface and this is the most common selection.



**Table A-1** Standard Default Parameters Table (Continued)

Parameter	Parameter Number	Default	Page Number
Decode UPC/EAN/JAN Supplementals (2 and 5 digits)	10h	Ignore	9-11
User-Programmable Supplementals Supplemental 1: Supplemental 2:	F1h 43h F1h 44h		9-14
UPC/EAN/JAN Supplemental Redundancy	50h	10	9-14
Decode UPC/EAN/JAN Supplemental AIM ID	F1h A0h	Combined	9-15
Transmit UPC-A Check Digit	28h	Enable	9-16
Transmit UPC-E Check Digit	29h	Enable	9-16
Transmit UPC-E1 Check Digit	2Ah	Enable	9-17
UPC-A Preamble	22h	System Character	9-17
UPC-E Preamble	23h	System Character	9-18
UPC-E1 Preamble	24h	System Character	9-19
Convert UPC-E to A	25h	Disable	9-20
Convert UPC-E1 to A	26h	Disable	9-20
EAN-8/JAN-8 Extend	27h	Disable	9-21
UCC Coupon Extended Code	55h	Disable	9-21
Coupon Report	F1h DAh	New Coupon Symbols	9-22
ISSN EAN	F1h 69h	Enable	9-23
<b>Code 128</b>			
Code 128	08h	Enable	9-24
Set Length(s) for Code 128	D1h, D2h	Any Length	9-24
GS1-128	0Eh	Enable	9-25
ISBT 128	54h	Enable	9-26
ISBT Concatenation	F1h 41h	Disable	9-27
Check ISBT Table	F1h 42h	Enable	9-28
ISBT Concatenation Redundancy	DFh	10	9-28

<sup>1</sup>User selection is required to configure this interface and this is the most common selection.

**Table A-1** Standard Default Parameters Table (Continued)

Parameter	Parameter Number	Default	Page Number
<b>Code 39</b>			
Code 39	00h	Enable	9-29
Trioptic Code 39	0Dh	Disable	9-29
Convert Code 39 to Code 32 (Italian Pharmacy Code)	56h	Disable	9-30
Code 32 Prefix	E7h	Disable	9-30
Set Length(s) for Code 39	12h, 13h	2 to 55	9-31
Code 39 Check Digit Verification	30h	Disable	9-32
Transmit Code 39 Check Digit	2Bh	Disable	9-32
Code 39 Full ASCII Conversion	11h	Disable	9-33
Code 39 Buffering	71h	Disable	9-34
Clear Buffer			9-35
Transmit Buffer			9-35
<b>Code 93</b>			
Code 93	09h	Disable	9-36
Set Length(s) for Code 93	1Ah, 1Bh	4 to 55	9-36
<b>Code 11</b>			
Code 11	0Ah	Disable	9-38
Set Lengths for Code 11	1Ch, 1Dh	4 to 55	9-38
Code 11 Check Digit Verification	34h	Disable	9-40
Transmit Code 11 Check Digit(s)	2Fh	Disable	9-41
<b>Interleaved 2 of 5 (ITF)</b>			
Interleaved 2 of 5 (ITF)	06h	Disable	9-42
Set Lengths for I 2 of 5	16h, 17h	Length within Range: 6 - 55	9-42
I 2 of 5 Check Digit Verification	31h	Disable	9-44
Transmit I 2 of 5 Check Digit	2Ch	Disable	9-44
Convert I 2 of 5 to EAN 13	52h	Disable	9-45
<b>Discrete 2 of 5 (DTF)</b>			
Discrete 2 of 5	05h	Disable	9-46
Set Length(s) for D 2 of 5	14h, 15h	12	9-46

<sup>1</sup>User selection is required to configure this interface and this is the most common selection.

Table A-1 Standard Default Parameters Table (Continued)

Parameter	Parameter Number	Default	Page Number
<b>Codabar (NW - 7)</b>			
Codabar	07h	Disable	9-48
Set Lengths for Codabar	18h, 19h	5 to 55	9-48
CLSI Editing	36h	Disable	9-50
NOTIS Editing	37h	Disable	9-50
Codabar Upper or Lower Case Start/Stop Characters Detection	F2h 57h	Lower Case	9-51
<b>MSI</b>			
MSI	0Bh	Disable	9-52
Set Length(s) for MSI	1Eh, 1Fh	4 to 55	9-52
MSI Check Digits	32h	One	9-54
Transmit MSI Check Digit	2Eh	Disable	9-54
MSI Check Digit Algorithm	33h	Mod 10/Mod 10	9-55
<b>Chinese 2 of 5</b>			
Chinese 2 of 5	F0h 98h	Disable	9-55
<b>Matrix 2 of 5</b>			
Matrix 2 of 5	F1h 6Ah	Disable	9-56
Matrix 2 of 5 Lengths	F1h 6Bh F1h 6Ch	1 Length - 14	9-57
Matrix 2 of 5 Check Digit	F1h 6Eh	Disable	9-58
Transmit Matrix 2 of 5 Check Digit	F1h 6Fh	Disable	9-58
<b>Korean 3 of 5</b>			
Korean 3 of 5	F1h 45h	Disable	9-59
<b>Inverse 1D</b>	F1h 4Ah	Regular	9-60
<b>GS1 DataBar</b>			
GS1 DataBar (GS1 DataBar Omnidirectional, GS1 DataBar Truncated, GS1 DataBar Stacked, GS1 DataBar Stacked Omnidirectional)	F0h 52h	Enable	9-61
GS1 DataBar Limited	F0h 53h	Enable	9-62
GS1 DataBar Limited Security Level	F1h D8h	3	9-63

<sup>1</sup>User selection is required to configure this interface and this is the most common selection.

**Table A-1** Standard Default Parameters Table (Continued)

Parameter	Parameter Number	Default	Page Number
GS1 DataBar Expanded (GS1 DataBar Expanded, GS1 DataBar Expanded Stacked)	F0h 54h	Enable	9-64
Convert GS1 DataBar to UPC/EAN	F0h 8Dh	Disable	9-64
<b>Symbology-Specific Security Levels</b>			
Redundancy Level	4Eh	1	9-65
Security Level (UPC/EAN and Code 93)	4Dh	0	9-67
Intercharacter Gap Size	F0h 7Dh	Normal	9-68

<sup>1</sup>User selection is required to configure this interface and this is the most common selection.

# APPENDIX B PROGRAMMING REFERENCE

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## Symbol Code Identifiers

**Table B-1** *Symbol Code Characters*

Code Character	Code Type
A	UPC-A, UPC-E, UPC-E1, EAN-8, EAN-13
B	Code 39, Code 32
C	Codabar
D	Code 128, ISBT 128, ISBT 128 Concatenated
E	Code 93
F	Interleaved 2 of 5
G	Discrete 2 of 5, or Discrete 2 of 5 IATA
H	Code 11
J	MSI
K	GS1-128
L	Bookland EAN
M	Trioptic Code 39
N	Coupon Code
R	GS1 DataBar Family
S	Matrix 2 of 5
U	Chinese 2 of 5
V	Korean 3 of 5
X	ISSN EAN

## AIM Code Identifiers

Each AIM Code Identifier contains the three-character string **jcm** where:

- j = Flag Character (ASCII 93)
- c = Code Character (see [Table B-2](#))
- m = Modifier Character (see [Table B-3](#))

**Table B-2** *Aim Code Characters*

Code Character	Code Type
A	Code 39, Code 39 Full ASCII, Code 32
C	Code 128, ISBT 128, ISBT 128 Concatenated, GS1-128, Coupon (Code 128 portion)
E	UPC/EAN, Coupon (UPC portion)
e	GS1 DataBar Family
F	Codabar
G	Code 93
H	Code 11
I	Interleaved 2 of 5
L2	TLC 39
M	MSI
S	Discrete 2 of 5, IATA 2 of 5
X	Bookland EAN, ISSN EAN, Trioptic Code 39, Chinese 2 of 5, Matrix 2 of 5, Korean 3 of 5

The modifier character is the sum of the applicable option values based on [Table B-3](#).

**Table B-3** *Modifier Characters*

Code Type	Option Value	Option
<b>Code 39</b>	0	No check character or Full ASCII processing.
	1	Reader has checked one check character.
	3	Reader has checked and stripped check character.
	4	Reader has performed Full ASCII character conversion.
	5	Reader has performed Full ASCII character conversion and checked one check character.
	7	Reader has performed Full ASCII character conversion and checked and stripped check character.
	Example: A Full ASCII bar code with check character W, <b>A+I+MI+DW</b> , is transmitted as <b>JA7AIMID</b> where $7 = (3+4)$ .	
<b>Trioptic Code 39</b>	0	No option specified at this time. Always transmit 0.
	Example: A Trioptic bar code 412356 is transmitted as <b>JX0412356</b>	
<b>Code 128</b>	0	Standard data packet, no Function code 1 in first symbol position.
	1	Function code 1 in first symbol character position.
	2	Function code 1 in second symbol character position.
	Example: A Code (EAN) 128 bar code with Function 1 character <sup>FNC1</sup> in the first position, AIMID is transmitted as <b>JC1AIMID</b>	
<b>I 2 of 5</b>	0	No check digit processing.
	1	Reader has validated check digit.
	3	Reader has validated and stripped check digit.
	Example: An I 2 of 5 bar code without check digit, 4123, is transmitted as <b>J104123</b>	
<b>Codabar</b>	0	No check digit processing.
	1	Reader has checked check digit.
	3	Reader has stripped check digit before transmission.
	Example: A Codabar bar code without check digit, 4123, is transmitted as <b>JF04123</b>	
<b>Code 93</b>	0	No options specified at this time. Always transmit 0.
	Example: A Code 93 bar code 012345678905 is transmitted as <b>JG0012345678905</b>	
<b>MSI</b>	0	Check digits are sent.
	1	No check digit is sent.
	Example: An MSI bar code 4123, with a single check digit checked, is transmitted as <b>JM14123</b>	

**Table B-3** *Modifier Characters (Continued)*

Code Type	Option Value	Option
<b>D 2 of 5</b>	0	No options specified at this time. Always transmit 0.
	Example: A D 2 of 5 bar code 4123, is transmitted as <b>JS04123</b>	
<b>UPC/EAN</b>	0	Standard data packet in full EAN format, i.e. 13 digits for UPC-A, UPC-E, and EAN-13 (not including supplemental data).
	1	Two digit supplemental data only.
	2	Five digit supplemental data only.
	3	Combined data packet comprising 13 digits from EAN-13, UPC-A or UPC-E symbol and 2 or 5 digits from supplemental symbol.
	4	EAN-8 data packet.
	Example: A UPC-A bar code 012345678905 is transmitted as <b>JE00012345678905</b>	
<b>Bookland EAN</b>	0	No options specified at this time. Always transmit 0.
	Example: A Bookland EAN bar code 123456789X is transmitted as <b>JX0123456789X</b>	
<b>ISSN EAN</b>	0	No options specified at this time. Always transmit 0.
	Example: An ISSN EAN bar code 123456789X is transmitted as <b>JX0123456789X</b>	
<b>Code 11</b>	0	Single check digit
	1	Two check digits
	3	Check characters validated but not transmitted.
<b>GS1 DataBar Family</b>		No option specified at this time. Always transmit 0. GS1 DataBar and GS1 DataBar Limited transmit with an Application Identifier "01". Note: In GS1-128 emulation mode, GS1 DataBar is transmitted using Code 128 rules (i.e., JC1).
	Example: A GS1 DataBar bar code 0110012345678902 is transmitted as <b>Je00110012345678902</b> .	



# APPENDIX C SAMPLE BAR CODES

---

## Code 39



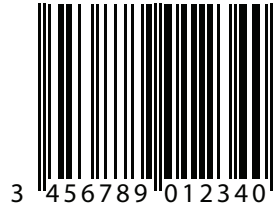
---

## UPC/EAN

### UPC-A, 100%



**EAN-13, 100%**



---

**Code 128**



---

**Interleaved 2 of 5**



---

## GS1 DataBar-14

✓ **NOTE** DataBar-14 must be enabled to read the bar code below (see [GS1 DataBar on page 9-61](#)).



7612341562341



# APPENDIX D NUMERIC BAR CODES

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## Numeric Bar Codes

For parameters requiring specific numeric values, scan the appropriately numbered bar code(s).



0



1



2



3



4

## Numeric Bar Codes (continued)



---

## Cancel

To correct an error or change a selection, scan the bar code below.



# APPENDIX E ASCII CHARACTER SETS

**Table E-1** *ASCII Value Table*

ASCII Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Char	Keystroke
1000	%U	CTRL 2
1001	\$A	CTRL A
1002	\$B	CTRL B
1003	\$C	CTRL C
1004	\$D	CTRL D
1005	\$E	CTRL E
1006	\$F	CTRL F
1007	\$G	CTRL G
1008	\$H	CTRL H/ <b>BACKSPACE</b> <sup>1</sup>
1009	\$I	CTRL I/ <b>HORIZONTAL TAB</b> <sup>1</sup>
1010	\$J	CTRL J
1011	\$K	CTRL K
1012	\$L	CTRL L
1013	\$M	CTRL M/ <b>ENTER</b> <sup>1</sup>
1014	\$N	CTRL N
1015	\$O	CTRL O

**The keystroke in bold transmits only if you enabled Function Key Mapping. Otherwise, the unbold keystroke transmits.**

**Table E-1** ASCII Value Table (Continued)

ASCII Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Char	Keystroke
1016	\$P	CTRL P
1017	\$Q	CTRL Q
1018	\$R	CTRL R
1019	\$S	CTRL S
1020	\$T	CTRL T
1021	\$U	CTRL U
1022	\$V	CTRL V
1023	\$W	CTRL W
1024	\$X	CTRL X
1025	\$Y	CTRL Y
1026	\$Z	CTRL Z
1027	%A	CTRL [
1028	%B	CTRL \
1029	%C	CTRL ]
1030	%D	CTRL 6
1031	%E	CTRL -
1032	Space	Space
1033	/A	!
1034	/B	"
1035	/C	#
1036	/D	\$
1037	/E	%
1038	/F	&
1039	/G	'
1040	/H	(
1041	/I	)
1042	/J	*
1043	/K	+
1044	/L	,

**The keystroke in bold transmits only if you enabled Function Key Mapping. Otherwise, the unbold keystroke transmits.**



**Table E-1** ASCII Value Table (Continued)

ASCII Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Char	Keystroke
1045	-	-
1046	.	.
1047	/o	/
1048	0	0
1049	1	1
1050	2	2
1051	3	3
1052	4	4
1053	5	5
1054	6	6
1055	7	7
1056	8	8
1057	9	9
1058	/Z	:
1059	%F	;
1060	%G	<
1061	%H	=
1062	%I	>
1063	%J	?
1064	%V	@
1065	A	A
1066	B	B
1067	C	C
1068	D	D
1069	E	E
1070	F	F
1071	G	G
1072	H	H
1073	I	I

**The keystroke in bold transmits only if you enabled Function Key Mapping. Otherwise, the unbold keystroke transmits.**

**Table E-1** ASCII Value Table (Continued)

ASCII Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Char	Keystroke
1074	J	J
1075	K	K
1076	L	L
1077	M	M
1078	N	N
1079	O	O
1080	P	P
1081	Q	Q
1082	R	R
1083	S	S
1084	T	T
1085	U	U
1086	V	V
1087	W	W
1088	X	X
1089	Y	Y
1090	Z	Z
1091	%K	[
1092	%L	\
1093	%M	]
1094	%N	^
1095	%O	_
1096	%W	'
1097	+A	<b>a</b>
1098	+B	<b>b</b>
1099	+C	<b>c</b>
1100	+D	<b>d</b>
1101	+E	<b>e</b>
1102	+F	<b>f</b>

**The keystroke in bold transmits only if you enabled Function Key Mapping. Otherwise, the unbold keystroke transmits.**

**Table E-1** ASCII Value Table (Continued)

ASCII Value	Full ASCII Code 39 Encode Char	Keystroke
1103	+G	<b>g</b>
1104	+H	<b>h</b>
1105	+I	<b>i</b>
1106	+J	<b>j</b>
1107	+K	<b>k</b>
1108	+L	<b>l</b>
1109	+M	<b>m</b>
1110	+N	<b>n</b>
1111	+O	<b>o</b>
1112	+P	<b>p</b>
1113	+Q	<b>q</b>
1114	+R	<b>r</b>
1115	+S	<b>s</b>
1116	+T	<b>t</b>
1117	+U	<b>u</b>
1118	+V	<b>v</b>
1119	+W	<b>w</b>
1120	+X	<b>x</b>
1121	+Y	<b>y</b>
1122	+Z	<b>z</b>
1123	%P	<b>{</b>
1124	%Q	<b> </b>
1125	%R	<b>}</b>
1126	%S	<b>~</b>

**The keystroke in bold transmits only if you enabled Function Key Mapping. Otherwise, the unbold keystroke transmits.**

**Table E-2** *ALT Key Standard Default Tables*

<b>ALT Keys</b>	<b>Keystroke</b>
2064	ALT 2
2065	ALT A
2066	ALT B
2067	ALT C
2068	ALT D
2069	ALT E
2070	ALT F
2071	ALT G
2072	ALT H
2073	ALT I
2074	ALT J
2075	ALT K
2076	ALT L
2077	ALT M
2078	ALT N
2079	ALT O
2080	ALT P
2081	ALT Q
2082	ALT R
2083	ALT S
2084	ALT T
2085	ALT U
2086	ALT V
2087	ALT W
2088	ALT X
2089	ALT Y
2090	ALT Z

**Table E-3** *USB GUI Key Character Set*

GUI Key	Keystroke
3000	Right Control Key
3048	GUI 0
3049	GUI 1
3050	GUI 2
3051	GUI 3
3052	GUI 4
3053	GUI 5
3054	GUI 6
3055	GUI 7
3056	GUI 8
3057	GUI 9
3065	GUI A
3066	GUI B
3067	GUI C
3068	GUI D
3069	GUI E
3070	GUI F
3071	GUI G
3072	GUI H
3073	GUI I
3074	GUI J
3075	GUI K
3076	GUI L
3077	GUI M
3078	GUI N
3079	GUI O
3080	GUI P
3081	GUI Q

**Note: GUI Shift Keys - The Apple™ iMac keyboard has an apple key on either side of the space bar. Windows-based systems have a GUI key to the left of the left ALT key, and to the right of the right ALT key.**

**Table E-3** *USB GUI Key Character Set (Continued)*

GUI Key	Keystroke
3082	GUI R
3083	GUI S
3084	GUI T
3085	GUI U
3086	GUI V
3087	GUI W
3088	GUI X
3089	GUI Y
3090	GUI Z

**Note: GUI Shift Keys - The Apple™ iMac keyboard has an apple key on either side of the space bar. Windows-based systems have a GUI key to the left of the left ALT key, and to the right of the right ALT key.**

**Table E-4** *PF Key Standard Default Table*

<b>PF Keys</b>	<b>Keystroke</b>
4001	PF 1
4002	PF 2
4003	PF 3
4004	PF 4
4005	PF 5
4006	PF 6
4007	PF 7
4008	PF 8
4009	PF 9
4010	PF 10
4011	PF 11
4012	PF 12
4013	PF 13
4014	PF 14
4015	PF 15
4016	PF 16

**Table E-5** *F key Standard Default Table*

<b>F Keys</b>	<b>Keystroke</b>
5001	F 1
5002	F 2
5003	F 3
5004	F 4
5005	F 5
5006	F 6
5007	F 7
5008	F 8
5009	F 9
5010	F 10
5011	F 11
5012	F 12
5013	F 13
5014	F 14
5015	F 15
5016	F 16
5017	F 17
5018	F 18
5019	F 19
5020	F 20
5021	F 21
5022	F 22
5023	F 23
5024	F 24



**Table E-6** *Numeric Key Standard Default Table*

<b>Numeric Keypad</b>	<b>Keystroke</b>
6042	*
6043	+
6044	Undefined
6045	-
6046	.
6047	/
6048	0
6049	1
6050	2
6051	3
6052	4
6053	5
6054	6
6055	7
6056	8
6057	9
6058	Enter
6059	Num Lock

**Table E-7** *Extended Keypad Standard Default Table*

<b>Extended Keypad</b>	<b>Keystroke</b>
7001	Break
7002	Delete
7003	Pg Up
7004	End
7005	Pg Dn
7006	Pause
7007	Scroll Lock
7008	Backspace
7009	Tab
7010	Print Screen
7011	Insert
7012	Home
7013	Enter
7014	Escape
7015	Up Arrow
7016	Dn Arrow
7017	Left Arrow
7018	Right Arrow

# GLOSSARY

---

## A

**Aperture.** The opening in an optical system defined by a lens or baffle that establishes the field of view.

**API.** An interface by means of which one software component communicates with or controls another. Usually used to refer to services provided by one software component to another, usually via software interrupts or function calls

**Application Programming Interface.** See **API**.

**ASCII.** American Standard Code for Information Interchange. A 7 bit-plus-parity code representing 128 letters, numerals, punctuation marks and control characters. It is a standard data transmission code in the U.S.

**Autodiscrimination.** The ability of an interface controller to determine the code type of a scanned bar code. After this determination is made, the information content is decoded.

---

## B

**Bar.** The dark element in a printed bar code symbol.

**Bar Code.** A pattern of variable-width bars and spaces which represents numeric or alphanumeric data in machine-readable form. The general format of a bar code symbol consists of a leading margin, start character, data or message character, check character (if any), stop character, and trailing margin. Within this framework, each recognizable symbology uses its own unique format. See **Symbology**.

**Bar Code Density.** The number of characters represented per unit of measurement (e.g., characters per inch).

**Bar Height.** The dimension of a bar measured perpendicular to the bar width.

**Bar Width.** Thickness of a bar measured from the edge closest to the symbol start character to the trailing edge of the same bar.

**BIOS.** Basic Input Output System. A collection of ROM-based code with a standard API used to interface with standard PC hardware.

**Bit.** Binary digit. One bit is the basic unit of binary information. Generally, eight consecutive bits compose one byte of data. The pattern of 0 and 1 values within the byte determines its meaning.

**Bits per Second (bps).** Bits transmitted or received.

**Boot or Boot-up.** The process a computer goes through when it starts. During boot-up, the computer can run self-diagnostic tests and configure hardware and software.

**BOOTP.** A protocol for remote booting of diskless devices. Assigns an IP address to a machine and may specify a boot file. The client sends a bootp request as a broadcast to the bootp server port (67) and the bootp server responds using the bootp client port (68). The bootp server must have a table of all devices, associated MAC addresses and IP addresses.

**bps.** See **Bits Per Second**.

**Byte.** On an addressable boundary, eight adjacent binary digits (0 and 1) combined in a pattern to represent a specific character or numeric value. Bits are numbered from the right, 0 through 7, with bit 0 the low-order bit. One byte in memory is used to store one ASCII character.

---

## C

**CDRH.** Center for Devices and Radiological Health. A federal agency responsible for regulating laser product safety. This agency specifies various laser operation classes based on power output during operation.

**CDRH Class 1.** This is the lowest power CDRH laser classification. This class is considered intrinsically safe, even if all laser output were directed into the eye's pupil. There are no special operating procedures for this class.

**CDRH Class 2.** No additional software mechanisms are needed to conform to this limit. Laser operation in this class poses no danger for unintentional direct human exposure.

**Character.** A pattern of bars and spaces which either directly represents data or indicates a control function, such as a number, letter, punctuation mark, or communications control contained in a message.

**Character Set.** Those characters available for encoding in a particular bar code symbology.

**Check Digit.** A digit used to verify a correct symbol decode. The scanner inserts the decoded data into an arithmetic formula and checks that the resulting number matches the encoded check digit. Check digits are required for UPC but are optional for other symbologies. Using check digits decreases the chance of substitution errors when a symbol is decoded.

**Codabar.** A discrete self-checking code with a character set consisting of digits 0 to 9 and six additional characters: ( - \$ : / , +).

**Code 128.** A high density symbology which allows the controller to encode all 128 ASCII characters without adding extra symbol elements.

**Code 3 of 9 (Code 39).** A versatile and widely used alphanumeric bar code symbology with a set of 43 character types, including all uppercase letters, numerals from 0 to 9 and 7 special characters (- . / + % \$ and space). The code name is derived from the fact that 3 of 9 elements representing a character are wide, while the remaining 6 are narrow.

**Code 93.** An industrial symbology compatible with Code 39 but offering a full character ASCII set and a higher coding density than Code 39.

**Code Length.** Number of data characters in a bar code between the start and stop characters, not including those characters.

**Cold Boot.** A cold boot restarts the mobile computer and erases all user stored records and entries.

**COM port.** Communication port; ports are identified by number, e.g., COM1, COM2.

**Continuous Code.** A bar code or symbol in which all spaces within the symbol are parts of characters. There are no intercharacter gaps in a continuous code. The absence of gaps allows for greater information density.

**Cradle.** A cradle is used for charging the terminal battery and for communicating with a host computer, and provides a storage place for the terminal when not in use.

---

## D

**Dead Zone.** An area within a scanner's field of view, in which specular reflection may prevent a successful decode.

**Decode.** To recognize a bar code symbology (e.g., UPC/EAN) and then analyze the content of the specific bar code scanned.

**Decode Algorithm.** A decoding scheme that converts pulse widths into data representation of the letters or numbers encoded within a bar code symbol.

**Decryption.** Decryption is the decoding and unscrambling of received encrypted data. Also see, **Encryption** and **Key**.

**Depth of Field.** The range between minimum and maximum distances at which a scanner can read a symbol with a certain minimum element width.

**Discrete 2 of 5.** A binary bar code symbology representing each character by a group of five bars, two of which are wide. The location of wide bars in the group determines which character is encoded; spaces are insignificant. Only numeric characters (0 to 9) and START/STOP characters may be encoded.

**Discrete Code.** A bar code or symbol in which the spaces between characters (intercharacter gaps) are not part of the code.

**DRAM.** Dynamic random access memory.

---

## E

**EAN.** European Article Number. This European/International version of the UPC provides its own coding format and symbology standards. Element dimensions are specified metrically. EAN is used primarily in retail.

**Element.** Generic term for a bar or space.

**Encoded Area.** Total linear dimension occupied by all characters of a code pattern, including start/stop characters and data.

**ENQ (RS-232).** ENQ software handshaking is also supported for the data sent to the host.

**ESD.** Electro-Static Discharge

---

## F

**Flash Disk.** An additional megabyte of non-volatile memory for storing application and configuration files.

**Flash Memory.** Flash memory is responsible for storing the system firmware and is non-volatile. If the system power is interrupted the data is not be lost.

**FTP.** See **File Transfer Protocol**.

---

## H

**Hard Reset.** See **Cold Boot**.

**Host Computer.** A computer that serves other terminals in a network, providing such services as computation, database access, supervisory programs and network control.

**Hz.** Hertz; A unit of frequency equal to one cycle per second.

---

## I

**IDE.** Intelligent drive electronics. Refers to the solid-state hard drive type.

**IEC.** International Electrotechnical Commission. This international agency regulates laser safety by specifying various laser operation classes based on power output during operation.

**IEC60825-1 Class 1.** This is the lowest power IEC laser classification. Conformity is ensured through a software restriction of 120 seconds of laser operation within any 1000 second window and an automatic laser shutdown if the scanner's oscillating mirror fails.

**IEEE Address.** See **MAC Address**.

**Input/Output Ports.** I/O ports are primarily dedicated to passing information into or out of the terminal's memory. Series 9000 mobile computers include Serial and USB ports.

**Intercharacter Gap.** The space between two adjacent bar code characters in a discrete code.

**Interleaved 2 of 5.** A binary bar code symbology representing character pairs in groups of five bars and five interleaved spaces. Interleaving provides for greater information density. The location of wide elements (bar/spaces) within each group determines which characters are encoded. This continuous code type uses no intercharacter spaces. Only numeric (0 to 9) and START/STOP characters may be encoded.

**Interleaved Bar Code.** A bar code in which characters are paired together, using bars to represent the first character and the intervening spaces to represent the second.

**Interleaved 2 of 5.** A binary bar code symbology representing character pairs in groups of five bars and five interleaved spaces. Interleaving provides for greater information density. The location of wide elements (bar/spaces) within each group determines which characters are encoded. This continuous code type uses no intercharacter spaces. Only numeric (0 to 9) and START/STOP characters may be encoded.

**I/O Ports.** interface The connection between two devices, defined by common physical characteristics, signal characteristics, and signal meanings. Types of interfaces include RS-232 and PCMCIA.

**IOCTL.** Input/Output Control.

**IP Address.** (Internet Protocol address) The address of a computer attached to an IP network. Every client and server station must have a unique IP address. A 32-bit address used by a computer on a IP network. Client workstations have either a permanent address or one that is dynamically assigned to them each session. IP addresses are written as four sets of numbers separated by periods; for example, 204.171.64.2.

**IPX/SPX.** Internet Package Exchange/Sequential Packet Exchange. A communications protocol for Novell. IPX is Novell's Layer 3 protocol, similar to XNS and IP, and used in NetWare networks. SPX is Novell's version of the Xerox SPP protocol.

**IS-95.** Interim Standard 95. The EIA/TIA standard that governs the operation of CDMA cellular service. Versions include IS-95A and IS-95B. See CDMA.

---

## K

**Key.** A key is the specific code used by the algorithm to encrypt or decrypt the data. Also see, **Encryption** and **Decrypting**.

---

## L

**LASER.** Light Amplification by Stimulated Emission of Radiation. The laser is an intense light source. Light from a laser is all the same frequency, unlike the output of an incandescent bulb. Laser light is typically coherent and has a high energy density.

**Laser Diode.** A gallium-arsenide semiconductor type of laser connected to a power source to generate a laser beam. This laser type is a compact source of coherent light.

**Laser Scanner.** A type of bar code reader that uses a beam of laser light.

**LCD.** See **Liquid Crystal Display**.

**LED Indicator.** A semiconductor diode (LED - Light Emitting Diode) used as an indicator, often in digital displays. The semiconductor uses applied voltage to produce light of a certain frequency determined by the semiconductor's particular chemical composition.

**Light Emitting Diode.** See **LED**.

**Liquid Crystal Display (LCD).** A display that uses liquid crystal sealed between two glass plates. The crystals are excited by precise electrical charges, causing them to reflect light outside according to their bias. They use little electricity and react relatively quickly. They require external light to reflect their information to the user.

---

## M

**MIL.** 1 mil = 1 thousandth of a meter.

**Misread (Misdecode).** A condition which occurs when the data output of a reader or interface controller does not agree with the data encoded within a bar code symbol.

---

## N

**Nominal.** The exact (or ideal) intended value for a specified parameter. Tolerances are specified as positive and negative deviations from this value.

**Nominal Size.** Standard size for a bar code symbol. Most UPC/EAN codes are used over a range of magnifications (e.g., from 0.80 to 2.00 of nominal).

**NVM.** Non-Volatile Memory.

---

## O

**ODI.** See **Open Data-Link Interface**.

**Open Data-Link Interface (ODI).** Novell's driver specification for an interface between network hardware and higher-level protocols. It supports multiple protocols on a single NIC (Network Interface Controller). It is capable of understanding and translating any network information or request sent by any other ODI-compatible protocol into something a NetWare client can understand and process.

**Open System Authentication.** Open System authentication is a null authentication algorithm.

---

## P

**PAN .** Personal area network. Using Bluetooth wireless technology, PANs enable devices to communicate wirelessly. Generally, a wireless PAN consists of a dynamic group of less than 255 devices that communicate within about a 33-foot range. Only devices within this limited area typically participate in the network.

**Parameter.** A variable that can have different values assigned to it.

**PC Card.** A plug-in expansion card for laptop computers and other devices, also called a PCMCIA card. PC Cards are 85.6mm long x 54 mm wide, and have a 68 pin connector. There are several different kinds:

- Type I; 3.3 mm high; use - RAM or Flash RAM
- Type II; 5 mm high; use - modems, LAN adaptors
- Type III; 10.5 high; use - Hard Disks

**PCMCIA.** Personal Computer Memory Card Interface Association. See **PC Card**.



**Percent Decode.** The average probability that a single scan of a bar code would result in a successful decode. In a well-designed bar code scanning system, that probability should approach near 100%.

**PING.** (Packet Internet Groper) An Internet utility used to determine whether a particular IP address is online. It is used to test and debug a network by sending out a packet and waiting for a response.

**Presentation Mode.** Typically used when the digital scanner sits on a countertop or is mounted on a wall, in this mode, the digital scanner operates in continuous (constant-on) mode, where it automatically decodes a bar code presented in its field of view.

**Print Contrast Signal (PCS).** Measurement of the contrast (brightness difference) between the bars and spaces of a symbol. A minimum PCS value is needed for a bar code symbol to be scannable.  $PCS = (RL - RD) / RL$ , where RL is the reflectance factor of the background and RD the reflectance factor of the dark bars.

**Programming Mode.** The state in which a scanner is configured for parameter values. See **Scanning Mode**.

---

## Q

**Quiet Zone.** A clear space, containing no dark marks, which precedes the start character of a bar code symbol and follows the stop character.

**QWERTY.** A standard keyboard commonly used on North American and some European PC keyboards. "QWERTY" refers to the arrangement of keys on the left side of the third row of keys.

---

## R

**RAM.** Random Access Memory. Data in RAM can be accessed in random order, and quickly written and read.

**Reflectance.** Amount of light returned from an illuminated surface.

**Resolution.** The narrowest element dimension which is distinguished by a particular reading device or printed with a particular device or method.

**RF.** Radio Frequency.

**ROM.** Read-Only Memory. Data stored in ROM cannot be changed or removed.

**Router.** A device that connects networks and supports the required protocols for packet filtering. Routers are typically used to extend the range of cabling and to organize the topology of a network into subnets. See **Subnet**.

**RS-232.** An Electronic Industries Association (EIA) standard that defines the connector, connector pins, and signals used to transfer data serially from one device to another.

---

## S

**Scan Area.** Area intended to contain a symbol.

**Scanner.** An electronic device used to scan bar code symbols and produce a digitized pattern that corresponds to the bars and spaces of the symbol. Its three main components are: 1) Light source (laser or photoelectric cell) - illuminates a bar code;; 2) Photodetector - registers the difference in reflected light (more light reflected from spaces); 3) Signal conditioning circuit - transforms optical detector output into a digitized bar pattern.

**Scanning Mode.** The scanner is energized, programmed and ready to read a bar code.

**Scanning Sequence.** A method of programming or configuring parameters for a bar code reading system by scanning bar code menus.

**SDK.** Software Development Kit

**Self-Checking Code.** A symbology that uses a checking algorithm to detect encoding errors within the characters of a bar code symbol.

**Shared Key.** Shared Key authentication is an algorithm where both the AP and the MU share an authentication key.

**SHIP.** Symbol Host Interface Program.

**SID.** System Identification code. An identifier issued by the FCC for each market. It is also broadcast by the cellular carriers to allow cellular devices to distinguish between the home and roaming service.

**Soft Reset.** See **Warm Boot**.

**Space.** The lighter element of a bar code formed by the background between bars.

**Specular Reflection.** The mirror-like direct reflection of light from a surface, which can cause difficulty decoding a bar code.

**Standard Trigger Mode.** The digital scanner uses this mode when lifted off the counter or removed from the wall mount. In this mode, aim the digital scanner at a bar code and pull the trigger to decode.

**Start/Stop Character.** A pattern of bars and spaces that provides the scanner with start and stop reading instructions and scanning direction. The start and stop characters are normally to the left and right margins of a horizontal code.

**STEP.** Symbol Terminal Enabler Program.

**Subnet.** A subset of nodes on a network that are serviced by the same router. See **Router**.

**Subnet Mask.** A 32-bit number used to separate the network and host sections of an IP address. A custom subnet mask subdivides an IP network into smaller subsections. The mask is a binary pattern that is matched up with the IP address to turn part of the host ID address field into a field for subnets. Default is often 255.255.255.0.

**Substrate.** A foundation material on which a substance or image is placed.

**SVTP.** Symbol Virtual Terminal Program.

**Symbol.** A scannable unit that encodes data within the conventions of a certain symbology, usually including start/stop characters, quiet zones, data characters and check characters.

**Symbol Aspect Ratio.** The ratio of symbol height to symbol width.

**Symbol Height.** The distance between the outside edges of the quiet zones of the first row and the last row.

**Symbol Length.** Length of symbol measured from the beginning of the quiet zone (margin) adjacent to the start character to the end of the quiet zone (margin) adjacent to a stop character.

**Symbology.** The structural rules and conventions for representing data within a particular bar code type (e.g. UPC/EAN, Code 39, PDF417, etc.).

---

## T

**TCP/IP.** (Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol) A communications protocol used to internetwork dissimilar systems. This standard is the protocol of the Internet and has become the global standard for communications. TCP provides transport functions, which ensures that the total amount of bytes sent is received correctly at the other end. UDP is an alternate transport that does not guarantee delivery. It is widely used for real-time voice and video transmissions where erroneous packets are not retransmitted. IP provides the routing mechanism. TCP/IP is a routable protocol, which means that all messages contain not only the address of the destination station, but the address of a destination network. This allows TCP/IP messages to be sent to multiple networks within an organization or around the world, hence its use in the worldwide Internet. Every client and server in a TCP/IP network requires an IP address, which is either permanently assigned or dynamically assigned at startup.

**Telnet.** A terminal emulation protocol commonly used on the Internet and TCP/IP-based networks. It allows a user at a terminal or computer to log onto a remote device and run a program.

**Terminal Emulation.** A "terminal emulation" emulates a character-based mainframe session on a remote non-mainframe terminal, including all display features, commands and function keys. The VC5000 Series supports Terminal Emulations in 3270, 5250 and VT220.

**Terminate and Stay Resident (TSR).** A program under DOS that ends its foreground execution to remain resident in memory to service hardware/software interrupts, providing background operation. It remains in memory and may provide services on behalf of other DOS programs.

**TFTP.** (Trivial File Transfer Protocol) A version of the TCP/IP FTP (File Transfer Protocol) protocol that has no directory or password capability. It is the protocol used for upgrading firmware, downloading software and remote booting of diskless devices.

**Tolerance.** Allowable deviation from the nominal bar or space width.

**Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol.** See **TCP/IP**.

**Trivial File Transfer Protocol.** See **TFTP**.

**TSR.** See **Terminate and Stay Resident**.

---

## U

**UDP.** User Datagram Protocol. A protocol within the IP protocol suite that is used in place of TCP when a reliable delivery is not required. For example, UDP is used for real-time audio and video traffic where lost packets are simply

ignored, because there is no time to retransmit. If UDP is used and a reliable delivery is required, packet sequence checking and error notification must be written into the applications.

**UPC.** Universal Product Code. A relatively complex numeric symbology. Each character consists of two bars and two spaces, each of which is any of four widths. The standard symbology for retail food packages in the United States.

---

## V

**Visible Laser Diode (VLD).** A solid state device which produces visible laser light.

---

## W

**Warm Boot.** A warm boot restarts the mobile computer by closing all running programs. All data that is not saved to flash memory is lost.

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